

# Deuteronomy #1

## Chapter 1

- 1) This book basically records the words of what famous Israelite leader?
- 2) Where was he at the time? a) In Egypt b) Just arrived in the promised land c) In the wilderness
- 3) Read verse 3. How long had they been in the wilderness at this point?
- 4) Which two great kings had already been defeated at the time of the writing?
  - a)
  - b)
- 5) Who decided Israel had stayed long enough at Horeb?
- 6) What did God instruct them to take possession of?
- 7) "How can I alone bear the load and burden of \_\_\_\_\_ and your \_\_\_\_\_?"
- 8) How did Moses spread out this burden?
- 9) Read verse 16. Was there a separate law for aliens (non Israelites)?
- 10) What were these judges not allowed to show?
- 11) What were they to do if the case was too difficult for them?
- 12) Describe the wilderness they went through when they left Horeb?
- 13) Even when we follow God's instructions, do we sometimes go through great difficulty?
- 14) Read verses 19-21. The Lord placed the land before them. What were they supposed to do?
  - a) Begin to make peace b) Begin to retreat c) Begin to take possession
- 15) What did the people want to do first?
- 16) Read verses 26-28. What happened when the people received the report from the spies?
- 17) What arguments did Moses use to try to convince the people to take possession?
  
- 18) Bottom line: "But for all this, you did not \_\_\_\_\_ the LORD your God."
- 19) What two things should have reminded them of the power of God every day?
  - a)
  - b)
- 20) What punishment did the Lord place on Israel for not trusting Him here?
- 21) Read verses 41-46. Were the Israelites remorseful?
- 22) What did they decide to do?
- 23) What did the Lord say?
- 24) What was the result of their disobedience?

## Chapter 2

- 1) Israel ended up going in circles around what mountain?
- 2) Was God going to give Israel any of the land belonging to Esau?
- 3) Why not?
- 4) What two things did they purchase from Esau? a) \_\_\_\_\_ b) \_\_\_\_\_
- 5) Why didn't the Lord give Israel any land in Moab?
- 6) Here are the meanings of some of the names of people groups in this passage:  
Emin----"the terrors"      Raphaim----"the giants"      Horites----"the cave men (Troglodytes)"  
Anakim----"sons of the Anak (the giant)"  
Does it sound like these were easy people to deal with?
- 7) How long did it take the Israelites to go from Kadesh-Barnea to cross over Zered?
- 8) What happened during these years?
- 9) Why weren't the Israelites given any of the land of Ammon?
- 10) The Ammonites called the Raphaim, Zamzummin ("mumblers"). Who helped the ammonites destroy them?
- 11) What very powerful king did the Lord promise to deliver into the hands of Israel?
- 12) According to verse 25, what did God want to accomplish in this battle?
- 13) Did Moses immediately declare war?      What did he ask for?
- 14) Who hardened king Sihon's heart?
- 15) Read verse 31. God's part: "I have begun to deliver." Man's part: "\_\_\_\_\_."
- 16) How was Israel able to defeat this great king?
- 17) Did Israel take any prisoners?

## Deuteronomy #2

### Chapter 3

- 1) Who lived right up the road from Sihon, king of Heshbon?
- 2) Why did the Lord say that Israel should not fear Og, king of Bashan?
- 3) What important defensive features did the 60 cities taken from Og possess?
- 4) What are two other names for Mount Hermon? a) \_\_\_\_\_ b) \_\_\_\_\_
- 5) Og was the last of the Rephaim (giants). A cubit is 18 inches or 1&1/2 feet. What was the length of Og's bed?
- 6) How wide was it?
- 7) Does he sound like a really big man?
- 8) Which tribes received this land? (choose 3)  
a) Dan b) Rueben c) Judah d) 1/2 tribe of Manasseh e) Gad f) Mohawks
- 9) Who renamed Bashan, Havvoth-jair?
- 10) Were the two and a half tribes that received this land allowed to settle and not go on with the others?
- 11) Do you think those fortified cities came in pretty handy at this point?
- 12) "Do not fear them, for the \_\_\_\_\_ your God is the one \_\_\_\_\_ for you."
- 13) Does he still fight our spiritual battles today?
- 14) What did Moses plead for at this time?
- 15) What was the Lord's answer?
- 16) Do we always get to do the things we want to do, as long as they are good things?
- 17) God allowed Moses to see the land from what mountain?

### Chapter 4

- 1) Is it important to follow God's instructions?
- 2) Read Numbers 25:1-9. What happened at Baal Peor?
- 3) Read Deut. 4:6-8. What two things did Israel have, that no other nations had?  
a) \_\_\_\_\_ b) \_\_\_\_\_
- 4) What two things happen if you are not careful to keep yourself close to the Lord?  
a) \_\_\_\_\_  
b) \_\_\_\_\_
- 5) Who were they supposed to pass these things on to?
- 6) What important thing happened at Horeb?
- 7) What did the Israelites NOT see there?
- 8) Was it OK to have a carving of what they thought god looked like?
- 9) Was it Ok to worship the Sun god ?
- 10) Read verse 20. Why did the Lord bring Israel out of Egypt?
- 11) Why didn't Moses expect to enter the land?
- 12) "For the LORD your God is a consuming fire, a \_\_\_\_\_ God."
- 13) Is it right for God to be jealous?
- 14) What things did Moses call upon as witnesses in the case of future idolatry?
- 15) What important promise was made to Israel in verse 29?
- 16) What is required in order for you to find the Lord?
- 17) So the Lord is a "jealous God." What is he also called in verse 31?
- 18) Read verses 32-34. What are two things that God did for Israel that had never happened before?  
a) \_\_\_\_\_  
b) \_\_\_\_\_
- 19) According to verse 35, why did He do these things?
- 20) Read verse 39. Are there other Gods?
- 21) In Numbers 35:9-15, the Lord instructs Israel to set up cities of refuge for people who accidentally kill someone to flee to, until they can stand trial. What three cities were cities of refuge east of the Jordan? a) \_\_\_\_\_ b) \_\_\_\_\_ c) \_\_\_\_\_

# Deuteronomy #3

## Chapter 5

- 9) Read verse 1. What two things did Moses want to accomplish by having people hear the laws again?
  - a)
  - b)
- 2) Would a huge number of the people who were alive at the time the law was given still be alive? (Read Joshua 5:4. Remember, only the men of war over 20 years of age were told that they would all die before they entered the promised land.)
- 3) Why didn't the people actually go up into the mountain to hear the Lord?
- 4) What did the Lord call Egypt?
- 5) Verses 7-21 is a restatement of what famous set of laws?
- 6) Does sin in the life of fathers affect their descendants?
- 7) Does it sound like it is no big deal to take the Name of the Lord in vain?
- 8) If you tell everyone that you are a Christian, and then proceed to live in a way that would embarrass the Lord, are you not also taking the Lord's Name in vain, in a way?
- 9) What reason does God give for commanding that servants have a day off on the Sabbath as well?
- 10) The command to "honor your father and mother," is a commandment that has a promise to those who fulfill it. What is that promise? (see verse 16 and Ephesians 6:1-3)
- 11) Do you think that most people who are proud of keeping the commandments in verses 17-20 tend to overlook the fact that they have a big problem keeping the commandment in verse 21?
- 12) According to James 2:10 & 11, how many laws do you have to break in order to be a lawbreaker?
- 13) Most of the laws we naturally know are wrong. Which law would we not recognize if the Lord had not listed it here? (hint – see Romans 7:7)
- 14) After they heard the commandments given and realized they had survived an encounter with the Lord, what did the people of Israel ask for in verses 25 & 26?
- 15) "Oh that they had such a \_\_\_\_\_ in them, that they would \_\_\_\_\_ Me, and \_\_\_\_\_ all My commandments always, that it may be \_\_\_\_\_ with them and with their sons forever!
- 16) Can you feel God's longing in that verse?
- 17) Does that verse remind you of what Jesus says in Mathew 23:37?
- 18) Read verses 30-33. Who was supposed to hear the rest of the commandments from God?
- 19) What was the promise for keeping the rest of these instructions?

## Chapter 6

- 1) Moses starts to list more statutes for the people here. Who were they to be passed on to?
- 2) What cool description of the land is given once again in verse 3?
- 3) Orthodox Jews put two passages of scripture (Deuteronomy 6:4-9 and 11:13-21), written on parchment in a little box mounted on the doorframe of their homes. It is called the Mezuzah (Hebrew word for "doorpost"). Why do you think they would do this?
- 4) Read verses 6 & 7 again. When were you supposed to think about and talk about these things?
  - a) On the Sabbath day
  - b) In private
  - c) At the temple
  - d) Basically- all the time
- 5) Does it sound like reminders are a good thing?
- 6) Are you following this idea when you put plaques up with verses on them in your house?
- 7) Is it possible to take all of these actions, but still not really think on the things of God?
- 8) Are they warned about this very thing in verses 10-15?
- 9) Read verses 16-19. They are told not to test the Lord as they had done at Massah. What happened there? (see- Exodus 17:1-7)
- 10) Is it a good idea to complain to the Lord about things?
- 11) What should happen when a child is asking a question?
  - a) The child should be instructed to be quiet (children are to be seen and not heard).
  - b) The child should be told that he/she will understand these things when he/she is older.
  - c) The question should be used as an opportunity to teach.
- 12) According to verse 23, why did God bring Israel out of Egypt?
- 13) Why do you think God brought us out of our former lives before we came to know Him?
- 14) Are you embracing your new life in Christ? (See Ephesians 4:17-32)

# Deuteronomy #4

## Chapter 7

- 10) How many nations were the Israelites to replace in the Promised Land?
- 11) If these nations were “greater and stronger” than Israel, how was Israel to defeat them?
- 12) Which of the following things were not supposed to happen? (circle the one that were not to happen)
  - a) Make peace with these nations
  - b) Intermarry with these people to make them accept the Israelites
  - c) Tear down their alters and sacred pillars
  - d) Worship their gods
- 4) According to verse 6, what are the reasons given for remaining separate from these other people?
  - a)
  - b)
- 5) Why did the Lord set His love on Israel?
- 6) Does the Lord keep His promises?
- 7) Does He punish those who hate Him?
- 8) Will God *right all wrongs* one day, or will He just forget the evil that men do?
- 9) The Lord says that if Israel listens to His instructions they will be “blessed above all peoples.” This blessing included protection from “the harmful diseases of Egypt.” Do you think that the strict rules given to Israel about cleanliness and forbidding sexual activity outside of marriage protected them from these diseases?
- 10) According to verse 16, why would God demand that Israel consume their enemies completely?
- 11) When they saw the strength of their enemies, what were they supposed to remember to bring them courage?
- 12) What surprising weapon did the Lord promise to send ahead of the armies of Israel?
- 13) What would you do, if your neighborhood was continuously filled with a plague of hornets?
- 14) This is a great verse to memorize to help us be bold in our faith: “You shall not \_\_\_\_\_ them, for the LORD your God is in your midst, a \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ God.”
- 15) Why did the Lord give them the land “little by little”?
- 16) Were the Israelites allowed to take gold from images that were covered with gold?
- 17) Why not?
- 18) What would cause you to come “under the ban” (be accursed)?
- 19) Who violated this instruction in Joshua 7:1?

## Chapter 8

- 1) According to verse 2, what was God accomplishing by having Israel wander in the wilderness?
- 2) What was God teaching the people by feeding them manna everyday?
- 3) Who quoted verse 3 to rebuke the devil in Matthew 4:1-4.
- 4) Deuteronomy was written thousands of years before Jesus. Did Jesus think this book was still relevant in His day? Is the Bible still relevant today?
- 5) How does God deal with us? A) As servants b) As toys c) As pawns d) As children he loves
- 6) What kinds of things did God promise they would find in the new land?
- 7) What did He warn them about in verse 11?
- 8) Would they forget God because times were hard or because they were comfortable and satisfied?
- 9) What statement, in verse 17, might a successful Christian businessman also say to himself today?
- 10) What is it wise to remember that the Lord gives you that make you successful?
- 11) What did the Lord promise would happen if Israel ever turned to other (false) gods?

## Chapter 9:1-6

- 1) What phrase in verse 1, shows that we do not always take the scriptures literally? (how high?)
- 2) What was a common saying referring to the giants in the land?
- 3) Who is referred to here as “a consuming fire”?
- 4) Why did God drive these people out before Israel
  - a) Because Israel was righteous
  - b) Because He doesn’t care about anyone other than Israel
  - c) Because of the wickedness of those nations that were in the land
- 5) How did God describe Israel in verse 6?  
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# Deuteronomy #5

## Chapter 9:7-29

- 5) Why do you think it was important for them to remember what they had done at Horeb?
- 6) How were the commandments written on the tablets of stone?
- 7) What did the Lord tell Moses when He gave him the tablets of stone?
- 8) Do you think Moses was shocked at when the Lord told him what was going on?
- 9) Read verse 12. Does turning aside from the way of the Lord take a long time?
- 10) What did Israel do that angered God so much?
- 11) “\_\_\_\_\_ Me \_\_\_\_\_, that I may \_\_\_\_\_ them and blot out their name from under heaven; and I will make of you a nation mightier and greater than they.”
- 12) Does God have to ask Moses to leave Him alone to destroy Israel?
- 13) What did Moses do with the stone tablets in front of the people?
- 14) What do you think that action symbolized?
- 15) What did Moses do after he smashed the tablets?
- 16) How did the Lord respond to the intercession (prayers) of Moses in verse 19?
- 17) Who was the Lord specifically angry with for making the image?
- 18) What did Moses do with the sinful thing (the molten calf)?
- 19) Does it sound like Moses wanted to make sure that the molten calf would never again tempt Israel?
- 20) Name three other places where the people disobeyed the Lord?
- 21) “You neither \_\_\_\_\_ Him nor \_\_\_\_\_ to His voice.”
- 22) When Moses prayed to the Lord for the people, what two reasons did he give the Lord to not destroy the people?
- 23) When Moses interceded for Israel, who was he a picture of? (see Hebrews 7:25)
- 24) Do you think that God wanted to destroy the people or that He wanted to teach us the power of intercession here?

## Chapter 10

- 1) After Moses broke the stone tablets, where did the replacement tablets come from?
- 2) Where did God tell Moses to store the new tablets?
- 3) What did he call the rules that were written on the tablets here?
- 4) Who died in Moserah?
- 5) What two things did the Lord set the tribe of Levi apart for?
  - a)
  - b)
- 6) What did Levi not get that the other tribes got?
- 7) Did the Lord listen to Moses?
- 8) Can we intercede for other people with the Lord? (see James 5:16)
- 9) What did the Lord require from Israel?
  - a)
  - b)
  - c)
  - d)
- 10) Who did the Lord decide to set His affection on?
- 11) “Circumcise then your \_\_\_\_\_, and stiffen your \_\_\_\_\_ no more.”
- 12) Circumcision involves removing a piece of flesh (the male foreskin). What would it mean to circumcise your heart? (see Galatians 5:19-24)
- 13) Why should we show love for strangers (aliens)?
- 14) “He is your \_\_\_\_\_ and He is your God, who has done these great and \_\_\_\_\_ things for you which your eyes have seen.” Isn’t that a great verse?

## Chapter 11:1-12

- 1) What should motivate us to keep God’s instructions?
- 2) If Israel wasn’t motivated by love, what were they to be motivated by? “...the \_\_\_\_\_ of the LORD your God.”
- 3) What happened to Dathan and Abiram? (more about it found in Numbers 16)
- 4) Read verses 8-10. What do you think it means when it says that in Egypt, they watered their gardens with their foot? (think about Egypt)
- 5) What did he say would be different about the new land?

# Deuteronomy #6

## Chapter 11:13-32

- 1) What did the Lord promise to give to Israel if they were lovingly obedient?
- 2) What happened in the days of Elijah? (James 5:17)
- 3) Israel does not receive much rain these days. Why do you think that might be?
- 4) Read verses 18-20. How would you impress words on your heart?
- 5) Orthodox Jews wear little boxes with these words in them on their foreheads because of these verses. When God says in Proverbs 3:3 that we should bind kindness and truth around our necks and write them on the tablet of our hearts, is He telling us to literally write it on a tablet in our hearts, or is He telling us to memorize it?
- 6) When God tells us that His words are to be “as frontals” on our foreheads, does He actually expect us to wear His words in little boxes there, or does He want us to keep His words before us (at the forefront of our thinking)?
- 7) Is it possible to take statements too literally, when God is trying to couch them in an expressive way to help us remember them?
- 8) How long does the land actually belong to Israel?
- 9) Which verse here was fulfilled in the words of Rahab the harlot in Joshua 2:9-11?
- 10) Read verses 26-32. God set before Israel a blessing and a curse. How were they to get the blessing?
- 11) How would they get the curse?
- 12) Which mountain represented the curse? Which represented the blessing?

## Chapter 12

- 1) Was Israel supposed to practice tolerance towards the worship of false gods?
- 2) What were they to do with the places where they served their gods?
- 3) What were they to do with the sacred pillars?
- 4) What were they to do with the engraved images?
- 5) How many special places were set apart for worshiping the Lord?
- 6) Who was to choose the place?
- 7) Read verse 8. What were they not supposed to do?
- 8) According to Judges 21:25, did they obey this instruction?
- 9) Would it be OK to offer your sacrifice to the Lord anywhere you want as long as it is respectful?
- 10) Does God expect us to do things our way or His way?
- 11) Read verses 15-19. What things had to be eaten at the place of God’s choosing?
- 12) Read verses 20-28. Was it acceptable to eat meat?
- 13) Why were they not allowed to eat meat with the blood in it? (see Leviticus 17:11 & 12)
- 14) Why doesn’t it make sense to worship the god of the people you just defeated in battle?
- 15) According to verse 31, how far did their evil practices go?
- 16) What is an important thing to remember about God’s word?

## Chapter 13

- 1) If someone performs a miracle, does that mean he is speaking truth?
- 2) What were they to do to someone who encouraged them to worship another god?
- 3) Are people still trying to seduce us to follow other things (besides the Lord) today?
- 4) If your brother, daughter, or wife encouraged you to worship other gods, what were you not to do?
  - 5) What were you actually to do?
  - 6) According to verse 11, why would God ask Israel to take such drastic steps?
  - 7) What were the first three things the Israelites were to do if they heard that a city was turning to other gods? (see verse 14)
    - a)
    - b)
    - c)
  - 8) What three were they to do if the allegations proved to be true?
    - a)
    - b)
    - c)
  - 9) If Israel followed these instructions what would be the result?
  - 10) Do you think you would be concerned if you knew of this rule and you noticed that others in your city were starting to worship false gods?
  - 11) If these steps were taken, do you people would quickly realize the seriousness of idolatry?

# Deuteronomy #7

## Chapter 14

- 13) What was forbidden here that some people did when a relative or loved one died?
- 14) Were there rules about what people could eat?
- 15) What two things had to be true about an animal, in order for it to be pronounced clean for eating?
  - a)
  - b)
- 4) Is an animal *clean* if it has a divided hoof, but doesn't chew the cud?
- 5) How about if it chews the cud but does not have a divided hoof?
- 6) Some people think that the divided hoof would represent a walk separated from the world?
- 7) Some also think that chewing the cud represents thinking and rethinking things before digesting them. Do you think a person who tries to think deeply about things before accepting them, and also seeks to stay separate from the world in their living, would have a life more characterized by purity?
- 8) Is it OK for a practicing Jew to eat pigs? Would he be allowed to touch them?
- 9) Do you think the Jews in Mark 5:8-13 were following the Scriptural instructions found here?
- 10) Do you see why the prodigal son's condition was so embarrassing in Luke 15:15-19?
- 11) What two things does a creature in the water have to have in order to be clean for eating?
  - a)
  - b)
- 12) Would an Israelite be able to eat crab legs or lobster?
- 13) God lists the birds you could not eat in verses 11-20. He lists the bat here. Was there any scientific designation for the word "bird" at the time?
- 14) Which of the following were unclean? (the turkey, the chicken, the vulture, the ostrich, the dove)
- 15) If one of your cows died, could you eat it?
- 16) Can God decide which animals He will pronounce clean and which He will pronounce unclean?
- 17) Did these rules apply to non Israelites?
- 18) Did God change these rules in Acts 10:9-16?
- 19) You gave a tithe (tenth) of your produce to the Lord, but what did you do with it? (verse 23)
- 20) If you lived far away from the place of worship God had chosen, what were you supposed to do?
  - a) You were excused from attending.
  - b) You sold your tithe and purchased your offering at the place of worship
  - c) You had to transport your tithe to the place of worship
- 22) In the time of Christ the chief priests made a lot of extra money by overcharging for these sacrificial offerings. What did Jesus do in response to this? (see Mark 11:15-18)
- 21) What did Jesus say at the time? "My house shall be called a house of \_\_\_\_\_ for all the nations"? But you have made it a \_\_\_\_\_ den."
- 22) Should the church be run like a business?
- 23) What did they do with their tithe every third year?
- 24) Is it important to take care of widows, orphans, strangers (aliens ) and God's workers (Levites)?

## Chapter 15:1-18

- 1) Explain what happened at the end of every seven years?
- 2) Would it help you financially if your debts were wiped out every seven years?
- 3) Did this release of debts apply to non Israelites?
- 4) If Israel carefully followed the instructions of the Lord, how many poor people would be around?
- 5) According to verse 8. What does "freely open your hand" to the poor mean?
- 6) Were you supposed to withhold help because the debts would be forgiven soon?
- 7) Read verse 11. Who referred to the thought in this verse in Matthew 26:11?
- 8) In light of verse 11, do you think they followed the instructions from verse 4?
- 9) Could people be sold into servitude for debts?
- 10) What happened on the seventh year?
- 11) What was the master to do in addition to releasing the servant?
- 12) What reason does God give for the master to show generosity?
- 13) Did the servant (slave) have to leave his master?
- 14) An awl was used by leather workers to punch holes in leather. What was it used for here?
- 15) When the word of God pierces our ears (hearts) we become His servants voluntarily. Did this happen in Acts 7:54-60?

# Deuteronomy #8

## Chapter 15:19-23

- 16) What kind of defects would keep an animal from being given as a sacrifice to the Lord?
- 17) What is the powerful picture being displayed here? ( I Peter 1:18 & 19)
- 18) What was always sacred, according to verse 23?

## Chapter 16

- 1) What famous event had happened in the month of Abib?
- 2) What were they not allowed to eat for seven days during the Passover time?
- 3) Read verse 3. Why was unleavened bread called the “bread of affliction”?
- 4) Was it OK to have a few leavened loaves around as long as you didn’t eat it?
- 5) How serious was God about this instruction? (see Exodus 12:15)
- 6) Did people enjoy eating leftovers from the Passover meal the next day?
- 7) What was Israel to celebrate seven weeks later?
- 8) These things always seem to look back to when Israel was saved from Egypt. What do you think they look forward to? a) Our salvation in Jesus b) Freedom in America c) Deliverance from poverty
- 9) What feast were the Israelites to celebrate seven days after the harvest finished?
- 10) What emotion was to characterize this feast of Booths (tents)? (verse 15)
- 11) During the time of Christ all males were to appear before the Lord in Jerusalem for what three celebrations? a) \_\_\_\_\_ b) \_\_\_\_\_ c) \_\_\_\_\_
- 12) Did Moses or Joshua make all the decisions?
- 13) What will bribes lead to?
- 14) Don’t you wish judges and politicians would follow this slogan today? “ \_\_\_\_\_, and only justice, you shall \_\_\_\_\_.”
- 15) How did God feel about sacred trees and pillars?
- 16) Did Israel end up following the instructions in verses 21 & 22? (see II Kings 21:1-7)

## Chapter 17

- 1) After reading verse 1, why could I not sacrifice my life to pay for your sins?
- 2) Is it OK to worship the sun, the moon, or the stars?
- 3) What were they to do with someone who was worshiping or serving other gods?
- 4) If you had one witness that testified that he saw someone worshiping a false god, what would be the result? a) Death b) Further investigation or exoneration c) Imprisonment
- 5) Who would have to throw the first stone when the stoning began?
- 6) What does this rule mean when you read Paul’s testimony in Acts 26:10?
- 7) Do you see why people were afraid of him after he was saved? (see Galatians 2:2)
- 8) What were people to do if the local courts and judges could not decide a case?
- 9) Could you appeal the decision of the Levitical priests?
- 10) What would happen if you refused the decision of the priests?
- 11) Read verse 13. What did God say a death like that would accomplish?
- 12) If the people asked for a king in the future, who was supposed to choose that king?
- 13) What three things are the kings of Israel specifically forbidden to do in verses 16 & 17?
  - a)
  - b)
  - c)
- 14) Which rule did Solomon break in I Kings 11:3 & 4?
- 15) Which rule did Solomon break in I Kings 4:26?
- 16) Which rule did he violate in I Kings 10:14-22?
- 17) Does it sound like Solomon was carefully following God’s specific instructions?
- 18) Do you think that many of our actions will look just as arrogantly disobedient when we are judged?
- 19) Read verses 18-20. What two steps was a king to take to remember his responsibilities?
  - a)
  - b)
- 20) Why do you think Solomon’s descendants are no longer on the throne in Israel today?
- 21) Do you think reading the Bible daily would be helpful in following God’s instructions?
- 22) Are you more or less likely to be successful in things when you read the instructions?

# Deuteronomy #9

## Chapter 18

- 19) If the Levites did not inherit any land, how did they feed their families?
- 20) They actually did have an inheritance. What was their inheritance?
- 21) What were you supposed to do with the first things you harvested?
- 22) What do you think would happen to the Levites if Israel didn't follow the instructions God gave about giving?
- 23) Who was God trying to use as a spiritual influence in the whole country?
- 24) Read verses 9-13. What specific detestable practices caused God to drive the people out of the land?
  - a) \_\_\_\_\_
  - b) \_\_\_\_\_
  - c) \_\_\_\_\_
  - d) \_\_\_\_\_
  - e) \_\_\_\_\_
  - f) \_\_\_\_\_
  - g) \_\_\_\_\_
  - h) \_\_\_\_\_
  - i) \_\_\_\_\_
- 7) Who did the Lord promise to raise up for Israel one day?
- 8) Who did people later come to realize that prophet like Moses might be? (see-John 11-14)
- 9) What happens if you don't heed the words that are spoken by that prophet?
- 10) What percentage of accuracy was required from those who claimed to be the Lord's prophets?
- 11) What would happen if a prophet predicted something and it did not come to pass?
- 12) Would this tend to weed out false prophets?
- 13) In I Kings 22:23-28. What did the prophet Micaiah expect the people to do to him if he was wrong?

## Chapter 19

- 1) Why did the Lord cut these nations off according to the last chapter?
- 2) In what way were they suppose to make access to the cities of refuge easier?
- 3) Reading verse 4, can you see where we get the idea for the term "premeditated murder"?
- 4) The avenger of blood was usually a relative chosen to take revenge on a murderer. Did they sometimes make mistakes?
- 5) How many cities were they immediately to set aside for refuge?
- 6) How many were to be added later if the people enlarged their territory?
- 7) Why was this so important according to verse 10?
- 8) Read 11-13. Would a person who commits premeditated murder be protected in the city of refuge?
- 9) What did the punishment of a murderer actually accomplish?
- 10) How many witnesses did you have to have for conviction in God's law for Israel?
- 11) What would happen to you if you gave false testimony against someone?
- 12) What would it accomplish if false witnesses were punished?
- 13) Did this rule always protect people from false accusations? (see I Kings 21:1-16)

## Chapter 20

- 1) Why were the people of Israel not to fear a powerful enemy equipped with cavalry and chariots?
- 2) Who was assigned by the Lord to speak to the people before a battle?
- 3) What very important point was he to remind Israel of?
- 4) What things would excuse a soldier from service in a battle?
  - a) \_\_\_\_\_
  - b) \_\_\_\_\_
  - c) \_\_\_\_\_
  - d) \_\_\_\_\_
- 5) Why were they to send away those who were afraid?
- 6) Is it important to be concerned about the people influencing you and your thinking?
- 7) What was the first thing Israel was to do when they approached an enemy city?
- 8) What were they to do if the people accepted peace terms?
- 9) If it came to battle, who died and who lived?
- 10) Read verses 15-18. What peoples did these rules not apply to?
- 11) According to verse 18, why were they required to utterly destroy these people?
- 12) Read verses 19 & 20. What specific instruction did God give about trees during a siege?

# Deuteronomy #10

## Chapter 21

- 25) How did the judges and elders assign responsibility for a murder victim discovered in open country?
- 26) Read verses 3 & 4. Describe what the elders of that city would do?
  
- 27) Who settled every dispute and every assault in Israel?
- 28) What did the elders say when they washed their hands over the heifer?
  
- 29) What was the most famous incident in history of someone publicly washing his hands to deny responsibility for spilled blood? (see Matthew 27:24 & 25)
- 30) Do you think a demonstration or declaration like this do any good if they are not true?
- 31) If they were not involved and followed this instruction, what was the result?
- 32) Were the soldiers allowed to take captive women as wives?
- 33) Would this include any of the people in Deuteronomy 20:18-16?
- 34) Why not?
- 35) How long did she mourn for her family before she could become your wife?
- 36) Did you have the option of not marrying her according to verse 14?
- 37) Read verses 15-17. Did some men have more than one wife?
- 38) Was this God's original plan? (see Genesis 2:24 & Mark 10:6-9)
- 39) The man and his wife are a picture of Christ and the church. (Ephesians 5:25-32) Does it make the same picture with two or more wives?
- 40) Were you allowed to be an elder (overseer) in the church with more than one wife? (I Timothy 3:2)
- 41) How about a deacon (servant, minister)? (I Timothy 3:12)
- 42) Back to Deut. 21:15-17. Were you allowed to change the order of inheritance based on the mother?
- 43) Do you think Jacob caused a lot of family problems by favoring Joseph over his older half brothers?
- 44) Who did he give the double portion to? (see Genesis 48:22)
- 45) Was this law written then?
- 46) Read verses 18-21. If a young person refused to obey his parents after being chastised for it, what was the last resort? a) Time out b) Banishment c) Death by stoning
- 47) Do you think, once this happened, that it was repeated very often? Why not?
- 48) Did you ever hang someone and leave him hanging there as a warning to others?
- 49) "For he who is hanged is \_\_\_\_\_ of God."
- 50) Jesus was hung on a tree. Was He cursed by God? (see Galatians 3:13)
- 51) Isn't it interesting how these obscure verses in the Old Testament become so important later?

## Chapter 22:1-12

- 1) Read verses 1-4. What is the answer to the question Cain asked God in Genesis 4:9? "Am I my brother's keeper?"
- 2) Were you allowed to "look the other way when something happened that would affect another person?"
- 3) What does God feel about cross dressing?
- 4) Read verses 6 & 7. If you have a hen that lays eggs, and you eat the hen for dinner, what do you have for breakfast the next morning?
- 5) Does God teach us to practice conservation?
- 6) Are you responsible to make your home safe?
- 7) Read verse 9. Now read Galatians 6:7 & 8. Do you think there is a deeper illustration here from God?
- 8) What is it?
- 9) Read verse 10. Now read II Corinthians 6:14 & 15. What is God illustrating here?
- 10) What might verse 11 illustrate? (Romans 13:12-14, I Peter 5:5)
- 11) What do others see if you try to put on the armor of light and you don't try to lay aside the deeds of darkness?
- 12) Can you clothe yourself with humility if you are walking in pride?
- 13) What were the Israelites told to wear, that many orthodox Jews still wear today?
- 14) What was the reason for this, according to Numbers 15:37-40?
- 15) Is it a good thing to have things around that remind you of the Lord and what He has done for you?

# Deuteronomy #11

## Chapter 22:13-30

- 1) Read verses 13-21. Did the Israelites think that personal purity was important?
- 2) Does our society put much value on personal purity?
- 3) Does it sound like it was okay for young men to live with their girlfriends without being married?
- 4) Did parents take personal responsibility for the purity of their daughters?
- 5) A husband publicly defaming a virgin (falsely accusing her of impurity), was very serious in Israel. What was the fine for this? Who was it paid to?
- 6) Was the man allowed to divorce her if she was found to be a virgin?
- 7) What happened if she was not a virgin and had married the man under false pretenses?
- 8) What happened if a man was found sleeping with a married woman?
- 9) What if an engaged woman slept with another man. Was that okay because she was not married?
- 10) What was a woman expected to do to prove her innocence, if she was being raped in town?
- 11) Was it required to prove she had cried for help if the rape took place in the country?
- 12) What was the penalty for raping an engaged girl?
- 13) Does it sound like sexual sins are very serious?
- 14) Would a lot of Americans be in big trouble today if we had these laws?
- 15) Read verses 28 & 29. Describe what would happen if a man raped a woman who was not engaged?
- 16) Was he ever allowed to divorce her?
- 17) Read verse 30. Could a believer ever be guilty of that sin today? (see I Corinthians 5:1-5)
- 18) Was he disciplined by the church?
- 19) Was he still saved? (see the last part of verse 5)
- 20) Should Christians be more serious than they are about sexual sins?

## Chapter 23

- 1) Read verses 1-6. Were there specific rules about who could come into the congregational meetings?
- 2) Does living under the law sound harsh?
- 3) Are we required to keep the law? (Galatians 3:9-14) Why not?
- 4) By telling us that no outsider or anyone with a defect was allowed in His assembly, what was actually showing us was required to be in His presence? a) To be good b) To be perfect
- 5) How can we be perfect? (Philippians 3:9, II Corinthians 5:21)
- 6) Have you put your faith in Jesus to receive that righteousness? If not, do it now!
- 7) The descendants of what two nations were not allowed in the assembly for ten generations?
- 8) Why were they not allowed in?
- 9) Do our actions today affect our descendants?
- 10) How many generations did Edomites and Egyptians have to wait to be accepted?
- 11) Why were they allowed in earlier than the others?
- 12) Did the Egyptians always treat the Israelites badly? (see Genesis 45:16-20)
- 13) Read verses 9-14. Were the Israelites supposed to be concerned about hygiene and cleanliness?
- 14) Do you think that verse 14 is about concern for God walking around or an illustration that a holy God wants to have a holy people?
- 15) What were they to do with escaped slaves that came into Israel? a) send them back b) Make them slaves for themselves c) Allow them to live free in Israel
- 16) What did the false religions in the land use to bring in worshipers?
- 17) What did the Lord call the female prostitute in verse 18? And the male prostitute?
- 18) Did God want their donations?
- 19) Were Israelites ever allowed to charge other Israelites interest? How about foreigners?
- 20) Read verses 21-23. Is it important to keep vows (promises) made to God?
- 21) What important vows are often broken today?
- 22) Should we take serious thought before making promises to God?
- 23) Read verses 24 & 25. What were you allowed to do in your neighbor's vineyard or grain field?
- 24) Who did this very thing in Matthew 12:1 & 2?
- 25) Did people ever have to starve in Israel if there were crops in the fields?
- 26) Does God care about poor and destitute people?

# Deuteronomy #12

## Chapter 24

- 21) Read verse 1. The word translated “indecency” is usually translated “nakedness” or “shame” and refers to sexual sin. Now read Matthew 19:3-9. Did God command a person to divorce his wife if she was involved in indecency?
- 22) Was it part of God’s plan from the beginning for a married couple to get divorced?
- 23) Read verses 2-4. If a woman was divorced and remarried, if she divorced her second husband, was she allowed to go back to her first husband?
- 24) Was she allowed to go back if the second husband died?
- 25) How would the Lord feel about either of those things?
- 26) What would happen if you were in the army and got married?
- 27) Does it sound like God places a high priority on marriage?
- 28) The “hand mill” and the “upper millstone” were used for grinding grain for bread. Why do you think God wouldn’t allow a person to take these as a pledge (guarantee) for a loan?
- 29) What was the penalty for kid kidnapping for ransom?
- 30) Who were you to turn to for dealing with leprosy?
- 31) What happened to Miriam? (Numbers 12:9-15)
- 32) Read verses 10-13. They sometimes took coats as loan guarantees. What special rule applied?
- 33) How were employers required to pay? a) Weekly b) Monthly c) Bi-weekly d) Daily (that very day)
- 34) Who was to be held responsible for sin? a) The family b) The individual c) The tribe
- 35) Does that rule stop all the ramifications that will affect families as a results of sin?
- 36) Who were you supposed to take special care to look out for?
- 37) Were you supposed to be careful to harvest everything from your fields or vineyards? Why not?
- 38) What did God promise to do if you left some fruit behind for aliens (strangers), orphans, and widows?
- 39) What were the Israelites always supposed to remember, that would remind them to do the right thing? a) That they were better than other people b) That God had saved them from slavery in Egypt
- 40) What should we remember to motivate us? a) That we are godly b) That Jesus saved us from our sin

## Chapter 25

- 1) Read verses 1-3. After a conviction, when was punishment to be administered?
- 2) How many stripes could be given in a public beating? Why the limit?
- 3) What did the legalistic Jews do, in the days of Paul, to make sure that they never exceeded forty lashes (just in case someone miscounted)? (see II Corinthians 11:24)
- 4) “You shall not \_\_\_\_\_ the ox while he is \_\_\_\_\_.”
- 5) The muzzle would keep the hard working ox from eating while he worked? God wanted the ox to be able to eat. Was this just written because of God’s care for oxen? (see I Corinthians 9:8-11)
- 6) What other lesson was God trying to teach us? (I Timothy 5:17 & 18 and the passage above)
- 7) Should we support Christian workers?
- 8) Who should we be especially careful to support? (I Timothy 5:17)
- 9) Isn’t it interesting how God has these illustrations in the Old Testament to help us understand things in the New Testament?
- 10) Read verses 5-10. The land belonged to families and each family was supposed to preserve their inheritance. What was a brother required to do, if his brother died without giving a child to his wife to preserve his family name and inherit his portion of the land?
- 11) What would happen if he refused to do this?
- 12) In Ruth 4:1-13 Ruth’s dead husband’s closest relative refused to step in and preserve the family inheritance and Boaz took his place. What important part of the instruction from Deuteronomy 25:9 was not followed in the story of Ruth and may have no longer been used by people in those days?
- 13) Do we sometimes just follow the Scriptures in a halfhearted incomplete way?
- 14) What insulting title was given to the one who refused to follow the Scripture in this?
- 15) If a woman grabbed a man’s genitals to protect her husband, what was the result?
- 16) Are there any options here if she didn’t mean to hurt him?
- 17) Some people cheated in Business by using false weights. Does God ever want us to act unfairly?
- 18) Why did God tell Israel to destroy completely destroy Amalek?

# Deuteronomy #13

## Chapter 26

- 1) What were they supposed to do with the first crops they harvested in the land?
- 2) They were supposed to make the following declaration to the priests: "I declare this day to the LORD my God that I have \_\_\_\_\_ the land which the LORD \_\_\_\_\_ to our fathers to \_\_\_\_\_ us."
- 3) Does this remind you of someone sharing a testimony about how the Lord saved them or helped them?
- 4) Summarize what the person would say after the priest placed the basket of first-fruits before the altar of the Lord?
- 5) Did God ever want them to forget their deliverance?
- 6) If you are saved, does He ever want you to forget that He saved you?
- 7) Read verse 10. What were they to do after they made the declaration and gave the offering?
- 8) What were they supposed to do with the tithe in the third year?
- 9) Read verses 13-15. Does it sound like the Israelites were to take their giving seriously?
- 10) A sweet prayer: "\_\_\_\_\_ down from Thy holy habitation, from heaven, and bless Thy \_\_\_\_\_...."
- 11) What does the Lord call His people in verse 18 that should make you feel very special?
- 12) The Lord said He wanted to set His people on high for what four things? a)  
b) c) d)

## Chapter 27

- 1) Israel had the Ten Commandment stones, what else was Israel to have as a reminder?
- 2) Where were these lime coated stones to be set up?
- 3) Read verses 5 & 6. What special material was to be used for constructing the altar?
- 4) According to Hebrews 9:11, what would things, "not made with hands" represent?
- 5) What was to be clearly written on the stones?
- 6) Six tribes stood on a mountain to remind the people of the blessings for obedience and six tribes stood on another mountain to remind the people of the curse for disobedience. Which tribe was the mountain of cursing? Which was the mountain of blessing?
- 7) Which tribe shouts out the curses to everyone?
- 8) What do all the tribes shout in reply?
- 9) Does God address a lot of sins that we are seeing today in verses 16-26?
- 10) What were you cursed for in verse 18?
- 11) Read II Corinthians 4:3 & 4. As poor witnesses for Christ, might we be guilty of misleading the blind?
- 12) According to verse 26, how do we confirm the words of the law?

## Chapter 28:1-26

- 1) Read verses 1-6. What was Israel promised if they followed the commandments?
- 2) "And all these blessings shall \_\_\_\_\_ you and \_\_\_\_\_ you..." Sound good?
- 3) What areas of their lives would be blessed?
- 4) If their enemies came upon them from one direction, what would happen to them?
- 5) Read verse 9. What did God want Israel to be?
- 6) Who was Israel to be a testimony to?
- 7) What does God call the clouds of the sky?
- 8) Read verses 13 & 14. God charged the people to follow His instructions "carefully". What phrase does the Scriptures often use for carefully following the Lord's commands? (see also Proverbs 4:27)
- 9) What would come upon them and overtake them in every area of their lives if they did not obey?
- 10) Read verses 20-26. Describe how these curses will affect the following areas:  
Their health  
Their agriculture (farming)  
Their battles with enemies
- 11) "You shall go out one way against them, but you shall flee seven ways before them."
- 12) Would they still be testifying before the world? In what way?

# Deuteronomy #14

## Chapter 28:27-68

- 1) Continuing with the curses from mount Ebal, read verses 27-35. What kinds of things were they going to be cursed with because of disobedience?  
In the area of health?  
In mental stability?  
In criminal activity?  
Wives? Homes? Livestock?  
Crops? Children? Harvests?
- 2) Read verses 36 & 37. Is this exactly what happened to Israel in the days of Jeremiah? (Jeremiah 24:9 & 10, Daniel 1:1-3)
- 3) Read verses 38-42? What three insects will be used by God against Israel? a) b) c)
- 4) Read verse 45. Again, why did these things happen?
- 5) Read verse 46. Who else will be affected?
- 6) Have the Jews had a very difficult struggle down through history?
- 7) What do you think was the root cause for that?
- 8) Some people are glad the Jews have suffered. How should we feel? (Romans 10:1-4)
- 9) Read verses 49-57. These prophecies were fulfilled several times in the history of Israel. There is a horrifying account of the destruction of Israel by the Romans in 70 AD (written by Josephus) that contains all of these terrible things. What might the bird in verse 49 remind you of? a) The UN (United Nations) dove b) The Roman eagle
- 10) Read verses 54-57. What did He predict parents would not be willing to share with others one day?
- 11) What happened in II Kings 6:24-30?
- 12) How does verse 58 describe God's name?
- 13) Does it sound like Egypt had been a pretty unhealthy place?
- 14) Are all the plagues that will happen to the disobedient Jews listed here?
- 15) Read verses 62-68. What is predicted to happen in verse 62?
- 16) What is predicted to happen in verse 64? (Israel was taken into slavery by the Assyrians and the Babylonians and then returned. They were destroyed as a nation and dispersed throughout the world by the Romans in 70 AD.)
- 17) Do verses 66 & 67 remind you of the holocaust, where the Jews were hunted down by the Germans and over 6,000,000 were murdered less than 75 years ago?
- 18) Read verse 68. Is this fulfilled in Jeremiah 44:12-14 when many of the Jews decide to escape Nebuchadnezzar by going to Egypt (against Jeremiah's advice)?
- 19) Now do you understand what Peter is saying in Acts 16:10 about trying to please God by keeping the law?

## Chapter 29

- 1) Where did God make covenants with Israel? a) b)
- 2) According to verses 5 & 6, why did the Lord preserve the people's clothes and feed them with manna in the wilderness?
- 3) He reminds them about their victory over what two leaders? a) b)
- 4) Read verses 10-13. Who was God's covenant with? (choose one)  
a) The laborers b) The men c) The leaders d) The wives e) The kids f) All of Israel
- 5) The covenant was not just with the people there that day. Who else was it given to? (verse 22)
- 6) In verse 18, what does the Lord describe as "a root bearing poisonous fruit and wormwood"?
- 7) Read verses 22-28. Now read Nehemiah 1:1-5. Why do you think Nehemiah wept when he heard the description of the land of Israel?
- 8) After the Romans destroyed Israel, the land has had long periods of desolation for the last 1900 years. Have you seen pictures from Israel before the Jews returned to the land in 1948 that reminded you a little of the description in these verses?
- 9) "The \_\_\_\_\_ belong to the LORD our God, but the things \_\_\_\_\_ belong to us and to our sons forever, that we may observe all the words of this law."
- 10) Isn't that a wonderful memory verse?
- 11) The things revealed are in the word of God. Who does that belong to?

# Deuteronomy #15

## Chapter 30

- 1) Read verses 1 & 2. Does it sound like the Lord knew they would not keep the covenant?
- 2) What were they supposed to do when they found themselves banished to foreign countries?
  
- 3) What did the Lord promise to do if they repented and turned back to Him?
  
- 4) Describe the distance from which the Lord will bring them back.
- 5) After the people were banished to Babylon in the time of Daniel, the Lord brought them back 70 years later. Read verses 5-10. Were the other things found in this passage fulfilled at that time or is there another gathering going on today? (Israel became a nation in 1948 after being scattered for 1900 years)
- 6) Since they rejected the Messiah in the first century and still don't accept Him, have verses 6-10 been completely fulfilled yet?
- 7) Read verses 11-14. Is it impossible to follow God's instructions?
- 8) What is the only way the word can be "in your heart"?
- 9) How does he describe the contrast between obedience and disobedience in verse 15?
  
- 10) What was the biggest thing the Lord seemed to be worried about in verse 17?
- 11) "So \_\_\_\_\_ life in order that you may \_\_\_\_\_."
- 12) The promise of a homeland for Israel goes all the way back to what three famous people in Genesis?  
a) \_\_\_\_\_ b) \_\_\_\_\_ c) \_\_\_\_\_

## Chapter 31:1-29

- 1) How old was Moses when he made this speech to Israel?
- 2) How did he describe his mobility?
- 3) Two beings will cross the Jordan ahead of the people. Who are they? a) \_\_\_\_\_ b) \_\_\_\_\_
- 4) Isn't it interesting that "Joshua" is the Hebrew name for the Greek name "Jesus"?
- 5) This passage could be translated, "'It is the LORD your God who will cross ahead of you; He will destroy these nations before you, and you shall dispossess them. Jesus is the one who will cross ahead of you...'" Isn't that awesome?
- 6) Why were they not to be afraid of their enemies?
- 7) Does the last part of verse 6 remind you of Hebrews 13:5?
- 8) Who wrote this book? \_\_\_\_\_ Who did he give it to?
- 9) This book was to be read before the whole country. How often was it to be read to the nation?
- 10) When was it to be read?
- 11) Who was to be in the audience?
- 12) If they followed this instruction who would hear the law down through the centuries?
- 13) Who told Moses it was time for him to die?
- 14) Read Exodus 40:38. When was the cloud normally "on the tabernacle (tent)"?
- 15) When was there fire inside?
- 16) What is different about Deuteronomy 31:15?
- 17) Since the pillar of cloud represented the Lord and the pillar of fire also represented the Lord and Joshua (Jesus) was also there, what could these three things represent?
- 18) What did God predict would happen in verses 16 & 17?
- 19) What excuse will be given by the people?
- 20) Do we often blame God for the things that we bring on ourselves?
- 21) What did God instruct Moses to do as a witness to the people of Israel?
- 22) Read verse 20. When do we usually get in trouble in our lives?
- 23) According to verse 21, who else was supposed to learn this song?
- 24) Who put Joshua (Jesus) in charge of the people entering the land?
- 25) Who will lead you into the victorious Christian life?
- 26) Where was this book of the law supposed to be stored?
- 27) For what reason?
- 28) Why did Moses think the people would be rebellious after his death?
- 29) When did Moses predict that evil would befall Israel?

# Deuteronomy #16

## Chapter 31:30

- 13) What is recorded in chapter 32?
- 14) Who originally shared this song?

## Chapter 32:1-39

- 30) Read verses 1 & 2. What is his teaching compared to?
- 31) What are you planting and watering with in I Corinthians 3:6 & 7?
- 32) Read I Peter 2:2. What causes growth in a Christian?
- 33) “The \_\_\_\_\_! His work is \_\_\_\_\_, for all His ways are just;”
- 34) God is referred to as the “Rock” five times in this chapter. I marked them in my Bible. You may want to mark them too. (here they are-verses 4, 15, 18, 30 & 31)
- 35) Give some reasons why God would be described as a rock?
  - a. Psalm 18:2
  - b) Psalm 31:2
- 36) Matthew 7:24-27 says that when we hear the words of Jesus and act on them, we will be like the man who builds his house on the foundation of a solid rock. Who would that rock be?
- 37) Read Psalm 71:3. How often can we come to God (our Rock) to find help?
- 38) Read Psalm 61:1-4. What special phrase jumps out at you here?
- 39) What is it about His character (in verse 4) that makes God “the Rock”?
- 40) You have heard it said, “Like father like son.” When you consider the character of God, why was Israel not living up to that?
- 41) “Is not He your Father who has \_\_\_\_\_ you?” How did God buy us?
- 42) God gave portions to and set boundaries for the nations. Who did He choose as His portion?
- 43) Israel is another name for Jacob. Put into your own words how God set Israel apart in verses 10 & 11:
  - 44) What was special about Jacob (Israel), according to verse 12?
  - 45) Were you more likely to find Israel in the valleys or on the mountains?
  - 46) Does it sound like Israel ate pretty well?
  - 47) Reading the last phrase in verse 14, why do you think it was particularly appropriate for Jesus to use wine as a symbol of His blood in the last supper? (Matthew 26:28 & 29)
  - 48) Who is Jeshurun, according to Isaiah 44:2?
  - 49) What happened when things got easy for Jeshurun?
  - 50) The name Jeshurun means, “the righteous, upright people”. Was they living up to the name?
  - 51) Read verses 15-18. Who do you think Jesus is in verse 15?
  - 52) Are demons real? (I Corinthians 10:20)
  - 53) They “neglected their Rock” to follow what *Johnny come lately*?
  - 54) Read verses 19-22. What was God’s reaction?
  - 55) God gave this sad description of Israel: “Sons in whom is no \_\_\_\_\_.”
  - 56) Ever wonder how God would describe you (us)?
  - 57) What kinds of things were predicted to happen to Israel?
  - 58) Who would escape these things according to verse 25?
  - 59) Why didn’t God just destroy Israel completely?
  - 60) God describes Israel as “a nation lacking in counsel”. Does it sound like they followed His word?
  - 61) What is the only thing that could cause a thousand Israelis to take flight from one enemy?
  - 62) Are you noticing how powerful this illustration of the “Rock” is here?
  - 63) “Indeed \_\_\_\_\_ rock is not like our \_\_\_\_\_,” Wow!
  - 64) Will other people often be able to see that the things they place their trust in are not as sure as the God we place our trust in?
  - 65) Read verses 32 & 33. What do you see would be the result of trusting in their “rock” (way of salvation)?
  - 66) Read verses 34-36. Who is storing up vengeance?
  - 67) Do people ever really get away with doing evil?
  - 68) The Lord is a God of vengeance, but what is he also characterized by, according to verse 36?
  - 69) Read verses 37-39. What was their rock (refuge)?
  - 70) Is there really any other god besides the Lord?
  - 71) Is it possible, if you read verse 39, to say that Jesus is “a little god” but not “the Almighty God”?

# Deuteronomy #17

## Chapter 32:40-52

- 72) Read verses 40-43. Will God set things right someday?
- 73) Verses 42 & 43 are very picturesque. What is the basic point of what He is saying: (choose one)
  - a) God will get everybody
  - b) The Lord is a vengeful unforgiving God
  - c) When we are wronged or willingly do wrong we can depend on the statement from Hebrews 10:30: "Vengeance is Mine, I will repay." And again, "The Lord will judge His people."
- 3) Verse 43 says that the Lord will "atone" for His people. "Atone" means "to cover". It is the same word used in Genesis 6:14 when it says Noah pitched the ark with pitch (to keep the water out. Leviticus 17:11 uses the word twice. How will God atone for ("cover") His people's sins, according to that verse?
- 4) Which two men were the first duet to perform this song? (I know they might not have sung the, but spoken the words)
  - a)
  - b)
- 5) Read verses 45-47. Have you memorized the lyrics to any songs?
- 6) Does it sound like these things were put in a song so that the israelites would memorize them?
- 7) Look at verse 47. How important should the word of God be to us?
- 8) Please memorize this verse: "For it is not an \_\_\_\_\_ for you; indeed it is your \_\_\_\_\_."
- 9) Do you think the mention of prolonging their days would have hit home since all the men over 20 had died in the wilderness?
- 10) God didn't allow Moses to enter the land. What did he allow him to do on Mount Nebo?
- 11) What else did He tell Moses would happen up there?
- 12) In verse 51 God explains to Moses why He would not allow him to enter the land. You can read the story in Numbers 20:2-13. The people were complaining about a lack of water. What does God tell Moses to do in verse 8?
- 13) What does Moses actually do in verse 10 & 11?
- 14) Moses had been instructed to get water from a rock almost 40 years earlier. (Exodus 17:1-7) What was He instructed to do that time? (verse 6)
- 15) Who does the rock represent? ( I Corinthians 10:1-4)
- 16) When you consider that Christ is the rock and out of the rock flows (life giving) water, what do you think striking this rock represented? (Mark 14:27)
- 17) Since Moses had struck the rock years before, what did God ask him to do this time?
- 18) Why was it an important illustration for Moses to strike the rock (Jesus) only once? (Hebrews 10:12-18)
- 19) Is it important to very carefully follow God's instructions?
- 20) Why did Moses strike the rock, according to what the Lord said in verse 12?
- 21) Is the price Jesus paid on the cross sufficient to pay for all of our sins (past, present, and future)?
- 22) Why can't you be saved more than once according to Hebrews 6:6?
- 23) When we sin now, do we strike the Rock (get saved again), or do we speak to the Rock (confess our sins)? ( I John 1:9)
- 24) Isn't this illustration powerful and awesome in explaining the eternal nature of our salvation?
- 25) Read verse 51. How did God say this lack of faith reflected on Him?
- 26) What did God decide would happen to Moses because he struck the rock again?
- 27) Do you see how Deuteronomy 32:47 makes sense in this passage now?
- 28) Ever wonder how many blessings you missed out on because you did not believe and carefully follow God's word?

## Chapter 33:1-5

- 1) What is recorded in chapter 33?
- 2) Read verse 2. What always seems to be associated with God?
- 3) Read John 3:19. Why do people often prefer darkness?
- 4) Look at I John 1:5-9. How can we get close to God?
- 5) How does God feel about His people?
- 6) Which verse reminds you of John 10:28-30?
- 7) Who does this passage say was actually king of Jeshurun ("the righteous/upright people")?

# Deuteronomy #18

## Chapter 33:6-29

- 8) Verses 6-29 are a recording of the blessings of Moses given to the tribes of Israel. Rueben's was short and sweet. What did it say?
- 9) What special help does Judah receive that we also need? (see I Corinthians 16:9)
- 10) The priests in Israel were from the tribe of Levi. The high priests sometimes wore a breastplate that helped them make decisions (judgments) on difficult issues. See Exodus 28:30. What were the two things called that helped them make these decisions?
- 11) What were three methods the Lord used to help leaders decide difficult questions? ( I Samuel 28:6)
  - a)
  - b)
  - c)
- 12) The word "Urim" means "lights" and "Thummim" means "perfections". Do you think this breastplate would light up in some way to give the perfect decision?
- 13) Were there times when there was no around who the breastplate would work for? (see Ezra 2:59-63)
- 14) Does Deuteronomy 33:8 seem to indicate that the user needed to be a "godly man"?
- 15) Read verses 9. What did the Levites do at the time of the golden calf that is referred to here? (Exodus 32:25-29)
- 16) Besides the work of the tent of meeting (later the temple), who was to teach Israel the Word (Law)?
- 17) Does it sound like Benjamin was as special to God as he had been to Jacob? (Genesis 44:30)
- 18) Read verses 13-17. Does it sound like Joseph is given a very powerful blessing here?
- 19) Joseph was blessed with "... the \_\_\_\_\_ of Him who dwelt in the \_\_\_\_\_."
- 20) Who would this be referring to? (see Exodus 3:2-5)
- 21) "May you receive the favor of Him who dwelt in the bush." Wouldn't that be a great ending to a letter or an E-mail?
- 22) Since Levi belonged to the Lord, Joseph was given a double portion divided between his two sons. Who are his two sons who become tribes in Israel? a) \_\_\_\_\_ b) \_\_\_\_\_
- 23) Does it sound like there will be a lot of mining and fishing going on in Zebulun and Issachar?
- 24) Read verses 20 & 21. Does it sound like you wanted to fight against Gad?
- 25) Gad had taken an inheritance outside the land. What did he do when Israel entered the land? (see Numbers 32:16-19)
- 26) A lion's whelp is a "lion's cub". What famous young man from Dan once killed a lion? (Judges 14:5 & 6)
- 27) Which tribe sounds like it had "beach front property"?
- 28) Read verses 24 and 25. What natural resources do people think might be found in Asher's territory?
- 29) Who is it who "rides the heavens to your help"?
- 30) Read verse 27. What supported Israel and supports us today?
- 31) "Who is like you, a people \_\_\_\_\_ by the LORD?" Does this verse make you feel special too?
- 32) Which verse reminds you of Habakkuk 3:19? \_\_\_\_\_ Who will support you up so high?

## Chapter 34

- 1) When Moses went up to see the land, he was standing opposite what enemy stronghold?
- 2) Does it sound like Mount Pisgah gives a great view of the land of Israel?
- 3) What is another name for Jericho?
- 4) Who buried Moses? \_\_\_\_\_ Where is Moses buried?
- 5) What drama took place here that we didn't find out about until 2000 years later? (see Jude 1:9)
- 6) How old was Moses when he died?
- 7) What kind of physical shape was he in?
- 8) Do you think Satan might have wanted to possess the body of Moses because it was still healthy?
- 9) How long did the people of Israel mourn for Moses?
- 10) Is this the last we hear about him in Scripture? (see Luke 9:28-36)
- 11) "Laying on of hands" is often given in recognition of responsibility. What happened after Moses laid hands on Joshua?
- 12) Where does Moses rate among the prophets?
- 13) What is mentioned in verse 10 that set him apart?
- 14) Did you enjoy the book of Deuteronomy?