

Romans #1

Chapter 1

- 1) Who wrote the book of Romans?
- 2) What was one of the promises in prophecy listed in verse 3?
- 3) What happened that showed everyone that Jesus was the Son of God with POWER?
- 4) Who knew about the faith of the Romans?
- 5) "For God, whom I serve in my spirit in the preaching of the gospel of His Son, is my witness as to how _____ I make mention of you, always in my prayers making request, if perhaps now at last by the _____ of _____ I may succeed in coming to you. For I long to see you in order that I may impart some spiritual _____ to you, that you may be established;"
- 6) How do we encourage one another?
- 7) Fill in the blanks:
 - a) "I am _____ both to Greeks and to barbarians, both to the wise and to the foolish."
 - b) "I am _____ to preach the gospel to you also who are in Rome."
 - c) "I am _____ of the gospel, for it is the power of God for salvation to everyone who believes, to the Jew first and also to the Greek".
- 8) How does the righteous man live? A) By his righteousness B) By his faith C) By luck
- 9) What 3 things have been clearly seen through creation so that people who don't know God are without excuse?
 - a) _____
 - b) _____
 - c) _____
- 10) "For even though they _____ God, they did not _____ Him as _____, or give _____; but they became futile in their speculations, and their foolish heart was darkened. Professing to be _____, they became _____."
- 11) The "smartest" scientists in the world, say we didn't come from God, but from where according to verse 23?
- 12) What are verses 26 & 27 talking about?
- 13) Some people say the Bible doesn't talk about homosexuality. What do you think? Does God approve?
- 14) When people no longer see fit to acknowledge God what kinds of things are their lives filled with?
 - a) _____
 - b) _____
 - c) _____
 - d) _____
 - e) _____
 - f) _____
 - g) _____
 - h) _____
 - i) _____
 - j) _____
 - k) _____
 - l) _____
 - m) _____
 - n) _____
 - o) _____
 - p) _____
 - q) _____
 - r) _____
 - s) _____
 - t) _____
 - u) _____
- 15) Look at this list for a few minutes. Are some of these things found in your life?
- 16) Which ones? (don't answer me.) I only ask so that you will be reminded to confess (admit) them to the Lord, and determine to ask the Lord to help remove them from your life. Will you take the time to do this?
- 17) "Although they _____ the ordinance of God, that those who practice such things are worthy of _____, they not only do the same, but also give _____ to those who practice them."
- 18) Do people usually, "know" that the things they do are wrong?
- 19) Do the people of this country often give "heartly approval" to sin these days?
- 20) Does it sound like God hides Himself from people or reveals Himself to those who are seeking?
- 21) If a person gives himself over to sin when he knows that God hates it, does that stand in the way of seeking God?

Romans #2

Chapter 2

- 1) "Therefore you are without _____, every man of you who passes judgment, for in that you judge another, you condemn yourself; for you who judge _____ the _____ things."
- 2) This refers to doing things that are found in verses 29-31 of chapter 1. Which of these things are problems for you?
- 3) Can God help you with these things?
- 4) What does the kindness of God lead to?
- 5) "But because of your _____ and _____ heart you are storing up wrath for yourself in the day of wrath and revelation of the righteous judgment of God, who will render to every man according to his _____:"
- 6) Will God set things straight some day?
- 7) Is God partial?
- 8) If you sin you will perish! How many of us sin? Does this look really bad for us?
- 9) Do you have to know the law to follow it?
- 10) "For when Gentiles who do not have the Law do _____ the things of the Law, these, not having the Law, are a law to themselves, in that they show the work of the Law _____ in their _____, their _____ bearing witness, and their thoughts alternately accusing or else defending them,"
- 11) Have you ever been told something was wrong by your conscience?
- 12) Although the Jews knew all about God's laws, were they still sinning?
- 13) What did that cause to happen according to verse 24?
- 14) If you talk about God and your life is characterized by sin, will you cause God to be discredited?
- 15) "For he is not a Jew who is one _____; neither is circumcision that which is outward in the flesh. But he is a Jew who is one _____; and circumcision is that which is of the _____, by the Spirit, not by the letter; and his praise is not from men, but from God."
- 16) Where are the important changes, inside or out?
- 17) If we are changed inwardly where will it be seen?

Chapter 3

- 1) Did the Jews have an advantage?
- 2) What was their greatest advantage? (hint-found in verse 2)
- 3) What did people "slandrously" say that Paul used to say?
- 4) If you believe in salvation by faith apart from works will people say you believe the same thing?
- 5) "What then? Are we better than they? Not at all; for we have already charged that both Jews and Greeks are _____; as it is written, 'There is _____ righteous, not even _____;'"
- 6) Verse 12-13 sound terrible! Do you think this is how we see each other or how a perfect God sees us?
- 7) What is the main thing the law does according to verse 20?
- 8) According to verse 21, the righteousness is, "_____ from the law."
- 9) "The righteousness of God through faith in Jesus Christ for all those who _____; for there is no distinction; for _____ have sinned and fall short of the glory of God, being _____ as a _____ by His grace through the redemption which is in Christ Jesus;"
- 10) The word "justified" means to be "legally declared righteous." Translate this phrase: "being justified as a gift."
- 11) God had to condemn everyone so that He could demonstrate his righteousness by making sure sins are all judged and paid for. In this way He could "be _____ and the _____ of the one who has faith in Jesus."
- 12) "For we maintain that a man is justified by _____ apart from works of the _____."
- 13) Does it sound like you can be justified (declared righteous) by your good deeds?

Romans #3

Chapter 4

- 1) Who did the Jews consider to be their most important ancestor?
- 2) “Now to the one who works, his wage is not reckoned as a favor, but as what _____. but to the one who _____, but believes in Him who justifies the ungodly, his _____ is reckoned as righteousness.”
- 3) Can anyone honestly say, based on verses 3-5, that someone can be saved on the basis of good deeds?
- 4) The Jews thought that circumcision was very important to making sure that God would accept them. Was Abraham circumcised when God counted him to be righteous?
- 5) “The _____ to Abraham or to his descendants that he would be heir of the world was _____ through the Law, but through the _____ of _____.”
- 6) When Abraham was 100 years old and Sarah had already gone through menopause, God promised to give them a son. Did Abraham believe this or not?
- 7) Verse 21 describes Abraham’s faith: “Being _____ that what He had promised, He was _____ also to _____.”
- 8) Do you have that kind of faith about your salvation? It’s a matter of truly believing that God can and will keep His word and save us as He promised!

Chapter 5

- 1) The word “justified” means to “be declared legally righteous”! What are we “justified” by?
- 2) What does that create between us and God?
- 3) Do you understand the importance of having “peace” with God?
- 4) Where does “proven character” come from?
- 5) What does the Holy Spirit pour out within our hearts?
- 6) Is someone more likely to give his life for a good man or a loser?
- 7) Did Jesus die for Bin Laden? For Adolf Hitler? For you?
- 8) Who are some people you would be willing to die for?
- 9) “But God _____ His own love toward us, in that while we were yet _____, Christ died for us.”
- 10) How did sin come into our world?
- 11) How is the free gift different from the transgression (first sin)?
- 12) One man can bring eternal life to all because one man brought eternal _____ to all!
- 13) “For as through the one man’s _____ the many were made _____, even so through the obedience of the One the many will be made _____.”
- 14) Our salvation depends on whose obedience according to verse 19?
- 15) Is there any way to read these verses and believe that a person can be saved by being good?

Romans #4

Chapter 6

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- 1) Is it OK to keep sinning since it's all paid for?
- 2) The word "baptize" means to be "immersed or washed". Do you get immersed into or washed by Christ by being water baptized?
- 3) After we are immersed into the death of Christ by trusting in His death for our sins, we are to rise again and, "walk in newness of _____".
- 4) How would you describe "walking in newness of life"?
- 5) "...our old self was crucified with Him, that our body of sin might be done away with, that we should no longer be _____ to sin; for he who has _____ is _____ from sin."
- 6) If you "died with Christ" do you have to be a slave to sin?
- 7) "For the death that He died, He died to _____, once for all; but the life that He lives, He _____ to _____. Even so consider yourselves to be dead to _____, but _____ to God in Christ Jesus."
- 8) Does verse 13 sound like you have any say in whether or not you sin?
- 9) According to verse 15 should a person who is under grace instead of the law sin "more" or "less" ?
- 10) When you are unsaved you are "slaves to _____." After we are saved we should be "_____ to righteousness"!
- 11) Do we always want to do what is right? Do slaves always get to do what they want?
- 12) "Wages" are payments owed for something you do. What are the wages (payments) for sin?
- 13) What is the "gift of God"?

Chapter 7

- 1) When does it say a woman is no longer bound by law to her husband?
- 2) God is using this to show that the only way to be freed from laws is to die. Since Christ died in our place, we died with him, and now don't have all the rules of the Old Testament hanging over our head. This gives us the freedom to serve God because we _____ to, not because we have to!!
- 3) According to verse 5, sometimes we are tempted more to do something just because it is against the _____!
- 4) How do we come to know what sin is?
- 5) According to verses 12 & 13, what caused death in us, the law or sin?
- 6) "For that which I am doing, I do not understand; for I am not practicing what I would _____ to do, but I am doing the _____ I _____. But if I do the very thing I do not wish to do, I agree with the Law, confessing that it is _____."
- 7) "For the _____ that I wish, I do not do; but I practice the very evil that I do not _____. But if I am doing the very thing I do not wish, I am no longer the one doing it, but sin which _____ in me. I find then the principle that _____ is present in me, the one who wishes to do good."
- 8) Paul was in agreement with God in the "_____ man."
- 9) Do you ever feel like you are doing things that you don't really want to do?
- 10) Paul calls it a "war." Do you feel like there is a battle going on inside?
- 11) Who can set you free from the power of the flesh (body)?
- 12) "So then, on the one hand I myself with my _____ am _____ the law of _____, but on the other, with my _____ the law of _____."
- 13) What is the solution:
 - 1) Go ahead and sin and try not to think about it (keep your mind on something else)!
 - 2) Kill yourself so that you cannot sin.
- 3) Decide to submit your body to your mind in service to God.
- 14) The idea in choice #3 is found in chapter 6, verse 13. Fill in the blanks: "Do not go on _____ the members of your _____ to sin as instruments of unrighteousness; but present yourselves to _____ as those alive from the dead, and your members as _____ of righteousness to God".
- 15) Do you have to keep being enslaved to sin or can the Lord give you the power to submit to Him if you choose?
- 16) Let's ask God to remind us that we do not have to be slaves to sin!!

Romans #5

Chapter 8

- 1) Who is it who is not condemned?
- 2) "For those who are according to the flesh set their _____ on the things of the _____, but those who are according to the _____, the things of the Spirit."
- 3) Are we supposed to think about spiritual things?
- 4) "The mind set on the flesh is _____ toward _____;" Why does the verse say the mind set on the flesh is hostile toward God?
- 5) "...those who are in the flesh cannot please God." That sounds like we can never please God as long as we are alive, but what does the next verse say? How can we please God?

- 6) Can you be a Christian if you don't have the Spirit of God in you? (see verse 9)
- 7) "If Christ is in you, though the body is _____ because of _____, yet the spirit is alive because of righteousness."
- 8) If your body is dead because of sin, how can you live for God according to verse 11?
- 9) Who are the only people who can be led by the Spirit of God?
- 10) "For you have not received a spirit of slavery leading to fear again, but you have received a spirit of _____ as sons by which we cry out, ' _____ ! Father!' The Spirit Himself bears witness with our spirit that we are _____ of God,"
- 11) "Abba" means, "daddy." Does this term make you feel like God is close to you and loves you?
- 12) According to verse 23, has the official adoption of sons taken place yet? When does it happen?
- 13) Do we always know how to pray?
- 14) Who will help us pray?
- 15) "He who searches the hearts knows what the mind of the Spirit is, because He _____ for the saints according to the _____ of _____."
- 16) Does God cause all things to work together for good, are there more to it? That promise is only given to those who fulfill what two requirements?
 - a) _____
 - b) _____
- 17) The word "conform" means, "to be pressed into the mold." Who are we supposed to mold our lives after? Will we ever be like Him? (see I John 3:2)
- 18) Do verses 29 & 30 make it sound like you could be lost somewhere along the way after you trust the Lord?
- 19) "What then shall we say to these things? If _____ is for us, who is _____ us? He who did not _____ His own Son, but delivered Him up _____ all, how will He not also with Him freely _____ us all things?"
- 20) Who justifies us? Who intercedes for us?
- 21) What are some things listed in verse 35 that can not separate us from the love of God?
 - a) _____
 - b) _____
 - c) _____
 - d) _____
 - e) _____
 - f) _____
 - g) _____
- 22) Have you experienced any of these things? Which ones?
- 23) Does God sometimes allow bad things to happen to us according to verse 36?
- 24) How will we respond to these things if we rely on the One who loves us? (choose one)
 - a) These things will overwhelm and destroy us
 - b) We will overwhelmingly conquer these things
 - c) We win some we lose some
- 25) "For I am convinced that neither _____, nor life, nor angels, nor principalities, nor things present, nor _____ to _____, nor powers nor height, nor depth, nor _____ thing, shall be able to _____ us from the love of _____, which is in Christ Jesus our Lord."

Romans #6

Chapter 9

- 1) "For I could _____ that I myself were accursed, _____ from Christ for the sake of my brethren, my kinsmen according to the flesh,"
- 2) What does Paul mean by verse 3?
- 3) What kind of things did the Jews have as part of their heritage?
- 4) Since people don't believe, does that mean the word of God has failed?
- 5) Which are the children of God? (choose one)
 - a) People who are born as Jews
 - b) Those who are children of the promise
- 6) Is there any injustice with God?
- 7) Why was Pharaoh raised up to power by God?
- 8) "On the contrary, who are you, O man, who _____ to God? The thing molded will not say to the molder, 'Why did you _____ me _____,' will it?"
- 9) Have you ever questioned God about how He made you?
- 10) In verse 21, who is the potter? Who is the clay?
- 11) "As He says also in Hosea, 'I will call those who were _____ people, "My people," and her who was not _____, "beloved."' And it shall be that in the place where it was said to them, 'you are not My people,' There they shall be called _____."
- 12) Does God only pick out certain races and families to save, or does He save people who were not thought to be of any value to Him as well?
- 13) How many of the Jews did the Scriptures say would be saved?
- 14) According to Matthew 7:14, will most people get saved?
- 15) How do people attain (obtain) righteousness? 1) pursuing it through works 2) by faith
- 16) How did most Jewish people think they would be saved?
- 17) How do most of the people you know think they can be saved today?

Chapter 10

- 1) What did Paul pray for?
- 2) Did the Jews have a zeal (excitement, fierceness, religious fervor) for God?
- 3) Why didn't that help them? "It wasn't according to _____"
- 4) "For _____ about God's righteousness, and seeking to _____ their own, they did not _____ themselves to the righteousness of _____. For Christ is the end of the law for righteousness to everyone who _____."
- 5) "...if you confess with your mouth Jesus as Lord, and _____ in your heart that God raised Him from the dead, you shall be _____;"
- 6) Is it possible to "believe in Him" and still be disappointed?
- 7) According to verse 13, who will be saved?
- 8) "How then shall they call upon Him in whom they have not believed? And how shall they believe in Him whom they have not heard? And how shall they hear without a preacher? And how shall they preach unless they are sent? Just as it is written, 'How beautiful are the feet of those who bring glad tidings of good things!'" **Why do you think Paul said these things?**
- 9) Do you appreciate the person who shared the gospel with you?
- 10) Where does faith come from? 1) your parents 2) hearing the word 3) finding out which religion makes the most sense to you
- 11) According to verse 18, have people heard from God?
- 12) Which seems to be the reason people don't come to know God according to verse 21? (choose one)
 - a) God doesn't reach out to them!
 - b) People are too stubborn and proud to accept the salvation that Jesus offers for free if they will trust in Him
- 13) Does it sound like Paul is discouraging us from sharing our faith or encouraging us to do so?

Romans #7

Chapter 11

- 1) What group of people is referred to as “His people” in verse 1 and through most of this chapter?
 - a) Roman citizens
 - b) Jews/Israelites
 - c) Gentiles (all non Jews)
- 2) Which tribe of Israel did Paul belong to?
- 3) Has God rejected the Jewish people?
- 4) According to John 1:11, did most Jews receive Jesus as the Messiah?
- 5) Did Elijah feel like there were many other people who were faithful to the Lord?
- 6) In the time of Elijah, most Israelites worshiped a false God named Baal. How many faithful people did the Lord tell Elijah there were in Israel that he didn’t know about?
- 7) Even when you feel alone, does God have many other faithful followers who may be struggling to?
- 8) In verse 5, Paul calls these people a faithful “remnant” (small part that remained). Did Paul say that God also had a remnant of His people who believed in Jesus?
- 9) What would you say to someone who said that salvation is obtained by both grace (given by God) and by doing good works?
- 10) The Jews were looking for (seeking) the Messiah. Did they believe in Him when He came?
- 11) Compare John 1:12 with Romans 11:7 below:

John 1:12 “But **as many as received Him**, to them He gave the right to become children of God, even to **those who believe in His name**,”

Romans 11:7 “What then? That which Israel is seeking for, it has not obtained, but **those who were chosen obtained it**, and the rest were hardened;”

After reading both verses, who are *the ones who are chosen*?

 - a) Those who receive Him and believe in His name
 - b) A special group regardless of their belief
- 12) Read verses 8-15. When the Jews rejected the Lord, did He continue to call only to them?
- 13) In what special way did God use their rejection of Jesus? (choose one)
 - a) They stumbled so that they could fall for good and be condemned
 - b) They stumbled so that they could be rejected and the Gentiles could be saved
 - c) They stumbled so that when they rejected Jesus, the Gentiles might be saved and that the Jews might see the Gentiles getting saved and also become believers. (vs. 14 &15)
- 14) Who was Paul an apostle (messenger) to? a) The Jews b) The Gentiles c)The Faithful
- 15) Read verses 16-21. In the analogy, who are the branches that are broken off?
- 16) Who are the wild branches that are grafted on?
- 17) Should Christians be arrogant toward Jews and look down on them because we received the Messiah when they rejected Him?
- 18) The branches of a tree are supported by the roots. What are the roots that support us as Christians in the church?
 - a) The Old Testament, the history and prophets of Israel and the writings of the Jewish disciples of Jesus
 - b) Greek mythology and philosophy
 - c) The teachings of intelligent men around the world
- 19) According to verse 20, why were the Jews, “broken off” the tree?
 - 1) God didn’t want them
 - 2) unbelief
- 20) Will God “spare” anyone (Jew or Gentile) who does not believe (put their trust) in Jesus Christ?
- 21) How can Jews be grafted back into the tree of God?
- 22) Should it be more natural for a Gentile or a Jew to become a Christian?
- 23) Verses 25-27. When the fullness of the Gentiles has come, will God go back to dealing with the Jews as a nation?
- 24) Does God still love the people of Israel (the Jews)?
- 25) “For God has shut up _____ in disobedience that He might show _____.”
- 26) Is it possible to totally understand all the ways of God?
- 27) “For **from Him** and **through Him** and **to Him** are all things.” Any questions???????

Romans #8

Chapter 12

- 1) "I urge you therefore, _____, by the mercies of God, to present your bodies a _____ and holy sacrifice, acceptable to God, which is your spiritual service of worship."
 - 2) What is different about the sacrifice Paul is asking these Christians to make?
 - 3) How can we be "transformed"(completely changed)? (choose one)
 - a) By a special spiritual experience like speaking in tongues
 - 2) By giving away all of our possessions to the poor
 - c) By renewing our minds (changing the way we think)
 - 4) What are some ways you think we are conformed to (pressed into the mold of) the world?
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- 5) There is a lot of talk today about self esteem. Does verse 3 seem to indicate that people usually have a problem with thinking a) too little of themselves or b) too much of themselves?
 - 6) The Lord says that we are all small parts of one giant _____.
 - 7) There are 7 spiritual gifts mentioned here that we might have. What are they?

#1	#5
#2	#6
#3	#7
#4	
 - 8) Which of these gifts do you think you might have?
 - 9) "Let love be without hypocrisy." What is hypocrisy?
 - 10) What are we to do with things that are evil?
 - 11) How about things that are good?
 - 12) What is a way you could give preference to someone else in honor?
 - 13) What do you think it means to be devoted to prayer?
 - 14) Do you contribute to the needs of the saints?
 - 15) What are you supposed to do with someone who persecutes you? Is this easy?
 - 16) Who is our greatest example of someone who blessed those who persecuted Him?
 - 17) How should we react if:
 - a) We see someone rejoicing
 - b) We see someone weeping
 - c) We see someone who would be considered "lowly" (low class, etc.)
 - d) Someone hurts or mistreats us
 - e) Something is really important to someone else
 - 18) "If possible, so far as it depends on _____, be at peace with all men."
 - 19) Are there times when people won't allow you to be at peace with them?
 - 20) Can you often bring a peaceful resolution if you really work at it?
 - 21) Should you ever under any circumstances take revenge on someone?
 - 22) Who does revenge belong to?
 - 23) What should you do if you see that your enemy is hungry? Thirsty? Needs any
kind of help? Is this easy? Who is our example?
 - 24) Do we sometimes allow ourselves to be overcome (overwhelmed) by evil?
 - 25) How are we to overcome evil?
 - 26) Let's ask the Lord to help us apply these difficult but very clear instructions!

Romans #9

Chapter 13

- 1) Where does authority come from?
- 2) Name some authorities in your life!
 - a)
 - b)
 - c)
 - d)
- 3) According to this passage, is it a good idea to resist authority?
- 4) Do you usually have problems with authority when you are doing the right thing?
- 5) When do you usually have a clash with authority?
- 6) “Do what is _____, and you will have praise from the same; for it is a _____ of God to you for good. But if you do what is evil, be afraid; for it does not bear the sword for nothing; for it is a minister of _____, an _____ who brings wrath upon the one who practices evil.”
- 7) Does government have a responsibility to punish criminals?
- 8) Was the Roman government that Paul was talking about a Christian government?
- 9) Was the Roman government always fair?
- 10) If the government isn't fair, does that give us the right to not be in subjection?
- 11) In verse 7, are we given the option to withhold our taxes or cheat on our taxes if the government doesn't use the money correctly?
- 12) Verse 7 reminds us of what the Lord says in Mark 12:17: “Jesus said to them, ‘Render to _____ the things that are Caesar's, and to _____ the things that are God's.’”
- 13) Can you explain how loving your neighbor automatically helps you keep the law (10 commandments, etc.)?
- 14) What do you think verse 11 means?
- 15) Does the Lord expect us to see a lot of darkness all around us?
- 16) Match the definitions to what you think these deeds of darkness are!
 - a) **Carousing-** being intoxicated
 - b) **Drunkenness-** being indecent, outrageous and without restraint
 - c) **Sexual promiscuity-** from a word “zealous” (being obsessed with someone or envious of others)
 - d) **Sensuality-** fighting, quarrelling and arguing
 - e) **Strife-** literally, “bedding” or sleeping with someone you are not married to
 - f) **Jealousy-** usually used in reference to partying and wild activity
- 18) “Put on the Lord Jesus Christ” What do you think this phrase means? (choose one)
 - a) Wear a Jesus mask
 - b) Try to take on the attributes and characteristics of Jesus in the way you live (WWJD)
- 19) “Make no provision for the flesh in regard to its lusts.” What do you think this means? (choose one)
 - a) Don't eat when you are hungry
 - b) Do whatever feels good
 - c) If you have evil desires, don't give in to them or feed them by allowing yourself to continue being tempted.
- 20) This last verse reminds us of 1 Pet 2:11: “Beloved, I urge you as aliens and strangers to abstain from fleshly lusts, which wage war against the soul.” Do you ever feel like your sinful desires are waging a war inside you?
 - 21) If you give in to those desires, will that bring the peace you want inside?
 - 22) Will your desires be satisfied or will it just feed them and create more sinful desires?
 - 23) Should we, give in or, “abstain (hold back)”?
 - 24) Does God want us to *starve* (make no provision for) the flesh (evil desires of the body) or *feed* (give in to) the flesh?

Romans #10

Chapter 14

- 1) Are you supposed to judge people who don't have the strong faith that you have?
- 2) At this time, most of the meat that was sold in the market had already been sacrificed to idols. Did this make this meat bad?
- 3) Some people decided to eat vegetables instead of eating food sacrificed to idols. Was it OK to eat that meat? Was it OK to just eat vegetables if you felt strongly about it?
- 4) "Who are you to judge the _____ of another? To his own _____ he stands or falls; and stand he will, for the Lord is able to make him stand."
- 5) Who is our master?
- 6) "Let each man be fully _____ in his own mind." What do you think this means? (choose one)
 - a) Try to convince everybody to do what you think is right
 - b) Ask the Lord to show you what He would want you to do!
- 7) Who are we supposed to live for? Who are we supposed to die for?
- 8) Where will we all one day stand?
- 9) Is that a little scary?
- 10) "So then _____ one of us shall give account of _____ to God."
- 11) Will God ask you about what other people did?
- 12) Will others be there to answer for the things that you did?
- 13) Will God listen to phrases like: "Well, everyone else was doing it!" "My boyfriend thought it was OK!" "This is what I was taught!" or "Other people were much worse than I was!"
- 14) Is it important not to do something that will trip up or confuse someone else who won't understand?
- 15) According to verse 14, was food sacrificed to idols and then sold in the market unclean?
- 16) Should you eat that food around someone who is convinced it is unclean?
- 17) If a friend of yours thinks something is wrong, should you consider not doing it for their sake even though they are mistaken?
- 18) Which does verse 17 seem to state is more important, what you do or what you are like inside?
- 19) Which way of serving Christ is acceptable to God and men?
 - a) Always doing whatever you think is OK for you
 - b) Trying to do the right thing, but being careful to not hurt or upset anyone, even if it means not doing something you want to.
- 20) "Let us _____ the things which make for peace and the _____ of one another."
- 21) "It is good not to eat meat or to _____, or to do anything by which your brother stumbles."
- 22) Is drinking alcohol one of the things that offends people in this country?
- 23) We know that getting drunk is wrong from Ephesians 5:18: "Do not get drunk with wine, for that is dissipation, but be filled with the Spirit," Is drinking without getting drunk wrong sometimes too?
- 24) If Paul were around today, do you think he would be very careful about drinking alcohol in light of verse 21?
- 25) Where should our convictions come from?
- 26) If you don't feel comfortable about doing something, should you think twice about doing it?
- 27) Where might that uncomfortable feeling be coming from?
- 28) Is it easy to live for the Lord, or is it sometimes very confusing?
- 29) Let's ask God to help us to live carefully for Him!

Memory verse

Rom 14:12

So then each one of us shall give account of himself to God. (NAS)

Romans #11

Chapter 15

- 1) “Now we who are _____ ought to bear the weaknesses of those without strength and not just _____ ourselves. Let each of us please his neighbor for _____ good, to _____ edification.”
- 2) Do we have a responsibility to try to please those around us?
- 3) Who is our example?
- 4) Was it easy for Him? What happened to Him?
- 5) Why were the stories of the Bible written?
- 6) Where can we find encouragement from God?
- 7) Are some people hard to accept? What example does the Lord use to show us that we ought to accept people who are very “unacceptable” to us?
- 8) What group of people were the early Christians having such a hard time accepting, that Paul had to show them it had been prophesied in the old testament that they would one day be part of God’s church?
- 9) “Therefore in Christ Jesus I have found reason for boasting in things pertaining to _____.”
- 10) Where did Paul try to preach?
- 11) Paul said he would like to stop and see the Christians in Rome during an upcoming trip he was planning to _____ (what country).
- 12) Paul said he was going to Jerusalem to: (choose one)
 - a) To see the pope
 - b) To visit the empty tomb
 - c) To serve the saints (believers)
 - d) To take a much needed vacation.
- 13) “Yes, they ... are indebted to them. For if the Gentiles have shared in their spiritual things, they are indebted to minister to them also in material things.” What does this mean?
- 14) This reminds us that we are responsible to help materially those who have helped us spiritually. Who are some people who have helped you spiritually?
- 15) How did Paul say the believers could work with him?
- 16) Do you think prayer can make a difference?

Chapter 16

- 1) Why did Paul say that the Christians should be careful to give Phoebe help?
- 2) “Greet Prisca and Aquila, my fellow workers in Christ Jesus who for my life _____ their own _____, to whom not only do I give thanks, but also all the churches of the Gentiles;”
- 3) What do you think the phrase, “Risked their own necks” might have meant?
- 4) What was special about Epaenetus?
- 5) What are 4 things we know about Andronicus and Junias?
 - a)
 - b)
 - c)
 - d)
- 6) Who was mentioned who you think may have been twins?
- 7) What is Rufus called?
- 8) Do you think someone would ever refer to you like that?
- 9) **Philo** means “love” and **logos** means “word”. Whose name meant, “lover of the Word”?
- 10) Wouldn’t it be great if people thought of us in that way?
- 11) What two things do the people who divide churches use to deceive people?
 - a)
 - b)
- 12) “I want you to be _____ in what is good, and innocent in what is _____.”
- 12) Do you have to know about everything?
- 13) What does the Scripture say is going to happen to Satan very soon?
- 14) Who actually wrote the book of Romans for Paul?
- 15) Was Romans tough? Did you enjoy it?