Chapter 1

- 1) Verse one tells us that Zechariah was prophesying during the reign of Darius, king of Persia, but where was he doing his prophesying, according to Ezra 5:1?
- 2) Was the Lord pleased with the ancestors of the people in Judah?
- 3) How do we get the Lord to return to us?
- 4) How does a believer return to the Lord according to verse 4?
- 5) Which will last longer: a) You b) The Word of God
- 6) Did Zachariah spend a long time coming up with some interesting prophecies?
- 7) "I saw at night, and behold, a man was riding on a ______ horse, and he was standing mong the myrtle trees which were in the ravine, with red, sorrel, and white horses behind him."
- 8) Did Zechariah know what the things he was seeing represented?
- 9) Referring to the horsemen: "The man who was standing among the myrtle trees answered and said, 'These are those whom the ______ has sent to _____ the earth.'"
- 10) What did they find in the earth?
- 11) With whom had the Lord been indignant for 70 years?
- 12) When the angel of the Lord asked how long the Lord would have no compassion on Jerusalem, what kind of response did he get from the Lord?
- 13) Look at verses 14-17. We see emotions from God. What was the Lord jealous about?
- 14) What made him angry?
- 15) What emotion did the Lord say he was going to show Jerusalem?
- 16) What did He predict for Jerusalem (Zion) in the future?
- 17) What did he see next?
- 18) "Horns" represent powers. What had these 4 horns (powers/nations) done?
- 19) What did he see next?

What were they coming to do?

Chapter 2

- 1) What was the next thing the prophet saw?
- 2) What was he doing?
- 3) "Run, speak to that young man, saying, 'Jerusalem will be inhabited _______, because of the multitude of men and cattle within it. For I, declares the LORD, will be a ______ of ____ around her, and I will be the _____ in her midst."
- 4) Where were the Jews supposed to flee from?
- 5) What is directly North of Israel? a) The USA b) Syria & Russia c) Africa d) Australia
- 6) Where is Babylon? a) Iraq b) USA c) Siberia d) France
- 7) "He who touches you, touches the apple of His eye." The apple of your eye is the pupil. You automatically protect your pupil from harm. Isn't it cool that God feels that way about us?
- 8) According to verse 9, what would the Lord do to those horns/nations?
- 9) Explain how the Lord has already fulfilled verse 10, but not verse 11?
- 10) Will the Lord only come to live with the Jews?
- 11) Is the Lord done using Jerusalem?
- 12) Sometimes we don't understood what God is like. Read I Timothy 6:16. Doesn't that make Zechariah 2:13 a very powerful verse?

Chapter 3:1-5

- 1) Read verse 1. The name Joshua is Hebrew for the Name Jesus. Who is our high priest according to Hebrews 7:25-27?
- 2) Doesn't verse one take on a different meaning when you substitute the name Jesus for Joshua?
- 3) What is the proper way to rebuke Satan? (See also Jude 1:8-10)
- 4) Do you think those preachers who say publicly, "Satan, I rebuke you!" are following the Scriptures?
- 5) How was Joshua (Jesus) dressed?
- 6) What did the Lord do with his dirty clothes?
- 7) Read verses 1-5. When was Jesus covered with filth and being accused by Satan? (choose 1)
 - a) When he took our sin on Himself on the cross
 - b) When he was living on earth

Chapter 3:6-10

- 1) Read verses 6-8. Who was this Joshua (Hebrew translation of the name, "Jesus"), supposed to be a symbol of?
- 2) Who do you think the "branch" is? (Read Jeremiah 23:5 and 33:15)
- 3) What did the stone have that stones usually don't have?
- 4) According to Revelation 5:6, who else has seven eyes?
- 5) What do these eyes represent in Revelation 5:6?
- 6) Who also is referred to as a stone in Acts 4:11?
- 7) What was the one day when the iniquity of Israel was removed?
- 8) What does sitting under your vine and under your fig tree represent? (read I Kings 4:25)?
- 9) Who dwells in safety today? a) The person who is lost b) The person who is unsure c) The person who is saved
- 10) Are you dwelling under you vine and under your fig tree?

Chapter 4

- 1) Who seems to have dozed off at this point?
- 2) What did he see when he woke up? a) Lamp stand & two olive trees b) A bright light c) Horses
- 3) Does the angel seem surprised that Zechariah doesn't know what he is seeing?
- 4) "Not by might nor by power, but by My ." Who did the Lord say this to?
- 5) Zerubbabel means, "sown (planted) in Babylon". Where do you think he was probably born?
- 6) Doesn't verse 7 sound a little strange?
- 7) Reading verse 8, what do you think Zerubbabel was involved in? a) Building the temple b) Crime
- 8) Do we sometimes despise (take for granted) the "small things" God does for us?
- 9) What are "these seven" mentioned in verse 10? (see Revelation 5:6)
- 10) What is one thing we know the eyes of the Lord look for according to II Chronicles 16:9?
- 11) So the seven lamps represent the eyes of the Lord. What are the two olive trees?
- 12) When do we hear about these two olive trees again? (Revelation 11:3 & 4)

Chapter 5

- 1) What does the prophet see next?
- 2) How big was it? (cubit =18 inches)

Don't you love math?

- 3) What two great sins were written about on the paper?
- 4) Was the paper talking about using bad words or swearing falsely in God's name?
- 5) Does it sound like honesty is very serious to God?
- 6) An "ephah" is a grain measurement of about a bushel. In this passage he refers to the container that holds that much grain. What does he see inside when the lead cover is removed?
- 7) What does that woman represent?
- 8) What took the woman and the *ephah* away?
- 9) "Shinar", is an ancient name for Babylon. Where did the angel say the women were taking the *ephah*?
- 10) Knowing what the woman in the *ephah* represents, what do you think the Lord was saying about what Babylon would actually place on a pedestal in the future?
- 11) Does it seem like our country is placing wickedness on a pedestal sometimes with our thirst for entertainment and Hollywood celebrity?
- 12) Does God seem to enjoy writing in allegories and parables?

Chapter 6:1-8

- 1) What did he see coming from between two bronze mountains?
- 2) What color were the horses of the first chariot?
- 2nd?

3rd?

 4^{th} ?

- 3) Did Zechariah know what these were?
- 4) What did the angel say they were?
- 5) What were the charioteers told to do in verse 7?
- 6) Where did the chariots with the black and white horses go? (verse 6)
- 7) What did the angel say those chariots accomplished? (verse 8)
- 8) Do you think these chariots may represent God's judgments?

Chapter 6:9-15

1)	The scattered Jews were returning to Israel at this time. Where had Josiah just come from?
2)	What did the angel tell Zechariah to do at Josiah's house?
3)	Who was Joshua? (see Zechariah 3:1)
4)	Do you remember what the Greek translation of the name Joshua is?
5)	Here is what he is supposed to say as he puts the crown on Joshua's head: "Thus says the LORD of
	hosts, 'Behold, a man whose name is, for will branch out from where He
	is; and will build the temple of the LORD."
6)	Who is this "branch" he is talking about? (see Jeremiah 23:5 & 6)
7)	"Yes, it is He who will build the of the LORD, and He who will bear the honor and sit
	and rule on His Thus, He will be a on His throne, and the counsel of
	peace will be between the two offices."
8)	Who fulfills these following things?
	a) Becomes the king of Israel? (see John 1:49)
	b) Becomes our high priest? (see Hebrews 4:14)
	c) Builds the temple? (Mark 14:58)
0)	d) Will counsel with peace? (Isaiah 9:6)
	Read I Corinthians 6:19 & 20. Where is God's temple now? "Now the property of the LORD"
10)	"Now the will become a in the temple of the LORD" Do we need to be reminded who should be wearing the crown (in control) in our temple?
	What would happen if Joshua completely obeyed the Lord?
,	pter 7
	Are these prophecies tied to real historical people and specific dates?
	Who was in his fourth year ruling as king from Persia?
	What happened in the 6 th year of Darius? (see Ezra 6:15)
4)	
5)	What did Jeremiah say was going to happen after 70 years under Babylon's control? (see Jeremiah
	23:11)
6)	Do verses 5 & 6 remind you of I Corinthians 10:31?
7)	Read verses 8-12. Did the Lord want the people to perform religious activities (e.g. fasting) or did He
	want them to make real changes in the way they were living?
8)	The word here translated "flint" here is sometimes used when speaking of diamonds, one of the
	hardest substances known to man. What were the results of the people hardening their hearts?
9)	Do WE sometimes perform religious activities instead of making heart felt changes in our living in
10)	response to God's word?
	If God calls and you don't listen, what can sometimes be the result?
	What had happened to the pleasant land over the last 70 years? Was it a popular vacation spot for Jews who lived around the world?
	pter 8:1-17
	What emotion does God display in verse 2?
2)	Is jealousy normally an evil thing? (see Galatians 5:19 & 20)
3)	Read II Corinthians 11:2 & 3. When is jealousy not an evil thing?
4)	What will Jerusalem be called when Jesus dwells there?
5)	Does it sound like there were a lot of kids and old people in Jerusalem in those days?
6)	Read verse 6. Did the people of Jerusalem think this was likely to happen?
7)	"Thus says the LORD of hosts, 'Behold, I am going to My people from the land of the east
	and from the land of the west; and will bring them back, and they will live in the midst of
	Jeusalem, and they will be My people and I will be their God in truth and"
8)	How much of the temple had been done at this point?
	According to verses 10 and 11, what had God allowed to hold up the completion of the temple?
	Who was going to change the whole picture for Jerusalem?
11)	God had allowed the devastation on purpose. What would He purpose to do now?

12) God told them not to be afraid. What else did He instruct them to do?

Chapter 8:18-23

1)	In what months were the people of Israel having fast days?
2)	What will the fasts (doing without food) become?
3)	What will people be encouraging one another to do, in Verses 20 and 21?
4)	Where will these peoples and nations come to seek the Lord?
5)	Who has special access to the Lord during the time mentioned? (choose one)
	a) The Gentiles b) The Jews c) Both seem to have equal access
Cha	pter 9
1)	Many scholars think Hadrach was the name of one of the false gods of Syria. Damascus was one of
	Syria's most famous cities. What are the names of three other cities there?
2)	Describe Tyre according to verse 3.
3)	Who will bring about her destruction, according to verse 4?
4)	The five chief cities of the Philistines are mentioned in verses 5 and 6. What are they?
	a) b) c) d) e)
5)	What does God do with the Philistines?
	a) Wipes them all out b) Saves a remnant and makes them part of His people
6)	The Jebusites were the Canaanite people who lived in the area of Jerusalem before the Israelites
	came there. Knowing that fact, where do you think these Philistines will live?
	a) Far from Jerusalem b) Somewhere close to Jerusalem c) They will be homeless
7)	Who will come and protect Jerusalem and the temple at this time?
8)	"Rejoice greatly, O daughter of Zion! Shout in triumph, O daughter of Jerusalem! Behold, your
	is coming to you; He is just and endowed with, humble, and
0)	mounted on a, even on a, the foal of a donkey."
9)	Read Matthew 21:1-10. Who fulfilled this prophecy in a dramatic manner?
10)	We find ourselves today, in the division between verses 9 & 10. Who will bring peace to the earth
11\	and have dominion on the earth in the future?
	What is it that brings about freedom from punishment?
12)	What do you think "the hope" in verse 12 will be? a) Hope in power within themselves b) Hope in the returning Massich, Lause a) "Hope and change" that good government can being
13)	the returning Messiah, Jesus c) "Hope and change" that good government can bring What country or region will have some kind of conflict with Israel in those days?
	What 4 things from verse will the Lord do in this conflict? a)
11)	b) c) d)
15)	Write 3 picturesque ways the people of Israel are described in verse 16, showing they are special.
- /	a)
	b)
	c)
16)	Aren't those descriptions cool?
Cha	pter 10:1-7
1)	Rain is very important to the land of Israel. Who were they to seek for rain?
2)	Taraphim were household idols people would seek for help. Where else did they try to find insight?
3)	Why were the people wandering like sheep?
4)	Who was God angry with?
5)	Shepherds and male goats would be 1) the followers 2) the leaders 3) parts of a <i>manger scene</i>
6)	According to verses 3 & 4, What will come from the house of Judah?
	a) The stone b) The peg c) The bow of
7)	d) ruler
7)	Read Ephesians 2:20. Who became the cornerstone?
8)	What tribe of Israel did Jesus come from? (see Hebrews 7:14)
9) 10)	How many rulers of Israel were to come from other tribes? "And I shall strengthen the house of Judah, and I shall save the house of Joseph, and I shall bring
10)	them back, because I have had on them; and they will be as though I had not
	them, for I am the LORD their God, and,"
11)	Will the Jewish people ever come back to the Lord?
,	1 1

Chap	pter 10:8-12	
1)		
2)	Who will do that to gather Israel in the future?	
3)	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	
	verses 9 &10 been fulfilled?	
4)		
5)	7 671	
6)	,	
7)	they will," Won't that be special, when they finally accept their Messiah, Jesus?	
Chapter 11		
-	What type of tree was Lebanon famous for?	
	How is the forest of Bashan described?	
	These people groups in Jordan (east of Israel) and Lebanon (north of Israel) are referred to as, "the	
3)	flock doomed to"!	
4)		
5)	Verse 7 makes it sound like Zachariah was pasturing the flock doomed to slaughter, but look at verse 10. Who is actually talking here?	
6)		
7)		
8)		
0)	a)	
	b)	
9)	Which staff (shepherd's tool) did He cut in pieces?	
	Do verses 9-11 make it sound like Zechariah was acting out this drama as an illustration?	
	Read verses 12-13. What was given to Zechariah as his wages?	
	Who else received 30 pieces of silver? (Matthew 26:14 & 15)	
	Then the LORD said to me, "Throw it to the potter, that at which I	
13)	was valued by them. So I took the thirty shekels of silver and threw them to the potter in the house	
	of the LORD."	
14)	All the things below happened. Which of these things was exactly prophesied HERE (in this	
/	passage) and fulfilled in the New Testament by Judas?	
	a) Judas was stealing money from the disciples (John 12:6)	
	b) Judas betrayed Jesus for 30 pieces of silver (Matthew 27:14 & 15)	
	c) Judas Hanged himself (Matthew 27:5)	
	d) Judas threw the money down "In the house of the Lord" (Matthew 27:3-80	
	e) The money was "thrown to the potter" (Matthew 27:3-8)	
15)	Did the people Zechariah was talking to realize he was predicting what would happen with the	
	Messiah?	
15)	"Then I cut my second staff,, in pieces, to break the between Judah and	
	Israel."	
	Read verse 15. What is the only piece of equipment a shepherd usually has?	
	What does the Lord say he is going to do?	
18)	What two physical features might identify this evil shepherd (leader)?	
Cl	a) b)	
-	oter 12:1-3	
1)	What are three things that God has done that no one can explain or fathom?	
	a)	
	b)	
2)	c) Pood verses 28.2 Is Jeruselem going to be easy for other notions to deal with eccording to this?	
2) 3)	Read verses 2&3. Is Jerusalem going to be easy for other nations to deal with according to this? Has Jerusalem been a problem to other countries historically?	

Chapter 12:4-14

- 1) Look at verses 4 & 5. Knowing what you do about the oil industry, is there any way, that the battles referred to here, as being conducted on horseback, could be in the future?
- 2) Does it sound like the people of Judah will be a powerful force to reckon with?
- 3) Is God just going to save Jerusalem or the house of David here?
- 4) Read verses 8 & 9. It says that the people descended from David will be like an angel of the Lord in battle. What did the angel of the Lord do in a battle for Jerusalem in II Kings 19:34 & 35?
- 5) "I will pour out on the house of David and on the inhabitants of Jerusalem, the Spirit of grace and of supplication, so that they will look on ______ whom they have ______; and they will mourn for Him, as one mourns for an ______, and they will weep bitterly over Him, like the bitter weeping over a first-born."
- 6) Isn't that a cool prophecy verse?
- 7) Won't it be awesome when the Jews accept the Messiah and recognize Him as the true Son of God?
- 8) What event had previously produced a terrible mourning at Megiddo? (see 2 Chronicles 35:22-26)
- 9) Read verses 12-14. Is this just a public mourning or will it be the personal mourning of people who are truly sorry that they had rejected their Messiah?

Chapter 13

- 1) What picture is used to illustrate that the Jews are receiving forgiveness when they accept their Messiah?
- 2) Will there be a resurgence of idol worship?
- 3) Will prophets be needed anymore at that time?
- 4) What reason could there be, to no longer need any prophecy? (choose one)
 - a) God doesn't want people to know what will happen in the future anymore
 - b) God has already told us all we need to know about the future in the scriptures by that time and doesn't plan on adding it. (see-Revelation 22:18 & 19)
- 5) Read verses 6 & 7. Who said these verses were a prophecy about the Messiah? (Matthew 26:31)
- 6) "Fire" is used to refine and to test
- 7) How much of the population of Israel seems to destined for destruction before the Jews will turn to the Lord?

Chapter 14

- 1) Read verses 1-3. What will happen to Jerusalem right before the Lord comes?
- 2) What spot did Jesus leave the world from? (Acts 1:9-12)
- 3) What spot will He return to?
- 4) What will happen when His feet touch ground there?
- 5) What other geological phenomena (which happened in the days of Uzziah) will happen as well?
- 6) "Then the LORD, my God, will _____, and all the _____ ones ____ Him!"
- 7) What happens in verse 6?
- 8) Water is always in short supply in Israel. What will happen to fix that problem on this day?
- 9) "The LORD will be _____ over all the earth; in that day the LORD will be the _____ one, and the only one."
- 10) If you read verse 11 and Philippians 2:9&10. Who does Jesus have to be?
- 11) What else will be changed?
- 12) When speaking of Jerusalem, it says there will be, "no more curse". What *curse* might be referred to Here? (hint read Matthew 27:24-26)
- 13) In what ways does the plague spoken of in verses 12-15 remind you of a radiation explosion?
- 14) What will the reaction of the nations be?
- 15) What feast will they celebrate?
- 16) What will happen to the nations if they don't celebrate that feast?
- 17) Read Exodus 25:29. What will plain cooking pots in the house of the Lord be made of?
- 18) Do you think there will no longer be Canaanites in the house of the Lord because they are wiped out or because they will become believers?