

Devotional Bible Study Reading Sheets

The New Testament
and Proverbs

By Daryl Lynn

Dedication

I would like to dedicate this book to my loving wife, Nancy, my children (DJ & Emily, Jeremy & Lisa, Micah & Kimberly, Vanessa, Zachary, and Joanna) and to my mother, Claire, who gave me such a great love and respect for the Scriptures.

I also want to dedicate this book to those who supported and encouraged me to stick with it over the past ten years, especially the little ones, who kept bugging their parents to complete reading sheets they could turn in each week.

Will and Jenny Applegate
Bailey, Emma, Tyler, and Trent Pabst
Marla Hernandez
Anna, Carly, and Sophie Herman
Nathan, Emily, Josiah, and Madison Lynn
Sean and Cassidy Waigand
Luke and Hannah Knudsvig
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Matthew and Daniel Taylor
Megan and Michael Ferguson
Megan Bishop
Crystal McKinzie
Tommie Micheals
Daniel and Justin Wells
Also the Holdegravers, the Runges, and the Bransons

My final dedication is to a special lady who wrote me a very special personal note on the bottom of a reading sheet that one of her grandkids turned in to me back in 2004.

It said,

***“Thank you, Daryl, for all your time, preparation, and the love of our little ones!
Gram”***

Before I finished this book, Sherri Herman, who wrote me that note, went home to be with the Lord after a long struggle with cancer. I’ve been keeping that sheet in my desk, and I take it out every once in a while just to read it over to remind myself that she is counting on me!

Introduction

About ten years ago, I was considering ways to encourage the young people in our youth group (Impact) to read the Scriptures. As part of a team competition, kids were given points for bringing friends, memorizing verses, and reading passages of Scripture. It was easy to award the points for bringing new friends and to verify that verses were memorized; we had the kids quote the verses to their team captain to prove that they had memorized them. I also needed a way to verify that the Bible passages were being read as well. I decided to write reading sheets for some of the key books that were written to young believers. (I & II Thessalonians, I & II Timothy, Titus, etc) The young people would fill out the sheets as they read the passages and would hand the sheets in for team points. The questions on the sheets were put together in such a way that the kids would have to read the passage to find the answers from the passage. I also wanted the questions to be thought provoking and insightful, so that it would be like a little devotional study. In this way I hoped that the kids would learn from, and be challenged by, the Scripture passage they were reading. It seemed to work well.

As I put these sheets together, I decided to share a few of them with the full congregation on Sunday mornings. I challenged the believers to read the passage, fill out the sheet, and hand them in the next week. I offered to buy them a soda if they filled out the sheet for the following week. Some of the believers took up the challenge.

To my surprise the sheets were very well received. Some people were very enthusiastic because they were reading the Scriptures on a regular basis for the first time. Many adults were encouraged by their little children (and grandchildren) who were allowed to turn in sheets for their parents and receive a prize instead of a soda. I was so encouraged by the reception the sheets were receiving, that I kept producing a new sheet every week. I also was told by others, young and old, who told me that, although they used the sheets every week, they preferred not to turn them in. I knew this was true because when they were absent, they would ask me for the sheet they missed the week before.

At this point I decided to call them Devotional Reading Sheets. As time went on, I decided not to avoid difficult passages, but rather to ask questions which would help people to understand them more fully. The sheets became a little Bible study of their own, as I shared cross reference passages which gave insights to the verses being read. The sheets would take me a lot of time to study and write up, because I'm such a poor typist, but I couldn't face those kids on Sundays without a new challenge sheet to hand out. Over the last 10 years I have written Devotional Reading Sheets for the entire New Testament and am presently working on the Old Testament.

Matthew #1

Chapter 1

- 1) Who are the two key people (direct ancestors of Jesus) in Jewish history, that received promises regarding their descendants in verse 1?
- 2) Verse 1 to 17 show the royal family tree for:
 - a) The King of Siam
 - b) The king of the Jews
 - c) Jesus
 - d) Both a & c
- 3) In verse 6, does the scripture try to cover up King David's sin?
- 4) Verse 16 refers to Joseph as:
 - a) The father of Jesus
 - b) The husband of Mary (to whom was born Jesus)
- 5) "Now the birth of Jesus _____ was as follows. When His mother Mary had been betrothed to Joseph, _____ they came together she was found to be with child by the _____."
- 6) Does the story make it sound like Joseph really loved Mary and was deeply hurt by her pregnancy?
- 7) Does God sometimes ask us to endure great heartbreak for His sake?
- 8) What could have happened if Mary's pregnancy had been made public?
- 9) What title did the angel of the Lord use for Joseph when speaking to him?
- 10) "And she will bear a Son; and you shall call His name _____, for it is He who will _____ His people from their _____."
- 11) Why did Jesus come, according to the angel of the Lord?
 - a) To show us a better way to live
 - b) To save His people from sin.
 - c) To give us great teachings
- 13) Notice how prophesy works in verse 22: "Now all this took place that what was _____ by the Lord _____ the _____ might be fulfilled..."
- 14) What does the name "Immanuel" mean?
- 15) If Jesus is *with us* and is called "God with us" by the angel of the Lord, who does this mean Jesus has to be?
- 16) Did Joseph marry Mary before Jesus was born?
- 17) "...and kept her a _____ until she gave birth to a Son; and he called His name Jesus."
- 18) Could anybody trace his ancestry back to David today?
- 19) Will anyone else ever be able to prove that he is the Messiah?

Chapter 2

- 1) "Now after Jesus was born in Bethlehem of Judea in the days of _____ the _____, behold, magi from the east arrived in Jerusalem, saying, 'Where is He who has been born _____ of the _____? For we saw His star in the east, and have come to _____ Him.'"
- 2) Why do you think it troubled Herod that someone was looking for the newborn king?
- 3) When Herod asked the priests where the Christ (Messiah) was supposed to be born, where did they find the answer?
- 4) "And you, _____, land of Judah, Are by no means least among the leaders of Judah; For out of you shall come forth a _____, Who will _____ My people Israel. "
- 5) Where was Jesus born according to verse 1?
- 6) Who referred to Himself as the Good Shepherd? (see John 10:11)
- 7) Do you think Jesus fulfilled these prophecies?
- 8) What did Herod want to know?
 - a) Where they had seen the star
 - b) Who had told them what the star meant
 - c) The time they first saw the star
- 9) What reason did Herod give for wanting to know where the child was?
 - a) He said he would kill the child.
 - b) He wanted to worship the child
 - c) He wanted to officially recognize the child as king
- 10) Who warned the magi not to return to Herod?
- 11) Where did God tell Joseph to take his family?
- 12) What was it that caused Herod to kill babies 2 years old and younger in Bethlehem? (hint-see question 8)
- 13) According to the first century historian Josephus, Herod murdered his own wife and two sons because he thought they were plotting to take over his kingdom. Why do you think he feared Jesus?
- 14) Where did Joseph settle his family when he returned to Israel?
- 15) Does it look like the birth of Jesus is backed up by much historical information?

Matthew #2

Chapter 3

- 1) Who was the first to declare, "Repent for the kingdom of heaven is at hand."?
- 2) Who prophesied that this messenger (John) would come to preach?
- 3) What were the following items made of?
 - a) His garment
 - b) His belt
 - c) His food
- 4) Does it sound like he became well known?
- 5) "...they were being _____ by him in the Jordan River, as they confessed their _____."
- 6) The Pharisees and the Sadducees were the religious leaders. What did John the Baptist call them?
- 7) When they came to be baptized, what did John tell them to bring?
- 8) The word *repentance* means a "change of mind." Does it sound like these religious leaders had any *change of mind*?
- 9) Which of these things did the religious leaders think was the most important?
 - a) Being saved from their sins
 - b) Being descended from Abraham (being Jews)
- 10) Who do you think John is speaking of when he says, "He who is coming after me..."?
- 11) John baptized with water. What two things did he say *the one coming after* him would baptize with?
 - a)
 - b)
- 12) In speaking of these two baptisms in verse 12 it says, "He will gather His wheat into the barn, but He will burn up the chaff with unquenchable fire." Which baptism involves gathering His wheat into His barn?
- 13) Look at what happens to the chaff. Is the *baptism of fire* for believers or unbelievers?
- 14) Why did Jesus come to John? Did John feel worthy of this?
- 15) Why did Jesus say that John should permit this baptism to take place?
- 16) After Jesus was baptized, what descended on Him?
 - a) A dove
 - b) A bright light
 - c) The Spirit of God coming as a dove
- 17) "...and behold, a voice out of the heavens, saying, 'This is My _____ Son, in whom I am _____ - _____.'"

Chapter 4

- 1) What is the very next thing that happened to Jesus after the Father declared that He was well-pleased with Him?
- 2) If we are led to face temptations and trials, does that mean that God isn't pleased with us?
- 3) Jesus was tempted by the Devil. His name means "slanderer" or "accuser." To whom do you think he slanders or accuses us?
- 4) How long did Jesus go without food? What is the longest you have gone without food?
- 5) What are the first three words that Jesus answered the tempter with?
- 6) What does the phrase, "It is written," mean here?
 - a) "Somebody wrote once"
 - b) "A wise man (Confucius, Buddha, etc) once wrote"
 - c) "Scripture (God's Word) says"
- 7) In verse 6, the devil used a quotation from the Bible to tempt Jesus. Is it possible for people to misuse or misquote the Bible in order to confuse or deceive us?
- 8) Read acts 17:11. What is the best way to make sure that you are not deceived by someone misusing God's Word?
 - a) Never listen to what others think about the Bible.
 - b) Read it yourself and don't let anyone influence you.
 - c) Read and listen to good teaching but always check it out yourself.
- 9) Read verses 6&7. Why shouldn't we flippantly do dangerous things asking God to protect us?
- 10) Do you think a lot of us would give up our pursuit of serving God for all the kingdoms of the world and all of their glory?
- 11) As followers of Christ, what 3 words would it be wise for us to use against temptations from Satan?
- 12) We are in a battle. What is the only offensive weapon we are given in Ephesians 6:17?
- 13) Does it sound like Jesus was using this weapon?
- 14) How can you make sure that have that weapon when you need it?
 - a) Always have a brilliant Bible teacher with you.
 - b) Memorize verses that speak to your weaknesses.
 - c) Carry a really big Bible.
- 15) Who began preaching repentance ("a change of mind") at this time?
- 16) What did Jesus say to Andrew and Peter? When did they respond?
- 17) Did Jesus even heal paralyzed people? Can modern healers do this?

Matthew #3

Chapter 5

D. Lynn 3/12/04

- 1) Why is this passage called "The Sermon on the Mount"?
- 2) What happens to those who ***hunger and thirst for righteousness***?
- 3) Are you hungering and thirsting for righteousness?
- 4) Do you believe God's promises in these verses?
- 5) "Blessed are the merciful, for they _____ mercy."
- 6) Is it easy to be a peacemaker? _____ Is this just talking about powerful government negotiators?
- 7) There are two things that have to be true in order to get the blessing mentioned in verse 11. Fill in the blanks to show what they are: "Blessed are you when men cast insults at you, and persecute you, and say all kinds of evil against you a) _____, on b) _____."
- 8) Are you blessed when you are insulted for any reason?
- 9) Are you blessed if people say evil things about you and those things are true?
- 10) Would you put salt on your food if it didn't have flavor?
- 11) Salt without flavor is: a) Great on steak b) Just a rock, (like gravel) c) Best when used on popcorn
- 12) Does God want you to hide your faith from others?
- 13) You should shine your light in such a way, that two things will happen. What are they?
a) _____
b) _____
- 15) Jesus did not come to abolish (destroy and remove) the law, but to _____.
- 16) True or false. According to verse 18, the words of the Bible aren't important, just the general thoughts and ideas are important.
- 17) "Whoever then _____ one of the least of these commandments and so teaches others, shall be called least in the kingdom of heaven; but whoever _____ and _____ them, he shall be called great in the kingdom of heaven."
- 18) Look at verse 20. How good do you have to be to deserve heaven? a) Perfect b) Good c) OK
- 19) Where will we be able to get perfection? (hint-see II Corinthians 5:21)
- 20) ***Raca*** means, "empty head". Should we be calling people "stupid" or "idiots"?
- 21) According to verses 23&24, does God want you to reconcile with people who have something against you?
- 22) Does God tell us it's wiser to settle disputes in court or to "settle out of court"?
- 23) Can thoughts be sinful? _____ Are we supposed to control our thoughts?
- 24) Look at verses 29&30. Are there some people who will not get saved because they believe God will make changes in their lives that they would not like to make?
- 25) Is it worth it to allow anything to keep you away from God?
- 26) "I say to you, that everyone who divorces his wife, except for the cause of _____ (sex outside of the marriage), makes her commit adultery; and whoever marries a divorced woman commits adultery."
- 27) Does God allow divorce sometimes? _____ Did God want divorce to be common?
- 28) Although He sometimes allows it, what feeling does God have towards divorce in general? (see Malachi 2:16)
- 29) Look at verses 33-37. Should we have to ***swear*** that the things we say are true, or should we be so trustworthy, that people will believe our simple "Yes" or "No"?
- 30) If you lie once in a while, just to stay out of trouble, do you think people will continue to trust you?
- 31) Was Jesus saying that the "eye for an eye" thinking was ***wrong***, or that the, "turn the other cheek" thinking was ***better***?
- 32) The Romans had a law that allowed a soldier to force any Jew (or citizen of a conquered province) to carry his pack for him for one mile. The Jews hated this rule! Did Jesus tell the people to resist this rule?
- 33) Is it fair for someone to ask you to do his work? _____ Are Christians only to do what's fair?
- 34) What are two examples of God loving everyone, even if they don't love Him?
a) _____
b) _____
- 35) Do people tend to only love those who love them?
- 36) "Therefore _____ are to be perfect, as your heavenly Father is perfect." Which of the following statements is true? a) God doesn't really mean this. b) If you are not perfect, you are not saved. c) God really wants us to always be striving to be more and more like Him.

Matthew #4

Chapter 6

D. Lynn 3/17/04

- 1) Read verse 1 and Matthew 5:16. What do these verses mean? (choose one)
 - a) Don't ever let people see the good things you do
 - b) Let people see all the good you do so they will think better of you
 - c) Do good, and if people see it, point to God
- 2) Should we intentionally draw attention to the good things we do?
- 3) Should we, in fact, keep some of the things we do private, so that we won't be praised?
- 4) Do some people enjoy praying publicly to get recognition for their spirituality?
- 5) If you do things secretly, who will give you credit?
- 6) Look at verse 7. Is it a good idea to repeat the same prayers over and over?
- 7) When Jesus said "pray in this way," before He shared what we call The Lord's Prayer, did He mean that we should repeat the prayer over and over again, or did He mean that we should use it as an example for our prayers?
- 8) The prayer (verses 9-13) includes which of the following things?
 - a) Praise
 - b) Complaints
 - c) Request for forgiveness
 - d) Requests for wealth
 - e) Request for daily needs
 - f) Request for help in the face of evil
- 9) If you are unforgiving, do you think it affects your relationship with the Lord?
- 10) What reward did the people in verse 16 want?
- 11) What happens to earthly treasures?
- 12) If you have your eye on something other than the Lord, will it obscure your vision?
- 13) "Mammon" means "wealth or riches." According to verse 24, if you **concentrate** on gaining wealth, can you effectively serve the Lord as well?
- 14) What illustrations did the Lord give to demonstrate that He will provide for us? (choose one)
 - a) The birds and the bees
 - b) The little engine that could
 - c) The birds and the lilies
 - d) The fox and the henhouse
- 15) What two things are we supposed to seek first in our lives?
- 16) Is worry about the future something that Jesus says is worthwhile?

Chapter 7

- 1) In the midst of our dealings with people, are we to set ourselves up as the judges of others?
- 2) Why is it dangerous to judge others?
- 3) Read verses 3-5. Are we supposed to concentrate on our faults or on the faults of others?
- 4) Read verse 6. Should we share all our innermost thoughts with unbelievers?
- 5) Read verses 7-11. When you read all of these verses together, what is it telling you?
 - a) God gives you whatever you want
 - b) God is a good Father who wants to give His children everything that is good
- 6) Which verse tells you how to keep God's law?
- 7) How many people will find "destruction"?
- 8) How many will find "life"?
- 9) According to this, will most people get saved and go to heaven, or will most people be lost?
- 10) Is it usually easy to recognize a false prophet?
- 11) In what way does it tell you here that you will be able to recognize them?
 - a) By the way they act
 - b) By the way they dress
 - c) By what fruit they produce
- 12) What three things are we told will sometimes be done by people who don't even know God?
 - a)
 - b)
 - c)
- 13) While they claimed to be doing all kinds of great things for God, how does God describe what they were doing?
- 13) Is the **wise man** the person who merely hears the Word?
- 14) Why was the house set on the rock not destroyed?
- 15) What gives us our foundation for living?
- 16) What kinds of things can be like rain, floods and winds in our life?
- 17) When the scribes taught, they always quoted what the great Rabbis had said about things. What surprised people about the way Jesus taught?

Matthew #5

Chapter 8

D. Lynn 3/25/04

- 1) Leprosy was an incurable wasting disease. Did Jesus have the power to heal it?
- 2) Why did Jesus tell the leper to show himself to the priest? (hint-see Leviticus 14:2-7)
- 3) A "century" is 100 years. How many Roman soldiers do you think a "centurion" is in charge of?
- 4) Who was the centurion concerned about? a) His son b) A soldier c) His slave
- 5) What was wrong with his slave? Do modern-day "healers" heal this problem?
- 6) Why do you think the centurion didn't just let Jesus come to his house?
- 7) Did Jesus think the man was inhospitable?
- 8) What did Jesus find when He came to Peter's house?
- 9) What did Peter's mother-in-law do immediately after she was healed?
- 10) Some say Peter was the first Pope. Was Peter married?
- 11) Read verses 16 & 17. Does it sound like Jesus was extremely busy?
- 12) Did Jesus have a home of His own?
- 13) Read verses 21 & 22. Do you think that Jesus was callous, or do you think that Jesus knew that this was an excuse to wait around until his father grew old and died?
- 14) Have you ever said, "I'll start really serving the Lord when....."?
- 15) When is the time to follow Christ?
- 16) What was Jesus doing when the storm arose?
- 17) Having Jesus on board, do you need to fear the storms that rage around either "you" or "your life"?
- 18) The two demon-possessed men were living among the tombs. Do you think it is healthy to be preoccupied with death or killing? Do you think we can overdo our entertainment in this area?
- 19) Where did the demons (fallen angels) want to go?
- 20) Were Jews supposed to be raising swine? (hint-see Deuteronomy 14:8)
- 21) Did the people of the town congratulate Jesus for restoring the demon-possessed man?
- 22) Should we expect everyone to appreciate our endeavors to help people?

Chapter 9

- 1) What did the scribes think was blasphemy?
- 2) "Jesus _____ their _____ said, 'Why are you thinking evil in your hearts?'"
- 3) Jesus healed the paralyzed man to prove what?
- 4) What was the reaction of the multitude?
- 5) What was Matthew doing when the Lord called him to follow Him?
- 6) Tax collectors were considered traitors and were hated for helping the Roman rulers. What is the Lord trying to show us in this verse?
- 7) Look at verses 9-13. When you reach out to one person, what sometimes happens?
- 8) What does this mean? "It is not those who are healthy that need a physician, but those who are sick."
- 9) Does it sound like Jesus and His disciples did a lot of fasting (going without food for a while)?
- 10) Who would the "bridegroom" be in verse 15?
- 11) What did Jesus say would happen when the bridegroom was taken away?
- 12) Read verses 16 & 17. Is Christianity just the old Jewish faith with a few changes or a new thing?
- 13) In verse 18, what was the synagogue official asking Jesus to do?
- 14) Did the woman who was suffering with a hemorrhage (bleeding) ask Jesus for healing?
- 15) Does Jesus often bring healing to us, even when we don't ask?
- 16) Where does ALL healing ultimately come from?
- 17) Look at verse 23. Does it sound like funerals were quiet affairs back then?
- 18) What happened when Jesus said the girl was asleep?
- 19) The Messiah had to be a descendant of David. What do we see, that even the common people seemed to know, about Jesus? (verse 27)
- 20) Could the blind men who were healed, keep quiet about it, even when they were instructed to?
- 21) Should we be excited about what Jesus has done for us?
- 22) Look at verse 33. Were the people of Israel easily fooled by phony healers?
- 23) How did the Pharisees explain these healings?
- 24) Are there a lot of people working in God's harvest? What should we pray for?

Matthew #6

(This is a really tough passage with prophecies and difficult verses)

Chapter 10

- 1) Does the Bible say that unclean spirits (demons) are real?
- 2) Which disciples were brothers?
- 3) The “zealots” were a group of Jews who fanatically resisted the Romans and called for the violent overthrow of the Roman government. Which disciple had been a member of this group?
- 4) Who were the disciples to preach to at this time?
- 5) Were the disciples supposed to accumulate riches as they went out preaching?
- 6) Who will be in for more trouble with God?
 - a) Sodom and Gomorrah
 - b) Those cities of Israel that rejected the message of the kingdom and the Messiah
- 7) “I send you out to be as _____ in the midst of _____. Therefore be _____ as serpents and _____ as doves.”
- 8) Is it possible to be *shrewd* and *innocent*?
- 9) In verse 23, it insinuates that the Son will be gone. God stopped dealing with Israel during the time of the church, and will once again deal with them during the time of tribulation. Does it sound like this message (verse 23) was also given to the 144,000 Jewish witnesses (Revelation 7:2-8, 14:1-5) who will be preaching about Jesus to the Jews during the tribulation period?
- 10) Look at verse 26. Will we be able to cover up the secret things we do so that no one knows?
- 11) Look at verses 29-31. Does God know what is going on in our lives?
- 12) Look at verses 32 & 33. Did Peter deny the Lord after this? (hint Matthew 26:75)
- 13) Since Peter denied the Lord, do verses 32 and 33 mean that we lose our eternal salvation if we ever deny Him?
- 14) Does Jesus sometimes cause conflict in families?
- 15) Who should be first in your heart? _____ Jesus or your parents? _____ Jesus or your loved ones?
- 16) What did the phrase, “Take up your cross,” mean to someone in the first century?
- 17) A missionary named Jim Elliot, who was killed by the people he was trying to reach, once said, “He is no fool who gives what he cannot keep to gain what he cannot lose!” What verse in this passage do you think gave him this idea?
- 18) Who is it who will not lose their reward?

Chapter 11

- 1) What did John the Baptist mean by the title, “the expected one”?
- 2) What did Jesus use to prove to John that He was the Messiah?
- 3) Soft clothes were very expensive in those days. Did John the Baptist wear soft clothes?
- 4) Which verse tell us that this prophesy in Malachi 3:1 (“Behold I am going to send my messenger, and he will clear the way before Me.”), refers to John the Baptist?
- 5) “For all the prophets and the law prophesied _____.”
- 6) In Malachi 4:5 God says, “Behold I am going to send you Elijah the prophet before the coming of the great and terrible day of the Lord.” If the Jews had accepted Jesus as their Messiah, who would have been their “Elijah”?
- 7) The Jews wanted Jesus to be the type of Messiah *they* wanted. Who did Jesus compare them to?
- 8) Was Jesus a *gluttonous man* or a *drunkard* (both sins)? _____ Might we also be falsely accused?
- 9) “Tyre and Sidon,” and “Sodom and Gomorrah,” were the names of cities destroyed by God’s judgment. Which cities in Israel did Jesus say would be receiving a more severe judgment than these cities because they had rejected the Messiah (Jesus)?
- 10) Sometimes “babes” have more insight than..... (choose one)
 - a) The high and mighty
 - b) The good, the bad and the ugly
 - c) The wise and intelligent
- 11) Who is the only person you can *go through* to get to know God the Father?
- 12) Is there any other way to God the Father than through Jesus?
- 13) Who will receive rest by coming to Jesus? _____ How are we to find rest for our souls?
- 15) A yoke is a harness used to connect a pair of animals (usually oxen) to a plow. Does it sound like a yoke was used for laboring?
- 16) Does verse 30 make it sound like laboring (serving) Jesus is really hard on a person?
- 17) Will you feel “blessed” or will you feel “enslaved”, when you serve Jesus?

Matthew #7

Chapter 12

- 1) The Jews had a law based on the Old Testament, stating that you should not labor on the Sabbath day. (Exodus 20:9 & 10) What did the disciples do that the Jews thought was “harvesting” work?
- 2) What did David and his companions eat when they were hungry?
- 3) According to verse 5, is there some work that had to be done even on the Sabbath day?
- 4) “There was a man with a withered hand. And they questioned Him [Jesus], saying, ‘Is it _____ to _____ on the Sabbath?’ - in order that they might _____ Him.”
- 5) Do we sometimes just keep rules instead of doing the “right” thing?
- 6) When did the Pharisees decide to destroy Jesus?
- 7) Read verses 16-21. Did Jesus try to become famous?
- 8) Look at verse 21. Does the Old Testament (Isaiah) ever say that the Messiah will reach out to the Gentiles (non-Jews)?
- 9) What two things did Jesus heal in the demon possessed man (verse 22)?
- 10) The Messiah was supposed to be a descendant of David. What do you think the people were wondering in verse 23?
- 11) Who was the first to say, “A kingdom divided against itself cannot stand.”?
a) Abraham Lincoln b) Jesus c) Martin Luther King
- 12) Did Jesus say the kingdom of God had come?
- 13) Was it the type of kingdom the Jews wanted?
- 14) “He who is not _____ is _____ and he who does not gather with Me, scatters.”
- 15) Verses 31 & 32 are very hard to understand. They say that you cannot be forgiven for blaspheming (railing against, reviling or speaking evil of someone) the Holy Spirit. Since those who believe in Jesus Christ ARE FORGIVEN and have ETERNAL LIFE (John 3:16), can a **believer** ever commit this sin?
- 16) Since everyone who believes in Christ is forgiven, and the one who commits this sin cannot be forgiven, will a person who blasphemes the Holy Spirit ever believe in Jesus for salvation?
- 17) Should **believers** live in fear of committing the “unpardonable sin”?
- 18) Where do the things you say, come from?
- 19) If you say evil things, what does it say about your heart?
- 20) What **sign** did Jesus say He would give to the Pharisees?
- 21) What does verse 40 mean?
- 22) The Queen of the South came to hear the wisdom of Solomon. Who is wiser?
- 23) If a person reforms himself and cleans up his life, will that protect him from Satanic forces?
- 24) Read verses 43-45. Now read verse 29. What protects the believer from the forces of Satan?

Chapter 13:1-30

- 1) Did Jesus ever go to the beach?
- 2) Jesus lived in an agricultural society. What illustration did Jesus use to explain spiritual truths here?
- 3) According to verses 10 & 11, did Jesus say things in a way that everyone could understand it?
- 4) According to verse 15, why did these people not see the truth?
- 5) This will take a lot of thought. Match these things with what Jesus said they meant.

The seed	the evil one
The birds	the word of God
The one on whom seed was sown beside the road	receives the word and bears fruit
The one on whom seed was sown on the rocky places	receives the word until persecuted
The one on whom seed was sown among the thorns	hears the word, Evil One snatches it away
The one on whom seed was sown on the good soil	hears the word, worries and riches choke out the word so that it becomes unfruitful
- 6) Do you allow things to choke out the word sometimes?
- 7) **Tares** are useless plants that look like wheat but bear useless fruit. Why didn’t the landowner allow the servants to pull up the tares?
- 8) If we tried to decide who was and who was not **saved**, would we make mistakes?
- 9) What would you say **the barn** represents in verse 30?

Matthew #8

Chapter 13:31-58

- 1) Is the mustard seed very big?
- 2) In this case, did a small seed produce a small plant?
- 3) The tree represents “the Kingdom of God.” Are birds that nest in the branches of a tree, part of the tree (kingdom)?
- 4) Should we be surprised that there are many phonies who claim to be part of God’s Kingdom?
- 5) Look at verse 35. Was Jesus speaking about things that people already knew?
- 6) Do verses 36-43 help you to understand the parable found in verses 24-30?
- 7) Look at verse 51. Did the disciples understand these parables?
- 8) In verse 52, it speaks about the scribes of the kingdom. Should those who study and teach *the word*, teach only what they have been taught, like the scribes of Jesus’ day, or should they also search **the Word** for fresh insights to share?
- 9) What two things surprised the people of Jesus’ hometown in verse 54?
 - a)
 - b)
- 10) Look at verses 55 & 56. Did Mary stay a virgin her whole life, as some churches teach?
- 11) What is the least number of children that were in Jesus’ family counting Him?
- 12) Did the hometown crowd accept Jesus?
- 13) Do family and friends always accept the believer’s mission to minister and share the Lord with them?

Chapter 14

- 1) Who did Herod think Jesus was?
- 2) Did they have “freedom of speech” in Israel in those days?
- 3) Why didn’t Herod immediately put John to death after he had him arrested?
- 4) Why did he finally have John executed?
- 5) Picture John the Baptist’s head on a platter. Can you imagine what this girl and her mother must have been like in their hearts?
- 6) What did Jesus do when He heard about the murder of John?
- 7) Look at verse 14. Jesus was weary and grieved. What were His feelings for the crowds of people who were following Him around?
- 8) Jesus said to them, “They do not need to go away, _____ them something to ____!”
- 9) Is it our responsibility to give people what they need?
- 10) If we are tired, is that an excuse not to be concerned for others?
- 11) What did Jesus do before He gave out the food? _____ What do you do before you eat?
- 12) How much food was left over?
- 13) Who do you think might have gotten the 12 baskets of left over food?
- 14) Wouldn’t you have liked to have eaten some of those *leftovers*?
- 15) Look closely at verse 21. Did Jesus feed 5,000 people here?
- 16) What did Jesus do after He sent the multitude away?
- 17) “In the fourth watch of the night He came to them _____ on the _____. And when the disciples saw Him walking on the sea, they were frightened saying, ‘This is a _____!’ And they _____ for _____.”
- 18) What did Peter ask Jesus to do to prove He *was* Jesus?
- 19) Was Peter actually walking on the water for a while?
- 20) What two things happened to cause Peter to begin to sink?
 - a)
 - b)
- 21) Do we sometimes get *that sinking feeling* when we see the things that are going on all around us?
- 22) What should we do, that Peter also did, when we feel like we are *going under*?
- 23) When we get our eyes on the things around us and become afraid, Jesus calls it a lack of _____.
- 24) Are your eyes on the Lord, or are they on the winds and the waves around you?
- 25) If you were sick, what was one way to be cured by Jesus?
- 26) Are there any “healers” with this kind of power today?

Matthew #9

Chapter 15

- 1) What were the scribes and Pharisees complaining about?
- 2) Whose tradition were they breaking?
- 3) What did Jesus say the scribes and Pharisees did in order to keep the traditions of the elders?
- 4) What did the elders say was OK to do with money that was needed to care for elderly parents?
- 5) What commandment in the word of God did this invalidate?
- 6) Read I Timothy 5:8. Is caring for our families supposed to be a priority?
- 7) What did Isaiah say the problem was in verse 8?
- 8) "In vain do they worship me, teaching as doctrines the precepts of _____."
- 9) Is it dangerous to put too much faith in books and commentaries of other men?
- 10) What did Jesus say defiled a man (made him unclean)?
 - a) What goes in his mouth (what he eats)
 - b) What comes out of his mouth (what he says)
- 11) What famous phrase did Jesus use to describe the Pharisees in vs. 14?
- 12) Did the disciples understand what He had been talking about?
- 13) Who should we ask to explain things to us that we find confusing in the Bible?
- 14) Why are people defiled by what comes out of the mouth?
- 15) List the things He says come from the heart:
 - a) _____
 - b) _____
 - c) _____
 - d) _____
 - e) _____
 - f) _____
 - g) _____
- 16) Which of these 7 things is what leads to the others?
- 17) Read verses 21-28. The woman in the passage was of what nationality?
- 18) Before Jesus had been officially rejected by the Jews, was His ministry to everyone?
- 19) How did she show her great faith?
- 20) How was her faith rewarded?
- 21) Which people did Jesus heal?
 - a) Those with back pain
 - b) Those with stomach pain
 - c) Everyone (including the blind, crippled, dumb, and lame)
- 22) Do modern, "so-called" healers, heal blind people?
- 23) What kind of feeling did Jesus have for the people?
- 24) Why didn't He want to send them away hungry?
- 25) How much food did they have?
- 26) How many basketfuls of food were taken up afterwards?
- 27) Look at John 6:11-13. How many baskets were taken up when it talks about it here?
- 28) Do you think skeptics would call that a contradiction in Scripture?
- 29) Read Matthew 16:9 & 10. Do you see how foolish it is to doubt God's word?

Chapter 16:1-27

- 1) What did the religious leaders (Pharisees and Sadducees) ask Jesus for now?
- 2) What does it mean if the sky is red in the morning?
- 3) "You know how to discern the appearance of the sky, but cannot discern the _____ of the _____?"
- 4) What sign did Jesus say He would give them?
- 5) What is the sign of Jonah a picture of? (read Matthew 12:40)
- 6) "Leaven (yeast)", generally represents *sin and false doctrine* in Scripture because they both tend to spread like yeast. (see I Corinthians 5:6-8) Whose *leaven* did Jesus warn His disciples about?
- 7) Who did the people think Jesus was?
- 8) Who did Peter say Jesus was?
- 9) Read verse 18. *Peter* (Petros) means "a single rock". The word translated "rock" in this passage is *petra* which means "a cliff or a large outcropping." Who is the cornerstone (big rock) that the church is built on according to Ephesians 2:20?
 - a) Peter
 - b) Jesus
- 10) Some people say Peter is the rock upon which the church is built, but what does Peter himself say in I Peter 2:4-6?
- 11) When Jesus said, "You are Peter (single stone) and upon this Rock (huge base stone) I will build my church," don't you think He was referring to Himself?
- 12) Does verse 19 only refer to Peter? (consider Matthew 18:18 - The Lord says this to all the disciples.)
- 13) Did Jesus tell the disciples He would be crucified? _____ Did they like the idea?

Matthew #10

Chapter 16:28

- 1) "Truly I say to you, there are some of those who are _____ who shall not taste _____ until they see the Son of Man coming _____."
- 2) Does it sound like some of the disciples would see the glory of the kingdom before they would die?
- 3) Did you know the Bible was not divided into chapters until 1205 AD? (Verse divisions were made in 1557 AD.) Since these divisions were not in the original writings, are they inspired by God?

Chapter 17

- 1) Peter, James and John went with Jesus up into the mountains six days after the statement made in verse 28 of chapter 16. What happened to Jesus in verse 2 of chapter 17?
- 2) Who was He talking with?
- 3) Look at Revelation 1:13-17. Does this description of the Son in the kingdom, especially verse 16, sound like Jesus as He appeared to the disciples on the mount?
- 4) How did the Father make it clear that Jesus was more important than Elijah and Moses?
- 5) Read verse 9. What do you think the vision He mentioned was? (choose one) a) Jesus in the kingdom (Matthew 16:28) b) Jesus at a Bible history conference c) Jesus and a few close friends
- 6) Was the statement in Matthew 16:28 fulfilled six days later on the mount?
- 7) Who did the scribes say was coming before the Messiah?
- 8) Did they get this from the Bible? (hint see Malachi 4:5)
- 9) Who did Jesus say had fulfilled this prophecy?
- 10) A man had come forward who had a son who was a lunatic. Were the disciples able to help him?
- 11) What was the cause of this man's lunacy?
- 12) Why couldn't the disciples cast this demon out?
- 13) The tax mentioned in verse 24 was "the temple tax" (Exodus 30:11-17). Did Jesus pay the tax?
- 14) Why shouldn't Jesus have to pay a tax for the house of God (the temple)?
- 15) What unique way did Jesus find to pay the tax?

Chapter 18

- 1) Why do you think the disciples wanted to know who would be the greatest in the kingdom?
- 2) Who will be the greatest in the kingdom, according to Jesus?
- 3) What terrible thing would be better than causing a child or baby Christian to stumble?
- 4) Does it sound like children are very important to God?
- 5) Is there any way to completely avoid the things that trip up young Christians?
- 6) Do we sometimes cause ourselves to get tripped up? (see verses 8 & 9)
- 7) Which verse sounds like we each have a guardian angel?
- 8) "Thus it is not the _____ of your Father who is in heaven that _____ of these little ones _____."
- 9) Describe the process if you see your brother (fellow believer) sinning?
- 10) What kind of attitude should you maintain in this situation? (see Galatians 6:1)
- 11) If the person refuses to listen to the church, how should he be treated?
- 12) Might it take some time for the process to work with your sinning brother?
- 13) How many people have to be gathered together in Jesus' Name for Him to be present there in a very special way?
- 14) How many times should you be willing to forgive a brother (fellow believer) who sins against you?
- 15) Read verses 23-35. What is the point of the story that Jesus shares here? (choose one)
 - a) Don't owe any money
 - b) If you want to be forgiven you should also forgive others
 - c) You better declare bankruptcy before you go to jail
- 16) "Should _____ not also have had _____ on your fellow slave, even as I had _____ on _____?"
- 17) Does it sound like God wants us to be serious about forgiveness of others?

Matthew #11

Chapter 19

- 1) "And some Pharisees came to Him, testing Him, and saying, 'Is it _____ for a man to _____ his wife for _____ at all?'"
- 2) Where did Jesus immediately go for the answer to this question? (hint-see verse 4)
- 3) Which verse is God's definition of marriage?
- 4) Which are included in God's definition of marriage? (choose one)
 - a) Two men
 - b) A man and a number of women
 - c) A man and a woman
 - d) Two women
- 5) Does verse 6 seem to indicate that a lasting change has taken place when a man and women are married?
- 6) What is Jesus' obvious answer to the question in verse 3?
- 7) The Pharisees realized that Jesus was saying, "No.," so they asked a follow up question using Moses. Does it sound like they wanted the option of divorce?
- 8) Was Moses commanding them to divorce, or was he commanding them to give a certificate of divorce if that is what they insisted on doing?
- 9) "He said to them, 'Because of your _____ of _____ Moses permitted you to divorce your wives; but _____ the _____ it has not been this way.'"
- 10) When is divorce and remarriage *not* adultery?
- 11) What is God's feeling about divorce in any situation? (See-Malachi 2:16)
- 12) Do you think God wants divorce or reconciliation in cases of adultery?
- 13) In the time of Jesus, divorce was allowed "for any cause." Does it sound like God feels that way?
- 14) A eunuch is someone who does not have sexual relations with anyone. Are some people born with no sexual desire or the inability to have marital relations according to verse 12?
- 15) Does God order spiritual people or church leaders never to marry?
- 16) Did Jesus like having children around?
- 17) "And behold, one came to Him and said, 'Teacher, what _____ thing shall _____ that I may obtain _____ life?'"
- 18) Who can be good, according to what Jesus said in verse 17?
- 19) If no one but God is "good," who can keep the commandments?
- 20) Read verses 18-20. Do you think this man was telling the truth?
- 21) Do you think that he thought of himself as a sinner?
- 22) Look at verses 20-22. Could this man "love his neighbor as himself," if he was rich and was unwilling to give to the poor?
- 23) What do you think Jesus was trying to show this man? (remember question #19)
- 24) When we think there is someone we know who just can't get saved, what should we remember?
- 25) What might we find the disciples doing in the kingdom of God someday?
- 26) What happens if you give up things for God?

Chapter 20

- 1) Read verses 1-16. A *denarius* is a normal day's pay for a man. Did each man here get fair pay?
- 2) Does God often give us more than we deserve?
- 3) Would they have been satisfied with their pay if they hadn't seen what the others were paid?
- 4) Look at Luke 3:14. Is it a good idea to compare pay with fellow-workers?
- 5) Should we be upset as long as we are given what we agreed to work for?
- 6) If God gives people heaven as a free gift, should we feel jealous of those who did not serve Him very much on earth, since we don't deserve heaven either?
- 7) According to verse 15, what caused the laborers to become jealous?
- 8) Did Jesus hide what was going to happen to Him from His disciples?
- 9) James and John were the sons of Zebedee. What did their mother request of Jesus?
- 10) What happened in Acts 12:2 that might be "the cup" Jesus was talked about in verses 22 & 23?
- 11) Were the other disciples OK with the request made by Mama Zebedee?
- 12) What way did God set forth for a person to become "first?"
- 13) "...the Son of Man did not come to be served, but _____, and to give His life a _____ for many."
- 14) What motivated Jesus to heal the blind men?

Matthew #12

Chapter 21

- 1) What were the two disciples who had been sent into town supposed to bring to Jesus?
- 2) Zechariah 9:9 says: "Rejoice greatly, O daughter of Zion! Shout in triumph, O daughter of Jerusalem! Behold, your _____ is coming to you; He is just and endowed with _____, humble, and mounted on a _____, even on a colt, the foal of a donkey."
- 3) That prophecy was made hundreds of years before. Does it look like it came true?
- 4) What did the people place on the road?
- 5) "And the multitudes going before Him, and those who followed after were crying out, saying, 'Hosanna to the _____ of _____; blessed is He who _____ in the name of the Lord; Hosanna in the highest!'"
- 6) What question was asked when Jesus came into Jerusalem in this way?
- 7) What should the answer had been if people were familiar with Zechariah 9:9?
- 8) What was the first thing Jesus did when He came to Jerusalem?
- 9) Does it sound like Jesus wants the emphasis of His church to be on money?
- 10) According to prophecy, the Messiah had to be a descendant of David. Who did the people say Jesus was descended from in verse 15? Why would that anger the chief priests and scribes?
- 11) In Hosea 9:10 it compares Israel to the fruit of a fig tree. In light of this, what might verse 19 mean? (This will take some thought.)
- 12) Should verse 22 be understood by itself alone, or along with other Scriptures about prayer?
- 13) Did the scribes answer Jesus' question about John (the Baptist) with the truth, or did they base their answer on what response it would bring from people? Will this ever lead you to the truth?
- 14) Read verses 28-32. Is it always the people who *say* they want to serve the Lord who actually do?
- 15) Read verses 33-41. Who does the landowner represent?
- 16) By the way they responded in verse 41, do you think that at this point the chief priests and scribes realized He (Jesus) was referring to Himself as the son of the landowner (God)?
- 17) Who is "the cornerstone?" (hint-see Ephesians 2:20)
- 18) In verse 43, does Jesus make it clear that Israel was rejecting their Messiah?
- 19) At this point, did the religious leaders realize Jesus was talking about them?

Chapter 22

- 1) What are these stories that Jesus told called?
- 2) What did the king do when everything was ready for his son's wedding feast?
- 3) "But they paid no _____ and went their way, one to his own farm, another to his business, and the rest seized his slaves and _____ them and _____ them."
- 4) Does it make sense to hurt someone who is inviting you to a feast?
- 5) What would happen to you today if you went to an Islamic country and made a public invitation to people to trust in Jesus Christ and come to heaven for the marriage supper of the Lamb?
- 6) Where will our wedding clothes come from? (see II Corinthians 5:21 and Revelation 19:7&8)
- 7) "Then the Pharisees went and counseled together how they might _____ Him in what He _____."
- 8) Which of these four statements, made by the disciples of the Pharisees and Herodians, do you think described what they really believed about Christ? a) "Teacher, we know that You are truthful" b) "We know that You... teach the way of God in truth" c) "We know that You...defer to no one" d) "We know that...You are not partial to any." e) They didn't believe any of them
- 9) Whose likeness was on the coin? Whose likeness is on you? (see-Genesis 5:1)
- 10) In light of these two things, what does verse 21 mean?
- 11) Read verses 23-30. Are we going to be married in the resurrection?
- 12) God said "I am (Hebrew translation **Yahweh**) the God of Abraham" to Moses at the burning bush. (Exodus 3:6) This statement was made 400 years after Abraham. If Yahweh "**is**" (present tense) the God of Abraham, is Abraham still alive?
- 13) What is the greatest commandment of God?
- 14) What is the second greatest commandment?
- 15) Look at verse 42. Do you see why they were so upset that Jesus was being called "the son of David?"
- 16) What was the final result of their trick questions?

Matthew #13

Chapter 23

- 1) Did the scribes and Pharisees do the things they told others they had to do?
- 2) Why did these people do their good deeds?
- 3) Did they mind sitting quietly in the background?
- 4) Read verses 7-11. Are some of us more important than others?
- 5) Is it right to refer to a church leader as "father"?
- 6) "The _____ among you shall be your _____."
- 7) What will happen if you try to make yourself look important?
- 8) What was even worse than the fact that these religious leaders were not going to heaven?
- 9) Did the Pharisees work hard to make proselytes (converts to their religion)?
- 10) Which was more important to the religious leaders, the temple or the gold of the temple?
- 11) Dill and cumin are tiny seeds. How do we know the Pharisees were very careful to tithe (give 10% of everything)?
- 12) What did they neglect?
- 13) "These are the things you should have done _____ the others".
- 14) Look at verse 25. Which is more important- what you do or what is in your heart?
- 15) If you clean up the outside appearance of your life, how does it affect the inside (your heart)?
- 16) If you clean up the inside of your heart, how does it affect the outside of your life?
- 17) What are some terms Jesus used to describe the religious leaders? (see vs. 29 & 33)
 - a)
 - b)
 - c)
- 18) Who killed Abel? (see Genesis 4:8)
- 19) Read verse 37. Why was Jesus not able to gather the people of Jerusalem to Himself? (Choose one)
 - a) They weren't chosen
 - b) They weren't able
 - c) They wouldn't (they refused Him)
- 20) Look at verses 38 & 39. When will the religious leaders of Israel see the Lord again?

Chapter 24

- 1) Did Jesus say that the temple was going to be around for a while?
- 2) How will people be misled before Jesus comes back?
- 3) Have you seen any of the things mentioned in verses 6 & 7 happening in recent years?
- 4) What will cause people's love to grow cold?
- 5) Read verses 8-13. In the last days there will be a great persecution of believers. When it says that those who "endure to the end will be saved," does it mean *saved* from hell or *saved* from the persecution?
- 6) Read Acts 16:30 & 31. Do you "endure to the end" or "believe in Jesus" in order to be saved from your sins?
- 7) According to verse 15, what will happen before "the end" comes?
- 8) In Daniel 9:27&28 it says that the *prince* who is to come will defame the holy place. Does this sound like Jesus or the Anti (fake)-Christ?
- 9) "For then there will be a great _____, such as has not occurred since the beginning of the world until now, nor ever shall."
- 10) Have you ever heard of the time called "the tribulation"?
- 11) Does it sound like a dangerous time?
- 12) Read verse 27. When Jesus returns to earth to set up His Kingdom, will it be obvious?
- 13) Who will respond to His "great trumpet"?
- 14) When you look at a fig tree, how can you tell that summer is near?
- 15) Read verses 33&34. Will the tribulation be drawn out over hundreds of years?
- 16) Noah told people there would be a flood. Did the people think the flood was coming?
- 17) Will everyone face the same future when Jesus comes back?
- 18) Jesus will come as... a) A bird in the hand b) A thief in the night c) A friend of the friendly
- 19) When the master returns and finds a slave serving faithfully, what does he do?
- 20) What kind of state do hypocrites end up in?

Matthew #14

Chapter 25

- 1) How many virgins in the story were foolish?
- 2) The foolish virgins had their lamps but had no_____.
- 3) Why didn't the foolish virgins get into the wedding feast?
- 4) "Later the other virgins also came, saying, _____, open up for us. But he answered and said, 'Truly I say to you, I do not _____.'"
- 5) The moral of the story is found in verse 13. What does it mean?
- 6) Read verses 14-30. Were all the servants given the same amount of money to work with?
- 7) What did the master use to decide how much to give each servant?
- 8) What did the servant who received one talent do with his money?
- 9) Was the master happy with that?
- 10) What does God expect you to do with the things (talents, money, time, etc) He's given you?
- 11) Who will be put "in charge of many things?"
- 12) In verse 25, the servant attributes His lack of success to what?
- 13) Read verses 31-46. Who will judge the nations?
- 14) What will they be judged on? (choose one)
 - a) Whether they joined the war on terror
 - b) How they treated members of the family of God
 - c) Whether they allow freedom of religion
- 15) "The King will answer and say to them, 'Truly I say to you, to the extent that you did it to one of these _____ of _____, even the least of them, _____.'"
- 16) Who will go "into eternal life" according to verse 46?
- 17) How do we become righteous, according to II Corinthians 5:21?
- 18) Does it sound like it is important how we treat people (especially people related to the Lord)?

Chapter 26:1-45

- 1) In verses 1 & 2, Jesus says that He will be crucified in: (choose one)
 - a) A month
 - b) The next few years
 - c) 2 days
- 2) Why didn't the priests and scribes plan to seize Jesus during the Passover feast?
- 3) Whose home was Jesus staying in?
- 4) Were you supposed to go near lepers (people with a contagious disease called leprosy)?
- 5) Since he was known as "_____ the _____," and could now be with people, what must have happened to him?
- 6) Read verses 7-13. What did the disciples say could have been done with the perfume?
- 7) Will we ever see a time when there are no "poor" people, before the Lord returns?
- 8) Did the prophecy in verse 13 come true?
- 9) "'What are you willing to give me to _____ to you?' And they weighed out to him _____ of _____."
- 10) What Jewish holiday were they celebrating on the night Jesus was betrayed?
- 11) Did Jesus know who was going to betray Him?
- 12) How did Jesus make clear who it was who would betray Him?
- 13) What did the bread represent? What did the cup of wine represent?
- 14) What did they all do after the supper before going to the Mount of Olives?
- 15) How many of the disciples did Jesus say would "fall away" from Him?
- 16) Who said he would not "fall away"?
- 17) Do we sometimes think we are stronger than we really are?
- 18) How was Jesus feeling according to verse 38?
- 19) "My Father, if it is _____, let this cup pass from Me; yet not _____, but as _____."
- 20) According to verse 41, even when we want to do things, what is the problem?
- 21) What did the disciples do after Jesus told them how distressed He was?
- 22) Do we sometimes let the Lord down at the most important moments?

Matthew #15

Chapter 26:46-75

- 1) How did Judas identify Jesus to the soldiers who did not know Him?
- 2) What did Peter do with his sword?
- 3) Do you think that Peter may have been trying to live up to the assurances that he had given to Jesus that he would never deny Him?
- 4) "Then Jesus said to him, 'Put your sword back into its place; for all those who _____ the _____ shall _____ by the sword.'"
- 5) A Roman legion at this time contained 6,826 soldiers. How many angels did Jesus say were at His disposal at any time?
- 6) Look at verse 55. Why did the rulers not arrest Jesus in the temple, according to verses 4 & 5?
- 7) Who "followed at a distance"?
- 8) According to verses 59-62, what was the only crime they could come up with to accuse Jesus?
- 9) When Jesus wouldn't answer, what did the high priest say to get Him to answer?
- 10) To show how shocked he was at the answer Jesus gave, what did the high priests do?
- 11) People would tear their clothes to show how upset they were because clothes were so valuable. Who is the only person who was never allowed to tear his clothes, according to Leviticus 21:10?
- 12) "What do you think?" They answered and said, 'He is deserving of _____!'"
- 13) Name 3 things they did to Jesus in verse 67. a) _____ b) _____ c) _____
- 14) "And again he denied it with an _____, 'I do not _____ the _____.'" "
- 15) What will we probably end up doing if we follow Jesus "at a distance"?
- 16) How did Peter finally convince people that he didn't know Jesus?
- 17) Does your speech identify you and affect what people think about you?
- 18) Was Jesus ever able to use Peter after he denied Him?

Chapter 27:1-49

- 1) After they decided to kill Jesus, where did they take Him?
- 2) Who realized that he had "betrayed" an innocent man.
- 3) What did Judas **not** do? (choose one)
 - a) Repent and ask for forgiveness
 - b) Hang himself
 - c) Give back the *blood* money
- 4) What did the chief priests do with the 30 pieces of silver?
- 5) What amazed even Pilate?
- 6) Why did Pilate's wife want Pilate to leave Jesus alone?
- 7) Does God sometimes speak to and through unbelievers?
- 8) Why did the multitude ask for the release of Barabbas and the death of Jesus?
- 9) What was Pilate trying to show by publicly washing his hands?
- 10) Does washing his hands release Pilate of his guilt for condemning Jesus to death?
- 11) "And _____ the people answered and said, 'His _____ be on _____ and on our _____!'"
- 12) A roman cohort contained 600 soldiers. List the many things they did to Jesus in verses 27-31.
 - a) _____
 - b) _____
 - c) _____
 - d) _____
 - e) _____
 - f) _____
 - g) _____
- 13) Read verse 32 and Mark 15:21. Do you think these boys could be proud of what their father did?
- 14) Why do you think Jesus refused to drink the drink He was offered?
- 15) Was it just the high priests who were mocking Jesus?
- 16) "He _____ others; He _____ Himself."
- 17) Could Jesus "save Himself" and "others" at the same time?
- 18) How long was it dark while Jesus was on the cross?
- 19) What did Jesus say, at about the ninth hour, that was written 1000 years earlier in Psalm 22:1? (You ought to read Psalm 22. It is a graphic prophecy of the crucifixion of Jesus written 1000 years before it took place)

Matthew #16

Chapter 27:50-66

- 1) In verse 50, does it sound like Jesus resisted dying for our sins?
- 2) In the temple there was a huge veil (curtain) that separated the people from the holy place where God's presence was dwelling. What do you think it represented, when the curtain was torn open "from the top to the bottom?"
- 3) What wonderful thing happened in the graveyards that surrounded the area?
- 4) What was the centurion's opinion? "Truly this was the _____!"
- 5) The disciples fled. What did their mothers do?
- 6) According to verse 57, do rich people ever get saved and decide to follow Jesus?
- 7) Do you think it took much courage to ask Pilate for the body of Jesus?
- 8) Some people said Jesus was put in a tomb, and then the disciples forgot where it was. Don't you think Joseph of Arimathea would know where the tomb he had just purchased was?
- 9) What kept animals out of the tomb? a) Security officers b) A **LARGE** stone c) High fences
- 10) Did the chief priest and scribes know Jesus claimed He would rise from the dead?
- 11) What two words did they use to describe Jesus to Pilate? "_____"
- 12) The temple had a Roman security detail. What did Pilate advise the chief priests to have the soldiers do?
- 13) The Roman governor had a special seal that would be used to guarantee the security of buildings packages and letters. If you broke the seal without permission you would be under penalty of death. What was this seal used for in this passage?
- 14) What are three things listed in this passage to keep anyone from stealing the body out of the tomb?
a) _____ b) _____ c) _____

Chapter 28

- 1) Since the last day of the Jewish week was the Sabbath (Saturday), on what day did Jesus rise from the dead?
- 2) Who rolled away the stone?
- 3) What did he look like?
- 4) What happened to the temple guard detail?
- 5) "He is not here, for _____, just as He said. Come, see the _____ where He was lying."
- 6) Who were the women told to tell?
- 7) What two conflicting emotions did they feel as they left the tomb? a) _____ b) _____
- 8) Whom did they meet?
- 9) Does it sound like Jesus is trying to get a message to His disciples that He forgives them for forsaking Him and wants to reassure them of His love?
- 10) To whom did the guards report when they returned to the city?
- 11) What were they given to keep quiet?
- 12) What were they to say if someone asked them what happened?
- 13) Do some people even believe this story today? (see verse 15)
- 14) How did they know the disciples took the body if they were sleeping at the time?
- 15) Look at verses 13 & 14. Why would the chief priests have to guarantee that they would keep the soldiers out of trouble? (Can you guess the penalty for sleeping on guard duty in the Roman army?)
- 16) Why weren't the disciples executed for breaking the governor's seal?
- 17) "When they _____ Him, they _____ Him; but _____."
- 18) Do we sometimes worship in the midst of our doubts?
- 19) "Jesus came up and spoke to them, saying, 'All authority has been given to Me in heaven and on earth. Go therefore and make _____ of all the nations, _____ them in the name of the Father and the Son and the Holy Spirit, _____ them to observe all that I commanded you;'"
- 20) "Disciple" means "follower." Are we to just get people to *believe* in Jesus?
- 21) Are you just a "believer," or do you want to be a "follower" as well?
- 22) Did you enjoy the book of Matthew?

Mark #1

(AN ACCOUNT OF THE LIFE OF JESUS CHRIST)

Chapter 1

- 1) Who was Isaiah talking about in the prophecies which are mentioned in verses 2 & 3?
- 2) What did the people also do when they were baptized?
- 3) Were there only a few people who were being baptized?
- 4) Were all of these people saved?
- 5) What did John the Baptist wear? What did he eat?
- 6) Did John claim to be the Messiah's equal?
- 7) John baptized with water. What did he say the Messiah would baptize with?
- 8) What happened after Jesus' baptism?
 - a) Dove descended on Him
 - b) Spirit descended like a dove
- 9) Forty is a number associated with testing in the Bible. How long was Jesus tempted by Satan?
- 10) "Jesus said to them, '_____ Me, and I will make you become _____ of men.'"
- 11) What was it about Jesus' teaching that amazed people?
- 12) Are there such things as unclean spirits (or demons)?
- 13) What did Simon's mother do immediately after she was healed of her fever?
- 14) "In the _____, while it was still dark, He arose and went out and departed to a _____ place, and was _____ there."
- 15) Why did Jesus decide to cleanse the leper in verse 41?
- 16) Does Jesus care about people?
- 17) Jesus told the healed leper not to tell anyone about it. Did he tell anyone? Why do you think he did? Why do we keep our mouths shut?

Chapter 2

- 1) What was wrong with the man who was let down through the roof?
- 2) Have you ever heard of any modern healer healing a man who is paralyzed?
- 3) Who did the scribes say was the only one who could forgive sins?
- 4) Did other people heal paralyzed people back in Jesus time according to verse 12?
- 5) What was Levi's job?
- 6) Was it considered a good job?
- 7) "When the scribes of the Pharisees saw that He was eating with the _____ and tax-gatherers, they began saying to His disciples, '_____ is He eating and drinking with tax-gatherers and sinners?' And hearing this, Jesus said to them, 'It is not those who are _____ who need a physician, but those who are _____; I did not come to call the _____, but sinners.'"
- 8) Did Jesus spend time with sinners and people who were considered outcasts?
- 9) Was he trying to be like them or to reach them?
- 10) What "days" do you think are being talked about in verse 20?
- 11) Which idea do you think Jesus was getting across with the wineskin illustration? (choose one)
 - a) We need to be careful to take good care of our wine stocks.
 - b) With the coming of the Messiah, God is changing everything, and we will do things differently.
- 12) In verses 23 & 24, the Pharisees were accusing Jesus' disciples of harvesting grain on the Sabbath day. Were they taking the laws in the Old Testament way too far?
- 13) Do we need to be careful not to read rules into the Scriptures that are not really there?
- 14) Can you think of something people say is wrong that isn't really in the Bible?

Mark #2

(AN ACCOUNT OF THE LIFE OF JESUS CHRIST)

Chapter 3

- 1) What was more important to the religious people in the synagogue? (choose one)
 - 1) That Jesus could heal the crippled man.
 - 2) That Jesus would keep all of their rules.
- 2) What two emotions did Jesus have when he saw that they didn't care about people, but only about rules?
- 3) "And the Pharisees went out and _____ began taking counsel with the Herodians against Him, as to how they might _____ Him."
- 4) Did they care that someone who was crippled was healed?
- 5) Was Jesus' ministry done in secret?
- 6) When Jesus went up on the mountain, how many special disciples did He choose?
- 7) What three things did He choose them to do? (from verses 14 & 15)
 - a)
 - b)
 - c)
- 8) Who gave the special names to some of the disciples?
- 9) What does the name "Boanerges" mean?
- 10) Do you think James and John were quiet and laid back?
- 11) What did Jesus' own people (His family) think about His ministry?
- 12) In a famous speech, Abraham Lincoln said about the Civil War, that "a house divided against itself cannot stand". Where did he get this idea?
- 13) Is it a dangerous thing to attribute things that you know are from God to the power of Satan?
- 14) Why do you think Jesus' family came looking for Him?
- 15) What do you think verse 35 means?

Chapter 4

- 1) You've heard of the Sermon on the Mount. What could the sermon in chapter 4 be called?
- 2) Why do you think Jesus used a story about a farmer (planter, sower)?
- 3) Did Jesus explain His parable to everybody?
- 4) MATCH THESE
 - 1) *the seed that is sown* -those who are glad to hear but don't really let the word take root
 - 2) *the thorny ground* -the word
 - 3) *ground along the roadway* -those who hear the word, accept it and bear fruit
 - 4) *the good soil* -hear the word and decide to think about it later and Satan takes it away
 - 5) *the rocky ground* -those who let riches ,worries and desires for other things choke the word
- 5) Does everyone bear the same amount of fruit according to verse 20?
- 6) If God makes you a light, does He want you to shine according to verse 21?
- 7) Do you think the disciples understood all of these parables?
- 8) "He was explaining everything _____ to His own disciples." Do you think God will teach you things if you ask Him to?
- 9) When they found Jesus asleep during the storm, what did they ask Him?
- 10) Could the boat sink with Jesus on board without His permission?
- 11) When the storm is raging around you in your life, what can you take comfort in? Do you have anyone special on board?
- 12) "Who then is this, that even the wind and the sea obey Him?" What do you think is the answer?

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Mark #3

(AN ACCOUNT OF THE LIFE OF JESUS CHRIST)

Chapter 5

- 1) Where did the man with the unclean spirits live? (place-not town)
- 2) Why didn't someone just control this man so he wouldn't hurt himself or anyone else?
- 3) "And seeing Jesus from a distance, he ran up and _____ before Him; and crying out with a loud voice, he said, 'What do I have to do with You, Jesus, Son of the _____? I implore You by God, do not torment me!'"
- 4) Was Jesus going to torment the man?
- 5) Why did he say, "Do not torment me"?
- 6) "And He was asking him, 'What is your name?' And he said to Him, 'My name is _____; for we are _____.'"
- 7) A Roman legion (regiment) at that time contained 6,826 men! Who is the "we" referred to in verse 9?
- 8) What was feeding near by?
- 9) Were the Jews supposed to be raising pigs? Why not? (hint-see Leviticus 11:7)
- 10) Did Jesus "order" the spirits into the swine?
- 11) Who wanted to go with Jesus? Does God sometimes have other plans for us?
- 12) How did the woman who had the bleeding problem get healed?
- 13) The following phrase is probably the hardest for any parent to ever hear, "Your daughter has _____; why trouble the Teacher anymore?"
- 14) Jesus' response to this was? "Do not be afraid any longer, only _____."
- 15) What does "Talitha Kum" mean?
- 16) Does Jesus have power over death?

Chapter 6

- 1) Did the people of Jesus' home town accept Him and His ministry?
- 2) How many brothers did Jesus have?
- 3) Did Mary remain a virgin all of her life?
- 4) Was it wrong for her to have children with her husband?
- 5) "Jesus said to them, 'A prophet is not without honor except in his _____ and among his own _____ and in his _____ household.'"
- 6) Do you think that your family will always support your decisions to serve the Lord?
- 7) When Jesus sent out his disciples to preach, what were they to take with them?
- 8) There were lots of rumors about who Jesus was. Who did Herod think He was?
- 9) Why did Herod try to keep John safe?
- 10) What was Herodias' daughter offered for her dancing?
- 11) What did she ask for?
- 12) When the disciples got back from their preaching trip in verse 30, what did Jesus tell them they should do?
- 13) Should we always be busy with a lot of activity?
- 14) "When He went ashore, He saw a great multitude, and He felt _____ for them because they were like sheep without a _____; and He began to teach them many things."
- 15) How much food did Jesus have for the people?
- 16) What did He do before He broke the food and gave it to the disciples to distribute?
- 17) After He fed the people, why did Jesus go to the mountains?
- 18) What was Jesus intending to do in verse 48? (choose one)
 - a) Walk to the boat.
 - b) Walk past the boat.
- 19) What happened when Jesus got into the boat?
- 20) What percentage of the people who touched the fringe of Jesus' cloak were healed?

Mark #4

(AN ACCOUNT OF THE LIFE OF JESUS CHRIST)

Chapter 7

- 1) The religious leaders (elders) of the day had all kinds of rules about how you were to wash your hands before you ate. Did Jesus' disciples follow all of these rules?
- 2) Do people often make up rules they think all Christians should follow which are wrong?
- 3) "And He said to them, 'Rightly did Isaiah prophesy of you hypocrites, as it is written, "This people honors Me with their _____, but their _____ is far away from me." But in vain do they worship me, teaching as doctrines the precepts of _____. Neglecting the commandment of God, you hold to the _____ of men.'"
- 4) In the days of Moses, what could happen to you if you were disrespectful to your parents?
- 5) In verses 9-12, which is taught as being most important?
 - a) Giving money to the Temple (church).
 - b) Using your money to take care of your aging parents.
- 6) According to verse 19, which foods are unclean today?
- 7) Where do evil thoughts and evil deeds come from?
- 8) Was Jesus insulting the woman in verse 27?
- 9) Who was Jesus sent to? (called "His own" in Jn 1:12)
- 10) Did the woman act offended, or did she humble herself?
- 11) Do you think God wants us to approach Him with a humble attitude?
- 12) What does "Ephphatha" mean?
- 13) "They were utterly astonished, saying, 'He has done all things _____; He makes even the deaf to hear, and the dumb to speak.'"
- 14) Do you know of any cases of modern-day healers healing people who are blind and deaf?

Chapter 8

- 1) What did Jesus feel when He had been preaching to the multitudes for three days?
- 2) What did Jesus say when the disciples asked how much it would take to satisfy the multitude?
"How many loaves do _____ have?"
- 3) If you see someone in need, what might Jesus say to you?
- 4) How many people were fed with the 7 loaves and a few fish?
- 5) How many people were fed in Mark 6:44?
- 6) Do you think that people would have claimed these two stories were a contradiction if they hadn't been recorded in the same book?
- 7) What were the disciples worried about after they had started sailing across the Sea of Galilee in their boat?
- 8) Why was that silly?
- 9) Did Jesus just heal at prearranged and organized "healing meetings"?
- 10) Who did people say Jesus was?
 - a)
 - b)
 - c)
- 11) Who did Peter say Jesus was?
- 12) "He began to teach them that the Son of Man must _____ many things and be _____ by the elders and the chief priests and the scribes, and be _____, and after three days _____."
- 13) What did Peter think about Jesus saying that He was going to be killed?
- 14) What name did Jesus use to address Peter?
- 15) What was Peter doing wrong?
- 16) If you want to come after Christ, what 3 things do you need to do?
 - a)
 - b)
 - c)
- 17) Is the order of these things important?
- 18) Do you think you can really follow Christ without denying yourself?
- 19) "For whoever wishes to save his life shall _____ it; but whoever loses his life for _____ and the gospel's shall save it. For what does it profit a man to gain the whole world, and forfeit his soul (life)? For what shall a man give in exchange for _____ (life)?"
- 19) When you spend your time (life) helping others, is it wasted or lost?

Mark #5

(AN ACCOUNT OF THE LIFE OF JESUS CHRIST)

Chapter 9

- 1) "And He was saying to them, 'Truly I say to you, there are some of those who are _____ who shall not taste _____ until they _____ the kingdom of God after it has come with power.'"
- 2) Are the people who were standing with Him dead now?
- 3) What happened six days later?
- 4) What did "some" who had been standing with Him six days before "see"?
- 5) Who were the disciples that went with Jesus up the mount? _____
- 6) Jesus' garments were: (Choose one)
 - a) As bright as when you use bleach in you wash.
 - b) As bright as when you use "extra bright formula Cheer"
 - c) Brighter than any laundry product or company on earth could make them.
- 7) Who did Peter suggest they put up tents (tabernacles) for? _____ & _____
- 8) Who did the voice from heaven say we should listen to?
- 9) When Jesus said He would rise from the dead, what did the disciples try to figure out? (choose one)
 - a) Who would kill Him
 - b) How long before He would die
 - c) What does Jesus mean by resurrection from the dead
- 10) Jesus said Elijah had already come. Who was he according to Matthew 17:12 & 13?
- 11) What were the disciples unable to do?
- 12) "Jesus said to him, 'If You can! All things are _____ to him who believes.' Immediately the boy's father cried out and began saying, 'I do believe; _____ my _____.'"
- 13) Do you ever feel like the boy's father; you believe but you still have problems with doubt?
- 14) Why did Jesus say the disciples were unable to cast the demons out in this case?
- 15) Sometimes in our life, only prayer can make a difference- TRUE or FALSE
- 16) What had the disciples been talking about during their trip in verses 33 & 34?
- 17) How can you be "first" (greatest) in God's sight?
- 18) If you do something for a child, who do you really do it for?
- 19) How serious is it to offend to a child or a young believer?
- 20) Is there anything that would ever make you think it would be worthwhile to put off trusting in Christ?

Chapter 10:1-16

- 1) What did Jesus customarily do when a crowd gathered around?
- 2) According to verse 5, why did God (through Moses) allow divorce?
- 3) What was God's original plan for men and women?
- 4) "What therefore _____ has _____ together, let no man _____."
- 5) Who does the joining according to this verse? _____ Should we be careful about undoing what God has done?
- 6) What does God call it if you divorce your spouse and marry someone else?
- 7) What exception does God add to this in Matthew 19:8&9?
- 8) Looking at Mathew 19:8&9, if you divorce your husband because he has slept with someone else, does God call *your* divorce and remarriage "adultery"?
- 9) Is it still due to your "hardness of heart"? (Matthew 19:8&9& Mark 10:5)
- 10) Do you have to divorce your spouse if they are unfaithful?
- 11) What is God's opinion about divorce in general, according to Malachi 2:16?
- 12) Does God have time for children?
- 13) Is our faith complicated or is it a simple child-like faith, according to verse 15?
- 14) Does it seem like Jesus really liked being around children?
- 15) To be like Christ should you value children and make time for them?

Mark #6

(AN ACCOUNT OF THE LIFE OF JESUS CHRIST)

Chapter 10:17-52

- 1) "A man ran up to Him and knelt before Him, and began asking Him, ' _____ Teacher, what shall _____ to _____ eternal life?'"
- 2) How many individuals are "good" according to Jesus?
- 3) What did the man say he had done since he was young?
- 4) Is it possible that he kept all the commandments since Jesus said only God was good?
- 5) What did Jesus feel for the young man when he said he had kept the commandments: (choose one)
a) Anger b) Contempt c) Love
- 6) In verses 21 and 22, what was Jesus doing: (choose one)
a) He was letting him know he was only one commandment short of perfect
b) He wanted to teach him about the poor
c) He wanted to demonstrate to the young man that he really hadn't kept all of the commandments
- 7) Can a person be good enough to inherit eternal life?
- 8) Someone usually has to die for an inheritance to be passed on. Who died so we could inherit eternal life?
- 9) Does it seem difficult to reach people with the gospel?
- 10) "They were even more astonished and said to Him, 'Then who can be _____?'
Looking upon them, Jesus said, 'With men it is _____, but not with God; for _____ things are possible with _____.'"
- 11) Does it seem like the Lord says that wealthy people have a tendency to trust in God or in their wealth?
- 12) In most of the world, would people in this country be considered: a) Poor or b) Wealthy
- 13) What happens if you give up things for God?
- 14) Did Jesus ever clearly tell His disciples what was going to happen to Him?
- 15) What did James and John ask for?
- 16) Did the other disciples appreciate this request?
- 17) What do you have to do to be great in God's kingdom?
- 18) Are you trying to be a servant to others?
- 19) Jesus healed a blind man. Does it seem like your acquaintances are blind to the gospel?
- 20) Can Jesus open their eyes to the truth?

Chapter 11

- 1) What type of transportation did Jesus use to enter Jerusalem?
- 2) "And many spread their _____ in the road, and others spread leafy branches which they had cut from the fields. And those who went before, and those who followed after, were crying out, 'Hosanna! _____ is He who comes in the name of the Lord; blessed is the coming _____ of our father _____; Hosanna in the highest!'"
- 3) This was prophesied in Zech 9:9.
Fill in the blanks: "Rejoice greatly, O daughter of Zion! Shout in triumph, O daughter of Jerusalem! Behold, your _____ is coming to you; He is just and endowed with _____, humble, and _____, even on a colt, the foal of a donkey."
- 4) Did Jesus like "buying and selling" going on in the temple?
- 5) Does He like it when churches are run like big businesses?
- 6) "The chief priests and the scribes heard this, and began seeking how to _____ Him; for they were afraid of Him, for all the multitude was _____ at His _____."
- 7) Which of these things do you need to have successful prayer?
a) Forgiveness for others
b) Faith
c) Both
- 8) Why wouldn't the religious leaders admit John the Baptist was sent from God?
- 9) Why wouldn't they say he was not from God?
- 10) Did most people at that time think John the Baptist was a prophet or a nut?

Mark #7

(AN ACCOUNT OF THE LIFE OF JESUS CHRIST)

Chapter 12

- 1) What was done to the slave that was sent to receive the master's share of the goods in the parable (illustrated story) Jesus was telling?
- 2) What happened to the second servant? How about the third?
- 3) "He had one more to send, a _____; he sent him last of all to them, saying, 'They will _____ my _____.'" How about the third?
- 4) Why did they decide to kill the son?
- 5) What did Jesus say the owner of the vineyard would do?
- 6) "Have you not even read this Scripture: 'The _____ which the builders _____, this became the chief _____';"
- 7) Who is the chief cornerstone? (hint Eph. 2:20)
- 8) Who did the chief priests and scribes realize Jesus was referring to as the evil vine growers in His story?
- 9) What did they want to do?
- 10) What subject did the Pharisees and Herodians use to try to trap Jesus?
- 11) "'Bring Me a denarius to look at.' And they brought one. And He said to them, 'Whose _____ and inscription is this?' And they said to Him, 'Caesar's.' And Jesus said to them, 'Render to _____ the things that are _____, and to God the _____ that are God's!'"
- 12) Whose likeness do we have? (hint Gen.5:1)
- 13) If we are made in God's likeness, who do we belong to? What would it mean to "render to God the things that are God's"?
- 14) Did they trap Jesus in this story?
- 15) Why was a man told to marry his brother's widow?
- 16) What two reasons did Jesus give as to why the Pharisees were mistaken?
 - a) _____
 - b) _____
- 17) Are we married in heaven?
- 18) Since Abraham and Isaac lived 400 years before Moses, why was it important that God said, "I AM the God of Abraham and Isaac"?
- 19) Describe the most important commandment.
- 20) Describe the second most important commandment.
- 21) Why do you think it says that after Jesus answered these questions people wouldn't ask Him anymore questions?
- 22) Jesus started asking His own questions. What was the first?
- 23) How can David's son (descendant) be his Lord?
- 24) Who was Jesus talking about as David's son?
- 25) What three things did Jesus say that the scribes liked?
 - a) _____
 - b) _____
 - c) _____
- 26) Why did Jesus say the scribes offered long prayers?
- 27) "And He sat down opposite the treasury, and began observing how the multitude were putting _____ into the treasury; and _____ people were putting in _____ sums."
- 28) Did the large sums impress Jesus?
- 29) How much did the person give who got the Lord's attention?
- 30) Describe how it is that a person who puts a tiny amount of money into the collection can be giving more than everybody else.
- 31) If you don't have much money, does that mean that what you give is unimportant to or unappreciated by God? Let's ask God to remind us of this!

Mark #8

(AN ACCOUNT OF THE LIFE OF JESUS CHRIST)

Chapter 13

- 1) What were the disciples impressed by in verse 1?
- 2) What did Jesus say would happen to those things?
- 3) Are those buildings standing today?
- 4) Do we need to be careful of others coming in the name of Jesus?
- 5) What has to happen before the end comes, according to verse 10?
- 6) If you are ever put on trial for your faith, how will you know what to say?
- 7) Will your family always support you?
- 8) "You will be _____ by all on account of _____, but the one who endures to the end, he shall be saved."
- 9) Is there a time of great tribulation coming?
- 10) What is there in verse 19 that tells you that it has not taken place yet?
- 11) Can people do false miracles?
- 12) Have verse 24 & 25 taken place yet?
- 13) "Heaven and earth _____ away, but _____ will not pass away."
- 14) Can you know the day or the hour of Jesus' return?
- 15) When He was on earth, did Jesus know the time of that return?
- 16) "Take heed, keep on the alert; for _____ when the appointed time is."
- 17) What do you think verse 36 means?

Chapter 14:1-11

- 1) The chief priests and scribes wanted to kill Jesus. Why didn't they do it during one of the festivals?
- 2) Whose home did Jesus go to for dinner in Bethany?
- 3) Where do you think Simon got his nickname?
- 4) Were you allowed to eat with someone who had active leprosy?
- 5) What did the woman do with the costly perfume?
- 6) How much was the perfume worth?
- 7) Why wasn't this a waste, according to Jesus?
- 8) According to verse 7, will we ever be able to get rid of poverty?
- 9) "And truly I say to you, wherever the _____ is preached in the _____, that also which this woman has done shall be spoken of in _____ of her."
- 10) Has this prophecy of Jesus come true?
- 11) Is it worth it to spend time worshiping Jesus?
- 12) What reason did Judas have for betraying the Lord?
- 13) Does it sound like Judas was just what the religious leaders were looking for?

Mark #9

(AN ACCOUNT OF THE LIFE OF JESUS CHRIST)

Chapter 14:12-72

- 1) "And on the first day of Unleavened Bread, when the Passover _____ was being _____, His disciples said to Him, 'Where do You want us to go and prepare for You to eat the Passover?'"
- 2) What had the religious leaders just decided to do in verse 11?
- 3) Who is our Passover lamb? (hint-see I Corinthians 5:7)
- 4) What is one of Jesus' titles in verse 14?
- 5) Did Jesus know He would be betrayed? Do close friends sometimes betray you?
- 6) "And while they were eating, He took some bread, and _____ a _____ He broke it; and gave it to them, and said, 'Take it; this is My body.' And when He had taken a cup, and _____, He gave it to them; and they _____ drank from it. And He said to them, 'This is My _____ of the covenant, which is _____ for many.'"
- 7) What did the disciple do just before going out that night?
- 8) Who did Jesus say would desert Him? Who objected to this idea?
- 9) Was Peter the only one who said he would not betray the Lord?
- 10) Who did Jesus take with Him into the Garden of Gethsemane?
- 11) He "began to be very _____ and troubled. And He said to them, 'My soul is deeply _____ to the _____; remain here and keep watch.'"
- 12) Did Jesus feel like He wanted to die on the cross?
- 13) What is the special name Jesus used for God that means "daddy"?
- 14) Are we able to use this name in addressing our heavenly Father? (hint- see Galatians 4:6)
- 15) "Remove this cup from Me; yet _____ what I will, but what _____."
- 16) Do you ever have a problem giving in to God's will?
- 17) What do you think, "The spirit is willing, but the flesh is weak" means?

- 18) Does it seem like the Lord received a lot of help and support from His friends at His greatest time of need? This will probably happen to you too!
- 19) How did Judas betray Jesus?
- 20) "And they _____ left Him and _____."
- 21) Some people think that the young boy mentioned in verses 51 and 52 might be Mark (the writer) who had sneaked out in the middle of the night to follow Jesus. What do you think?
- 22) What was Peter doing in the courtyard?
- 23) Since the chief priests were using false witnesses, why couldn't they find grounds to condemn Him?
- 24) Did Jesus deny or admit to being the Messiah (Christ)?
- 25) What crime did the high priest charge Jesus with when He claimed to be the Messiah?
- 26) "And some began to _____ at Him, and to blindfold Him, and to _____ Him with their _____, and to say to Him, 'Prophesy!' And the officers received Him with _____ in the face."
- 27) Out of all the disciples, who seems to have tried to stay the closest to Jesus during His time of trial?
- 28) How did Peter convince the bystanders that he was not a disciple?
- 29) If you use bad language, will people think you are a follower of Christ?
- 30) What did Peter do when he realized he had denied the Lord?
- 31) Do you care whether you deny the Lord in your life or not?

Chapter 15:1-15

- 1) Why did the religious rulers turn Jesus over to Pilate? (Who was really in charge in Israel)
- 2) Did Jesus deny or admit to being the King of the Jews?
- 3) Did Jesus answer the charges against Him?
- 4) What amazed Pilate? (hint-it was prophesied 700 years earlier about the coming Messiah in Isaiah 53:7)
- 5) What was Barabbas guilty of? Who was Pilate trying to release?
- 6) Jesus took our place in being condemned. Who is one person who we know took Jesus' place by being released from the punishment he deserved?
- 7) Have you been released from the punishment you deserve?

D. Lynn

6/4/02

Mark #10

(AN ACCOUNT OF THE LIFE OF JESUS CHRIST)

Chapter 15:15-47

- 1) What did they do to Jesus just before they crucified Him?
- 2) A “cohort” contained about 600 men. Do you think they treated Jesus very well?
- 3) Were the soldiers giving Jesus respect in verses 17 & 18?
- 4) “And they kept _____ His head with a reed, and _____ at Him, and kneeling and bowing before Him. And after they had _____ Him, they took the purple off Him, and put His garments on Him. And they led Him out to crucify Him.”
- 5) Who had to carry Jesus’ cross?
- 6) What does the word “Golgotha” mean?
- 7) What do you think wine and myrrh was being offered to Jesus?
- 8) Why do you think He did not accept it?
- 9) Jesus had to experience (part, some, all) the pain we deserved!
- 10) Was Jesus allowed the dignity of retaining His clothes during His crucifixion?
- 11) Compare verses 25 & 34. How long did Jesus hang on the cross?
- 12) People said in verse 31, “He saved others, Himself He cannot save.” Was that true?
- 13) Why couldn’t, or rather wouldn’t, Jesus save Himself?
- 14) What happened 3 hours after Jesus was crucified? How long did it last?
- 15) What does, “Eloi, Eloi, lama sabachthani?” mean?
- 16) Was this a coincidence that Jesus used these words? (hint see Psalm 22:1)
- 17) Did the people around Him hear Him correctly?
- 18) “The _____ of the temple was torn in two from _____ to _____.”
- 19) This veil (curtain) separated people from the holy place where God dwelled. Why do you think it was torn open?
- 20) Why do you think it was torn from top to bottom?
- 21) Who gives us access to God’s presence?
- 22) Look at Hebrews 10:19-20: “Since therefore, brethren, we have confidence to enter the _____ by the _____ of Jesus, by a new and living way which He inaugurated for us through the _____, that is, His _____.”
- 23) Have you put your trust in Christ so that you can have that access to God?
- 24) What did the centurion who was in charge of the crucifixion detail say after he saw how Christ died?

- 25) Name three of the women who watched Jesus die.
- 26) Were they the only women around to see this?
- 27) What position did Joseph of Arimathea have?
- 28) What did he have to do before he could bring himself to ask for the body of Jesus?
- 29) Pilate was surprised that Jesus was already dead. Why do you think Jesus died after only six hours?

- 30) How do we know Jesus’ body was secure so it couldn’t be tampered with?
- 31) How do we know Mary Magdalene didn’t just go to the wrong tomb on the first day of the week because she got bad directions from Joseph of Arimathea?

Mark #11

(AN ACCOUNT OF THE LIFE OF JESUS CHRIST)

Chapter 16

- 1) Name at least 3 ladies named Mary who were involved in Jesus life.
 - a)
 - b)
 - c)
- 2) What were the women concerned about when they were coming to the tomb?
- 3) How big was the stone?
- 4) “And he said to them, ‘Do not be amazed; you are looking for Jesus the Nazarene, who has been crucified. He has _____; He is _____; behold, here is the place where they laid Him.’”
- 5) The angel told the women to tell the disciples to go to Galilee and He would see them there. Who did he mention specifically?
- 6) Why do you think he was mentioned? (hint-see Mark 14:67-72)
- 7) “And they went out and _____ from the tomb, for _____ and _____ had gripped them; and they said nothing to anyone, for they were _____.”
- 8) Were these ladies expecting the resurrection to happen?
- 9) Who told the disciples that the lord was alive?
- 10) What was their reaction?
- 11) What were the followers of Jesus doing when Mary came to tell them about her experience?
- 12) Who else reported seeing Jesus? (their full story is in Luke 24:13-33)
- 13) Did the disciples believe them?
- 14) Does it seem like it was easy to convince the disciples that the Lord had risen?
- 15) “And afterward He appeared to the eleven themselves as they were reclining at the table; and He _____ them for their _____ and _____ of heart, because they had not believed _____ who had _____ Him after He had risen.”
- 16) Does God want us to believe the eye witnesses?
- 17) Where did the Lord tell the disciples to preach the gospel?
- 18) What happens to those who believe and are baptized?
- 19) Who is the one who will be condemned?
- 20) Does it say that the one who does not get baptized will be lost?
- 21) What signs did Jesus say would accompany those who believed?
 - a)
 - b)
 - c)
 - d)
 - c)
- 22) According to verse 20 did these signs happen?
- 23) What does it say these signs did?
- 24) Do we now have the word completed?
- 25) Do we need the signs to confirm the word anymore?
- 26) Where did the disciples preach according to verse 20?
- 27) Do you think that drinking poison “on purpose” was what was meant by verse 18?
- 28) Do you think the Lord wanted His disciples to handle poisonous snakes or was this verse fulfilled in Acts 28:2-6?
- 29) Did you enjoy our study of Mark? Did you learn a lot? I did!!!

Luke #1

Chapter 1

- 1) Did many people write accounts of Jesus' life?
- 2) "It seemed fitting for me as well, having _____ everything _____ from the beginning, to write it out for you in _____, most excellent Theophilus; so that you might know the _____ about the things you have been taught."
- 3) If there is confusion in the four Gospel accounts about when things happened during Jesus' life, which Gospel was written in consecutive order?
- 4) Zacharias was a: a) Soldier b) Priest c) Mason d) Taxi driver
- 5) What was Zacharias doing when he saw an angel of the Lord?
- 6) Incense burning is a picture of prayer throughout the Bible. What might you gather from realizing that Zacharias saw the Lord while offering up incense?
- 7) See verse 15. Does it sound like babies in their mother's wombs are just fetuses with no soul or spirit?
- 8) "It is he who will go as a _____ before Him in the spirit and power of _____, to turn the hearts of the fathers back to the children, and the disobedient to the attitude of the righteous; so as to make _____ a people _____ for the Lord."
- 9) What happened to Zacharias because he did not believe what he was told?
- 10) Why did Mary seem confused when she was told that she would give birth to a son named Jesus?
- 11) "For _____ will be _____ with God."
- 12) Did Mary argue with God about what He had asked her to do?
- 13) Zacharias did not believe the angel. Did Mary believe him according to verse 45?
- 14) "My spirit has rejoiced in God my _____." So, was Mary a sinner who needed to be *saved*?
- 15) What types of things did Zacharias say first, when he could speak again?
- 16) In verses 68-79 there are two historical people that had promises given to them about the Messiah. Who are these two people? a) _____ b) _____
- 17) Did John the Baptist have a normal childhood?

Chapter 2

- 1) Herod called himself, "the king of the Jews," but who really ruled Judea at this time in history?
- 2) Why did Joseph and Mary go to Bethlehem?
- 3) Because they had no place to stay, some people say that Mary and Joseph were homeless people. Were they homeless or were they just out of town with no place to stay?
- 4) If you travel to Florida and can't find a hotel room, does that really make you a homeless person?
- 5) How would you describe the shepherds' reaction to the glory of the Lord that showed around them?
- 6) "Today in the city of David, there has been born for you a _____, who is _____ the Lord"
- 7) Who did Mary say the Savior was in Luke 1:47?
- 8) If God is our *Savior* and Jesus is our *Savior*, what does the following verse mean? Isaiah 43:11 "I, even I, am the Lord; there is *no savior* besides Me."
- 9) Did people realize that strange things seemed to be happening, having to do with the baby, Jesus?
- 10) Did Mary think about how special her Son must be?
- 11) What did God promise would happen to Simeon before he died?
- 12) "My eyes have seen Thy _____." What did Simeon see?
- 13) What did Simeon say to Mary that probably scared her very much?
- 14) Where did Anna spend all of her time?
- 15) Did Anna keep her thoughts about Jesus to herself? Should you?
- 16) "The Child continued to _____ and become strong, increasing in _____; and the grace of God was upon Him."
- 17) According to the previous verse, did Jesus know everything as a baby?
- 18) Why did Jesus' parents take a trip every year to Jerusalem?
- 19) When Jesus was twelve, what did He do that surprised His parents?
- 20) What was Jesus doing in the temple?
- 21) "_____ who heard Him were amazed at His _____ and His _____."
- 22) What did Jesus do that should be an example to us (verse 51)?

Luke #2

Chapter 3

- 1) Was Jesus a real historical figure?
- 2) Does it sound like historians could figure out exactly what year John the Baptist began his ministry from all the information in verse 1?
- 3) Where was John when the Lord began speaking to him?
- 4) Who prophesied that John would be in the wilderness preaching that the Messiah would come?
- 5) "Repentance" means "a change of mind." What did John tell the people who were coming for baptism to do? (verse 8)
- 6) What did John tell the multitudes to do? (verse 10)
- 7) What did he tell the tax gatherers to do? (verse 13)
- 8) What three things did he instruct the soldiers to do?
 - a)
 - b)
 - c)
- 9) Are people usually content with their wages today?
- 10) "Now while the people were in a state of _____ and all were wondering in their _____ about John, as to whether he might be the _____ [Messiah]."
- 11) Did John claim to be the Messiah? Did he feel equal to the Messiah?
- 12) Jesus will have two different baptisms. What are they?
 - a) Some will receive the baptism of _____. (He will gather these into His barn.)
 - b) Some will receive the baptism of _____. (He will burn these with unquenchable fire.)
- 13) How do we know that John was not politically correct?
- 14) What happened to John when he spoke out about evil?
- 15) Who was the most famous person John baptized?
- 16) "And the Holy Spirit descended upon Him in bodily form _____ a dove, and a voice came out of heaven, 'Thou art My _____, in Thee I am well-pleased.'"
- 17) How old was Jesus when He began His public ministry?
- 18) Why does it say Jesus was "supposedly" the son of Joseph in verse 23?
- 19) God promised _____ (a famous king of Israel), that the Messiah would be one of His descendants.
- 20) Who are three other people mentioned in verse 34 that God also promised this to?

Chapter 4:1-21

- 1) Where was the first place that the Holy Spirit led Jesus after He was baptized?
- 2) Did Jesus have physical needs like you and I?
- 3) Did the devil admit that Jesus was the Son of God in verse 3?
- 4) The following verse was quoted by Jesus to answer Satan: Deuteronomy 8:3
"And He humbled you and let you be hungry, and fed you with manna which you did not know, nor did your fathers know, that He might make you understand that man does not live by _____ alone, but man lives by _____ that proceeds out of the _____ of the LORD."
- 5) When Jesus used the phrase, "It is _____," He was giving us an example that we should use the Word of God to answer Satan's temptations.
- 6) What did Satan offer Jesus if He would worship him?
- 7) What did Jesus answer him with?
- 8) Is it right to do unnecessarily dangerous things expecting God to protect you?
- 9) Satan used Scripture here (Psalm 91:11&12), which talks about God's protection. Is it possible for people to misuse the Bible to tempt us to make the wrong decisions?
- 10) Did Satan give up and leave Jesus alone forever once he failed to tempt Him?
- 11) Did Jesus do all of His teaching out in the countryside?
- 12) "And He came to Nazareth, where He had been _____ up; and as was _____, He entered the synagogue on the Sabbath, and stood up to _____ [the Scriptures]."
- 13) Jesus read Isaiah 61 verse 1 and only half of verse 2. Then He said the Scriptures had been fulfilled right before their eyes. When will the second half of verse 2 be fulfilled?

Luke #3

Chapter 4:22-44

- 1) According to verse 22, did the people recognize that Jesus was God's Son?
- 2) Are people who dedicate themselves to serving the Lord sometimes rejected by their own families?
- 3) According to verses 25-27, does God normally work in people's lives by means of miracles, or is that a rare thing?
- 4) When Jesus refused to do miracles for the people in His hometown synagogue, what was their reaction?
- 5) Whenever the teachers of Israel spoke, they would always quote the great rabbis to support their positions. What amazed people the most about Jesus' teaching?
- 6) Did the demons know who Jesus was?
- 7) Were the demons subject to Jesus' commands?
- 8) What was wrong with Simon's mother-in-law?
- 9) What did she do as soon as she was healed?
- 10) Why do you think that Jesus did not want the demons testifying that He was the Son of God?
- 11) Where did Jesus sometimes need to go?

Chapter 5

- 1) A famous sermon Jesus gave was called the "Sermon on the Mount." What could you call His sermon found in verse 1-3?
- 2) How many fish had the disciple caught the night before?
- 3) Did they catch more fish when they followed Jesus' directions?
- 4) Should we follow Jesus' directions when we are "fishing for men"?
- 5) When Peter realized that Jesus was God, what did he feel (verse 8)?
- 6) What did the sons of Zebedee do before they followed Jesus?
- 7) When it says that they "left everything," does that mean they never fished again? (hint John 21:3)
- 8) Did Jesus encourage people to follow the laws of Moses?
- 9) Why should the priests have known Jesus was the Messiah?
- 10) "But He Himself would _____ slip away to the _____ and _____."
- 11) What upset the Pharisees about what Jesus said to the man who was lowered through the roof?
- 12) Were the Pharisees right when they said that only God can forgive sin?
- 13) Why can Jesus forgive sin? a) He loves people b) He is God c) He doesn't hold grudges
- 14) Who received the glory when Jesus healed the man?
- 15) What was Levi's profession? Did Levi seek the Lord?
- 16) When God wants to reach people at your business or school, whom will He want to use?
- 17) Can doctors help people who don't believe that they are sick?
- 18) "I have not come to call the _____ but _____ to repentance."
- 19) Does verse 33 make it sound like the disciples were overly "religious"?
- 20) Did the Lord indicate, in verses 36-39, that His disciples would continue on as the Jews had or that they would be very different?

Chapter 6:1-12

- 1) In verses 1 & 2, the Jews accused the disciples of breaking the law (working on the Sabbath). Do you think the disciples thought it was work to pick a few grains of wheat to munch on while walking through the fields?
- 2) David and his men ate the sacred showbread when they were hungry (I Samuel 21:1-6). Did Jesus think that was wrong?
- 3) Did Jesus know that they wanted Him to heal the man's hand so they could accuse Him?
- 4) Think about this for a minute. If you saw that someone was able to do such a miracle, would it cause you to believe in him or would it cause you to believe that He was evil?
- 5) How did the Pharisees respond when Jesus healed this poor man?
- 6) Does that make any sense at all?
- 7) What did Jesus do after seeing this response?
- 8) Do we need to "get away" and just pour our hearts out to God once in a while? (see Psalm 62:8)

Luke #4

Chapter 6:13-49

- 1) In verse 12 Jesus spends the whole night in prayer. What important decisions did He have to make the next morning?
- 2) What percentage of the people coming to Jesus for healing, were actually being healed?
- 3) Do the so called “healers” of today heal everyone who comes to their healing services?
- 4) According to verse 20, who was Jesus speaking to in His message from verse 20 to verse 49?
- 5) You are not blessed if someone hates you or insults you, unless it is for what reason?

- 6) Who would fall into the category of “rich and well fed” if you compared the countries of the world. (choose the best answer)
 - a) Wealthy people who live in fancy homes.
 - b) CEO’s and company owners.
 - c) Almost everyone in our country (USA).
- 7) Is it a good thing if everyone says good things about you? (see verse 26)
- 8) Can you follow verses 28-30 without God’s help?
- 9) What is verse 31 sometimes called?
- 10) Do unsaved people often love those who love them?
- 11) According to verse 35, who is God kind to, besides believers?
- 12) Do we often judge others by a different standard than we judge ourselves?
- 13) What standard will God use to judge us?
- 14) Do things look bigger or smaller up close?
- 15) What does the speck that is in your brother’s eye look like if it is in your own eye?
- 16) Do we sometimes make a big deal out of the little things that others do while overlooking the things that we do ourselves?
- 17) If you want to straighten others out without addressing your own problems, what are you?
- 18) If we call Jesus, “Lord,” what should we also do?
- 19) If you are one who “hears God’s word,” will you automatically be OK when the storms come?
- 20) What else do you need to do?

Chapter 7:1-28

- 1) Was slavery a common practice in the time of Christ?
- 2) A centurion was a Roman officer in charge of one hundred soldiers. They were known for their stern discipline. As you read verses 2-5, what two things do you see that make you think that this centurion was special?
 - a)
 - b)
- 3) Reading verses 6 & 7, would you say this centurion was humble or proud?
- 4) Do you think he was a weak or wimpy person?
- 5) What concept did this centurion have a great understanding of? (choose one)
 - a) Predestination
 - b) Authority (chain of command)
 - c) The power of money
- 6) What happened to the slave?
- 7) “Now as He approached the gate of the city, behold, a dead man was being carried out, the _____ of his mother, and she was a _____; and a sizeable crowd from the city was with her.”
- 8) What did Jesus feel when He saw this grieving mother?
- 9) After this young man was raised from the dead, did everyone keep it quiet?
- 10) What did the disciples of John the Baptist come to find out?
- 11) Why did Jesus tell the disciples of John to take a report back to John of the things they had seen?
 - a) Because He wanted to impress him with His great powers.
 - b) Because what they were seeing fulfilled the ancient prophecies of what the Messiah would do. (see Isaiah 35:4-6)
 - c) Because He wanted John to leave Him alone.
- 12) Did Jesus consider John to be a great man?
- 13) What do you think it means when it says that everyone in the kingdom will be greater than John?

Luke #5

Chapter 7:29-50

- 1) According to verse 30, can you reject God's purpose for you?
- 2) What did people say about John the Baptist because of his bland diet?
- 3) What did they say about Jesus because He ate a regular diet?
- 4) Do you think they would have been satisfied no matter what Jesus and John did?
- 5) Did Jesus sit down to dinner with sinners?
- 6) "Now when the _____ who had invited Him saw this, he said to _____, 'If this man were a _____ He would know who and what sort of person this woman is who is touching Him, that she is a _____.'"
- 7) Did the Pharisee think he was a sinner?
- 8) Who usually has the most love for the Savior?
- 9) How did this woman demonstrate to people that she was forgiven, according to verse 47?
- 10) What did Jesus say saved the woman? (choose one)
 - a) Her love.
 - b) Her willingness to be a servant and wash Jesus' feet.
 - c) Her faith.
- 11) Have you been forgiven "much" or "little"? What should your response be?

Chapter 8

- 1) Did Jesus only attract followers who were men?
- 2) What had Jesus done for Mary Magdalene?
- 3) What important official was Joanna married to?
- 4) Who gave financial support to Jesus and the disciples?
- 5) What phrase did Jesus sometimes call out while he was sharing His parables?
- 6) Match the things that are mentioned in the parable of the sower (planter).

Seed	the word choked out by worries, pleasures and riches
Seed on rocky soil	the word held fast in a good and honest heart
Seed in the thorns	the word of God itself
Seed on good soil	the word received with joy, but the person falls away during temptation
- 7) "For nothing is _____ that shall not become evident, nor anything secret that shall not be _____ and come to light."
- 8) What did Jesus say when they told Him that His mother and His brothers were outside trying to see Him?
- 9) Are you like a brother or sister to Jesus if you HEAR the word of God?
- 10) What was Jesus doing when a great storm arose?
- 11) Why did the disciples become afraid of Jesus?
- 12) Can a person become possessed (controlled by) a demon who lives inside him?
- 13) Where did the possessed man live?
- 14) How had the local people tried to restrain this man?
- 15) What did the man say his name was and why?
- 16) Are Jews supposed to be raising pigs for food? (see Leviticus 11:7)
- 17) Where did the demons ask permission to go?
- 18) Did the pigs allow themselves to be possessed by the demons?
- 19) What did they do?
- 20) When Jesus healed the man of his demon possession, did the people of the surrounding area thank Him for it?
- 21) What did Jesus instruct the man to do?
- 22) How long had the woman in verse 43 been bleeding?
- 23) What do you think the woman was thinking when Jesus had her come forward?
- 24) What happened to the little girl while Jesus was on His way to her home?
- 25) "But when Jesus heard this, He answered him, 'Do not be _____ any longer; only _____, and she shall be made well.'"
- 26) What will happen when Jesus says to you one day, "Child, arise"?

Luke #6

Chapter 9

- 1) Who gave the disciples power over demons and the power to heal?
- 2) Were the disciples supposed to take a lot of supplies with them as they went out to preach?
- 3) When Herod heard about Jesus' miracles, what was his first thought?
- 4) "And Herod said, 'I myself had John _____; but who is this man about whom I hear such things?' And he _____ trying to _____ Him."
- 5) In verses 10 & 11, does it seem like Jesus had much time for relaxation?
- 6) Who told Jesus to send the multitudes away?
- 7) How many men were present?
- 8) Did Jesus want them to all stay in one big group?
- 9) What did Jesus do before He handed out the food?
- 10) "And they _____ ate and were _____; and the broken pieces which they had left over were picked up, _____ baskets full."
- 11) What would have been an easy way to divide up the leftovers?
- 12) Look at verse 18. Can you sometimes be alone even when you are with other people?
- 13) Who did people think Jesus was? a) _____ b) _____ c) _____
- 14) Who did the disciples say Jesus was?
- 15) Look at verse 22. What did Jesus tell the disciples would happen to Him?
- 16) If you want to follow Jesus, what two things do you have to do first?
 - a) _____
 - b) _____
- 17) "For what is a man profited if he _____ the whole _____, and loses or forfeits _____?"
- 18) What did Jesus say would happen to some of those who were with Him before they died?
- 19) When did this happen? (see verses 28-35)
- 20) Which disciples got a peek at the glory of the kingdom?
- 21) Who else was on the mountain with Jesus and the disciples?
- 22) "Who, appearing in _____, were speaking of His _____ which He was about to accomplish at Jerusalem."
- 23) Who does God tell the disciples to listen to in verse 35? a) Moses b) Elijah c) Jesus
- 24) What were the disciples unable to do in verses 37-40?
- 25) "But _____ rebuked the unclean spirit, and healed the boy, and gave him back to his father. And they were all amazed at the greatness of _____."
- 26) Looking at that verse, obviously Jesus is _____.
- 27) What did the disciples start arguing about next?
- 28) "Whoever receives this _____ in My name receives _____; and whoever receives Me receives Him who sent Me; for he who is _____ among you, this is the one who is _____."
- 29) Why didn't the Samaritans receive Jesus?
- 30) Is prejudice something new?
- 31) What did the disciples want to do when they saw that the Samaritans didn't want to receive them?
- 32) "And Jesus said to him, 'The _____ have _____, and the birds of the air have _____, but the Son of Man has nowhere to lay His _____.'"
- 33) Jews usually buried their dead on the day they died. When the man said that he wanted to bury his father before he followed Jesus, which of these statements do you think is true?
 - a) His father just died, but Jesus wanted him to leave before the funeral was over.
 - b) His father was old, and he planned to follow Jesus after he had taken care of his father in his old age?
- 34) "No one, after putting his hand to the plow and _____ back, is fit for the kingdom of God."
- 35) Were these men eager to follow Jesus, or were they putting it off? Do we do the same thing?

Luke #7

Chapter 10

- 1) Did Jesus just have 12 followers?
- 2) "And He was saying to them, 'The _____ is plentiful, but the _____ are few; therefore beseech the Lord of the harvest to _____ laborers into His harvest.'"
- 3) What do you think that verse means?
- 4) We are supposed to go out as "_____ in the midst of _____."
- 5) If we are like lambs, should we expect to be treated well by the wolves?
- 6) Who do the lambs look to when they are in danger from wolves?
- 7) When you are going out to share the word, you should.... a) Be a picky eater b) Accept support (money and materials) from caring people. c) Always look to move to a better place.
- 8) Does God consider Sodom and Gomorrah to be the worst cities in history?
- 9) If people reject you when you are witnessing to them, who are they really rejecting?
- 10) Does verse 19 tell us that we should handle snakes or scorpions?
- 11) According to verse 20, what is the most important thing in our lives?
- 12) Circle the members of the Trinity in the following verse?
"At that very time He rejoiced greatly in the Holy Spirit, and said, 'I praise Thee, O Father, Lord of heaven and earth, that Thou didst hide these things from the wise and intelligent and didst reveal them to babes. Yes, Father, for thus it was well-pleasing in Thy sight.'"
- 13) "And behold, a certain lawyer stood up and put Him to the test, saying, 'Teacher, what _____ to _____ eternal life?'"
- 14) What do you normally do to inherit something? (choose one)
 - a) Work all your life.
 - b) Wait for someone in your neighborhood to die and take his stuff.
 - c) Have a relative die who has chosen to leave you something.
- 15) Jesus told the lawyer that he would receive eternal life if he did what two things?
 - a)
 - b)
- 16) Why did the lawyer feel the need to justify himself?
- 17) Who had compassion on the victim in the Lord's story?
 - a) A priest b) The Salvation Army c) A Samaritan (hated minority) d) A Levite (religious worker)
- 18) Who is your neighbor if you have the Samaritan's attitude?
- 19) Heaven is a perfect place. In order to go to heaven you have to be perfect. What do you think Jesus was trying to show the lawyer?
 - a) That he should work hard to be perfect.
 - b) That he could never live up to the perfection he needed.
- 20) When Jesus came to visit, what did Martha do? What did Mary do?
- 21) Which did Jesus think was the more important activity?
- 22) "But the Lord answered and said to her, 'Martha, Martha, you are _____ and _____ about so many things; but only a few things are necessary, really _____ one, for Mary has chosen the _____, which shall not be taken away from her.'"
- 23) Are you more like Mary or Martha?

Chapter 11:1-13

- 1) Does Jesus seem to think prayer is important?
- 2) What did John the Baptist teach his disciples?
- 3) What do we sometimes call verses 2-4?
- 4) "Forgive us our _____, for we ourselves also forgive everyone who is _____."
- 5) Is it OK to ask the Lord to keep you away from temptation?
- 6) What does the Lord teach us to be an important aspect of prayer in verses 5-8?
 - a) Good manners. b) Persistence. c) Wearing a prayer shawl.
- 7) Does God give good gifts?
- 8) What if a son asked his father for a snake instead of a fish, would the good father give it to him?
- 9) Is it better that the Lord does not give us everything we want?
- 10) According to the bible an egg is.....
 - a) A good gift. b) A dangerous mass of bad cholesterol.

Luke #8

Chapter 11:14-54

- 1) How did some people say Jesus was casting out demons?
- 2) Who was the first to say, "A house divided against itself falls (cannot stand)."
 - a) Abraham Lincoln
 - b) Jesus
- 3) The name "Beelzebub" means "lord of the flies." Do you think they were insulting Jesus by attributing His miracles to the power of this false god?
- 4) Who can plunder (rob) a house possessed by a strong man?
- 5) Being Christians, are we the house of God? (I Corinthians 6:19) Is anyone stronger than God?
- 6) Can a person who is NOT a Christian be demon possessed?
- 7) If a person is demon possessed and that demon is cast out, is that person safe from being possessed again, even if he cleans up his life?
- 8) What would make him safe from being possessed?
- 9) "He said, 'On the contrary, _____ are those who _____ the word of God, and _____ it.'"
- 10) Did the Lord live in a good generation?
- 11) What sign did people see with Jonah that was like the sign Jesus would give?
- 12) Who is wiser (greater) than Solomon?
- 13) If you have your eyes on other things than the Lord, what can sometimes happen?
- 14) Who did Jesus go to lunch with?
- 15) What was the man He was dining with concerned about?
- 16) Which is more important to God? a) Being clean on the outside b) Being clean on the inside
- 17) What did the religious leaders love? a) Other people b) Public recognition
- 18) Did Jesus ever cause anyone to be insulted?
- 19) If you tell the truth, will some people end up being insulted?
- 20) The lawyers were experts in the Mosaic Law. How did Jesus describe how they were hypocrites?
- 21) Did these lawyers help people understand the Scriptures?

Chapter 12:1-21

- 1) What did Jesus refer to as "the leaven of the Pharisees"?
- 2) Can we keep things secret forever?
- 3) Who is the only One with authority to cast people into hell?
- 4) What does God keep track of? (choose TWO)
 - a) Only the big things we do or don't do.
 - b) Small birds.
 - c) Even the number of hairs on our heads.
- 5) "And I say to you, everyone who _____ Me before men, the Son of Man shall confess him also before the angels of God; but he who _____ Me before men shall be denied before the angels of God."
- 6) Does God care if we tell others that we believe in Him?
- 7) After we believe, the Holy Spirit comes to live within us according to Ephesians 1:13 & 14. So if we believe in Jesus, and are sealed (secured) by the Holy Spirit, what will God do if we are faithless? (II Timothy 2:13) "If we are faithless, He remains _____; for He _____ deny Himself."
- 8) Look at verse 10. Is it hard to understand?
- 9) Conviction for salvation comes from the Holy Spirit. (see John 16:8-11) Is it possible to reject the Holy Spirit's conviction? (see I Thessalonians 5:19)
- 10) What do you think will happen if you reject the Holy Spirit's conviction of your need for salvation? (remember verse 5 and II Thessalonians 1:8 & 9)
- 11) Who will help you when others question you about your faith?
- 12) Does the request the man makes in verse 13 sound reasonable?
- 13) Can arguing over an inheritance be a form of greed?
- 14) This is a very important verse to memorize: ***"Not even when one has an abundance does his life consist of his possessions."***
- 15) Does what you own or what you have, really make a difference in who you are?
- 16) Look at verses 16-21. What was this man's situation when he died? Who is this man like?

Luke #9

Chapter 12: 22-59

- 1) Is the Christian life supposed to be full of worry?
- 2) Are food and clothing very high on the list of important things in your life?
- 3) Who feeds the birds?
- 4) Can you will yourself to be taller or live longer?
- 5) Lilies are more beautiful than _____ in all his glory.
- 6) According to verse 30, why do we **not** have to worry about these needs?
- 7) "But _____ for _____, and these things shall be added to you."
- 8) If you sell your possessions to help people, are you wasting your money?
- 9) Where will your heart (your true feelings) be directed?
- 10) Do you think some people treasure the wrong things?
- 11) Read verses 36-40. Who do you think the master is?
- 12) What will the master do to those who are waiting for him?
- 13) What did some of the servants in the story who thought their master would not be back for a long time do?
- 14) If you thought the Lord was coming back this week, would you do a lot of things differently?
- 15) Look at verse 51. Did Jesus come to bring peace or division?
- 16) When someone gets saved in a family of unbelievers, can it cause a lot of division?
- 17) According to verses 58 & 59, is it usually better to settle things in court or out of court?

Chapter 13:1-24

- 1) Pilate was the Roman governor of Israel. Does it sound like the Romans were an easy government to live under?
- 2) According to verse 2, why did the religious people think God had allowed these Galileans to be killed?
- 3) Do bad things always happen to bad people?
- 4) Jesus said they would all perish if they did not _____.
- 5) (This is a tough question.) Read verses 6-9. Jesus' ministry lasted 3&1/2 years. What might this story mean in light of this fact?

- 6) What bothered the synagogue official about the way Jesus healed the poor crippled woman?
- 7) Read verses 11 & 16. Was this just a normal sickness?
- 8) Read verses 18 & 19. A mustard seed is very small. Does this mustard seed grow a small plant?
- 9) Birds land on the branches. Are they (the birds) part of the tree?
- 10) Has the kingdom of God attracted a lot of many birds who have taken up residence in what is called "the church?"
- 11) Does the Bible say we "*enter by the narrow door*" to be saved or do we **stay on a straight and narrow path** to be saved?
- 12) Will everyone who has been very religious be saved?
- 13) Did most of the Jews accept Jesus as the Messiah?
- 14) Who might the people mentioned in verse 29 be? a) The Gentiles b) the lost tribes
- 15) What did the Pharisees do to try to scare Jesus?
- 16) Is it wrong to call a corrupt politician a "fox?"
- 17) In which city of the earth did most of the prophets die?
- 18) If Jesus wanted to gather the children of Jerusalem to Himself, what kept it from happening?

- 19) God gives us a free will. Is it possible to resist God? (see Acts 7:51)

Luke #10

Chapter 14

- 1) Did Jesus avoid the Pharisees (religious people)?
- 2) Do you think it was an accident that the man with dropsy just happened to be in the Pharisee's house on the Sabbath day?
- 3) What did the invited guests do when they came to dinner?
- 4) What might happen to you if you take the most important seat at a meeting or banquet?
- 5) Where should you sit?
- 6) "For everyone who _____ shall be humbled, and he who _____ himself shall be exalted."
- 7) Read Proverbs 25:6 & 7. Does it sound like Jesus was applying the scriptural ideas from Proverbs?
- 8) Were the Pharisees following the Scriptures they thought they knew so well?
- 9) Have you ever invited anyone to dinner who could never pay you back by inviting you sometime?
- 10) If you do things for people who can't repay you, how will you ever get paid back?
- 11) Read verses 15-24. What did the invited guests in this story do when it was time for the feast?
- 12) Excuse #1: "I have bought a piece of land and I need to go out and look at it; please consider me excused." Question: Have you ever purchased a piece of property without seeing it first?
- 13) Excuse #2: "I have bought five yoke of oxen, and I am going to try them out; please consider me excused." Question: Have you ever bought a car without test driving it? So, do you think you should try oxen out before, or after you buy them?
- 14) Excuse #3: "I have married a wife, and for that reason I cannot come." Question: Would most wives rather go out to dinner or stay home and cook dinner themselves?
- 15) Were any of these excuses really valid? Do you see why the master was so upset?
- 16) If the invited guests in the story were the Jews, who would those from the highways and byways be?
- 17) Does it sound like at some point it was too late to accept the invitation?
- 18) If you reject Christ, will you receive a second chance after you die?
- 19) What is to be more important in your life, your family or the Lord?
- 20) In order to be a real disciple of Christ, what are two things you must do according to verse 27?
 - a)
 - b)
- 21) Does your salvation cost you anything? (hint-see Revelation 22:17)
- 22) Does discipleship (carefully following Jesus in your life) cost anything?
- 23) Can you hold on to your possessions and be a disciple?
- 24) Can you have possessions and still give them up? How?
- 25) We are like salt. If we don't have that special flavor in our lives, what good are we?

Chapter 15

- 1) What kind of people came to listen to Jesus?
- 2) Does a good shepherd only care about the good sheep who don't wander off?
- 3) "I tell you that in the same way, there will be more joy in heaven over one _____ who _____, than over ninety-nine righteous persons who _____ no repentance."
- 4) Do people who think they are righteous really have no need of repentance or do they only *feel* they have no need for repentance? (hint-see Luke 13:5)
- 5) Were silver coins valuable in the time of Christ? Are we of small value or of great value to God?
- 6) Read verses 11-32. What did the younger son ask for?
- 7) How did he lose his money?
- 8) "Now when he had spent everything, a severe famine occurred in that country, and he _____ to be in _____."
- 9) What is wrong with a Jewish boy tending and even eating with swine? (see Deuteronomy 14:8 & Leviticus 7:21)
- 10) "But when he _____ to his _____, he said, 'How many of my father's hired men have more than enough bread, but I am dying here with hunger!'"
- 11) When did the father first see the son? How do you think this happened?
- 12) Was the father excited, or was the father upset at the return of his son.
- 13) Was the boy's brother happy about his brother's reception?
- 14) Do we sometimes tend to think that unsaved people who annoy us will be getting what they deserve?
- 15) Should we seek to be like the father, or like the brother?

Luke #11

Chapter 16

- 1) Starting with verse 1, was this story shared with unsaved people or saved people who were following Christ?
- 2) Did the manager (steward) want to do manual labor?
- 3) When the manager reduced the people's debts, was that ethical?
- 4) Look at verse 8. If the manager was doing something wrong, why did his boss praise him?
- 5) Can we even learn lessons from those who are unethical and self-centered?
- 6) "Mammon" refers to "treasure or riches." Can we use mammon to accomplish things for God?
- 7) If you can't trust a person to do something insignificant (the small things), is he the type of person you can trust to do something really important (the big things)?
- 8) What does verse 13 mean?
- 9) Why did the Pharisees scoff at Jesus?
- 10) Did something change after the coming of John (the Baptist)? (see verse 16)
- 11) What are two things that constitute adultery according to verse 18:
 - a)
 - b)
- 12) What are two problems that Lazarus had when he was alive?
 - a)
 - b)
- 13) Where did Lazarus go when he died?
- 14) Where did the rich man go?
- 15) "And he cried out and said, 'Father Abraham, have _____ on me, and send Lazarus, that he may dip the tip of his finger in water and _____ off my tongue; for I am in _____ in this flame.'"
- 16) Does it sound like *Hades* is just another word for "the grave"?
- 17) What happens to *Hades* in the future? (hint-see Revelation 20:14,15)
- 18) Will people in Hell be able to go to heaven after a while? (verse 26)
- 19) Why did the rich man want Lazarus to come back to life?
- 20) Would people automatically believe, if they saw someone come back to life, according to verse 31?
- 21) How did this statement come true for the Pharisees?

Chapter 17

- 1) What did Jesus say "would be better for [you]" than hurting a "little one" (child or young believer)?
- 2) If someone says they repent, should we forgive them?
- 3) Does it sound like the disciples had any faith at all?
- 4) What do you think verses 7-10 mean?
- 5) Does it sound like God wants us to become prideful about what we do for Him?
- 6) Samaritans were considered hated half-breeds. What did Jesus point out to His disciples about the lepers he had cured?
- 7) According to verses 11-19, what percentage of people do you think express real appreciation for their salvation?
- 8) Are you going to be one of the few who are truly thankful?
- 9) "...For behold, the kingdom of God is _____." (this means "inside you")
- 10) Is God's kingdom visible or invisible right now?
- 11) Will people be ready for Jesus' second coming?
- 12) Did the people at the time of Lot, or the time of Noah, expect God's judgment?
- 13) What did Lot's wife do? (see- Genesis 19: 17 & 26)
- 14) Should we be looking back at the world if we want to follow Jesus?
- 15) Verses 34-37 were spoken to the disciples about those who were looking for "God's Kingdom" on earth. It does not seem to refer to the rapture, but rather when Jesus comes visibly in judgment. What happens to the bodies of the people who lose their lives ("are taken"), according to verse 37?
- 16) Look at Revelation 19:17-21. This passage predicts what will happen when Jesus comes to set up His kingdom on earth. Describe "the great supper of God" recorded here.

Luke #12

Chapter 18

- 1) What is the twofold purpose of the parable that Jesus shares here?
 - a)
 - b)
- 2) Does it sound like this judge was a good man?
- 3) Why did the judge finally help the widow? (choose one)
 - a) He cared about people.
 - b) The widow kept bothering him.
 - c) Judges just want to do right.
- 4) "...shall not God bring about _____ for His elect, who _____ to Him day and night, and will He delay long over them? 'I tell you that He will bring about justice for them _____.'"
- 5) Is it important to be persistent in prayer?
- 6) What two things do we know about the people who were hearing the parable in verse 9?
 - a)
 - b)
- 7) Who went to the temple in this story, and why did they go there?
- 8) What did the Pharisee thank God for?
- 9) "But the tax-gatherer, standing some distance away, was even unwilling to lift up his eyes to heaven, but was beating his breast, saying, 'God, be _____ to me, the _____!'"
- 10) Did the Pharisee consider himself to be a sinner?
- 11) The word *justified* means "to be legally declared righteous." Which person was declared to be righteous in God's sight?
- 12) Did Jesus have time for children?
- 13) How must you receive the kingdom of God?
- 14) "And a certain ruler questioned Him, saying, ' _____ Teacher, what shall _____ to inherit eternal life?'"
- 15) Is anyone "good"?
- 16) Do you do anything to inherit something?
- 17) Could what the man says in verse 21 possibly be true? Do you know anyone who is perfect?
- 18) Why do you think wealthy people have a hard time "trusting" in Jesus?
- 19) Look at verses 28-30. When you give up things for God, what happens?
- 20) Read verses 31-33. Did the Old Testament, and Jesus Himself, clearly predict what was going to happen to Him?
- 21) Did the disciples understand what He was saying?
- 22) The Messiah had to be descended from King David (II Samuel 7:12, 13). Did people seem to know Jesus was his descendant?
- 23) Did Jesus' activities bring praise to God?

Chapter 19:1-28

- 1) What are three things we know about Zaccheus from verses 1-3?
 - a)
 - b)
 - c)
- 2) Did Jesus avoid sinners?
- 3) What are some of the signs we see in Zaccheus that demonstrate that he had gotten saved?
- 4) "For the Son of Man has come to _____ and to _____ that which was _____."
- 5) Did people think the Messiah was coming soon, during the time of Jesus?
- 6) Did the citizens of the nobleman's country want him to rule over them?
- 7) Did all the slaves serve the master well while he was away?
- 8) Were any of the slaves executed?
- 9) Who was executed?
- 10) Who do you think the groups represent? (match them)

The citizens that rejected the ruler

The disciples (followers of Jesus)

The Al Qaeda terrorists

The slaves (hard working and lazy)

The Jews who rejected the Messiah

D. Lynn

12/23/03

Luke #13

Chapter 19:29-48

- 1) What did the Lord send the disciples into the town to get?
- 2) What did Jesus do with the colt?
- 3) Who was it who began to praise God?
- 4) "Blessed is the _____ who comes in the name of the Lord; Peace in heaven and glory in the highest!"
- 5) What did the Pharisees think about the disciples proclaiming Jesus to be king?
- 6) Did Jesus reject the proclamation?
- 7) Read Zachariah 9:9. This was written as a prophecy hundreds of years before Jesus was born. Does this sound like a description of what just happened in Luke?
- 8) What did Jesus do here when He saw the city of Jerusalem?
- 9) Forty years after Jesus was rejected as the Messiah and crucified, the city of Jerusalem was destroyed by the Romans after a terrible siege. Which verses seem to describe this terrible event that was about to come?
- 10) How would you describe most churches today? a) A house of prayer b) A den of thieves
- 11) Why didn't the religious leaders just kick Jesus out of the temple?

Chapter 20

- 1) What three groups decided to confront Jesus? a) _____ b) _____ c) _____
- 2) Read verses 4-7. When people discuss the consequences of answering a question before actually answering the question and allow that to influence their answer, are they really being honest?
- 3) Why didn't these people want to admit that John (the Baptist) was preaching under God's control?
- 4) In the parable about the vine growers, what happened to the servants who were sent from the landowner?
- 5) Who was the last person the landowner sent?
- 6) What did they do to him?
- 7) Jesus was telling them about how He had been sent by the Father because they had not listened to God's servants (the prophets and John the Baptist). What did they say when He told them that the vineyard would be given to someone else?
- 8) According to verse 19, did the Jewish religious leaders realize that He was talking about them?
- 9) "And they _____ Him, and sent _____ who pretended to be righteous, in order that they might _____ Him in some statement, so as to deliver Him up to the rule and the authority of the governor [Pilate]."
- 10) Why did the Jews want Jesus to say that people should not pay their taxes? (see question 9)
- 11) The coin mentioned here (the denarius) was made in whose likeness?
- 12) We are made in whose likeness? (hint-see Genesis 1:26)
- 13) What does verse 25 mean in light of ownership being based on likeness?
- 14) Does God want you or your money?
- 15) What is one thing that we know the Sadducees believed?
- 16) Will people be married in heaven?
- 17) What story teaches us that Abraham, Isaac and Jacob were alive many years after they were known to have physically died?
- 18) "For they did not have _____ to question Him any longer about _____."
- 19) Read verses 41-44. Is the Messiah more than just a descendant of David?
- 20) What are some of the things that the scribes enjoyed?
- 21) Why did they give long prayers?

Chapter 21:1-4

- 1) "And He looked up and saw the _____ putting their gifts into the _____. And He saw a certain _____ putting in two small copper coins."
- 2) Who did Jesus say gave more? a) The rich donors b) The poor widow
- 3) Is it possible for less to be more in God's opinion?
- 4) The rich put in from their surplus. What did the widow put in?
- 5) Does God notice and appreciate sacrificial giving?

Luke #15

Chapter 22:35-71

- 1) What are three things that Jesus' disciples did not take with them when He sent them out on preaching journeys? a) _____ b) _____ c) _____
- 2) Did they lack anything?
- 3) Who did Jesus say the prophesy, "He was numbered with transgressors," referred to?
- 4) How many swords did Jesus' disciples have with them?
- 5) "...when He arrived at the place, He said to them, '_____ that you may not enter into _____.'"
- 6) How far away from His disciples was Jesus when He started praying?
- 7) What exactly do you think Jesus was asking for in verse 42?

- 8) Who strengthened Jesus during His time of need?
- 9) "And being in _____ He was praying very fervently; and His sweat became like drops of _____, falling down upon the ground."
- 10) What were the disciples doing while Jesus was praying?
- 11) What did Judas do to betray Jesus to the soldiers?
- 12) What did the disciples do when Jesus was taken?
- 13) Did the slave of the high priest end up without an ear? _____ Why not?
- 14) Where did they take Jesus after His arrest?
- 15) "Peter was _____ at a _____."
- 16) "Peter was _____ among them."
- 17) Read verse 55. Do you think it is possible to get too comfortable in this world?
- 18) Do you see the progression in verses 54 & 55 that is found in Psalm 1:1?
Psalm 1:1 "How blessed is the man who does not walk in the counsel of the wicked, Nor stand in the path of sinners, Nor sit in the seat of scoffers!"
- 19) How many times did Peter deny He knew or was with the Lord?
- 20) After Peter denied the Lord, what did Jesus do?
- 21) How do you think Peter felt? _____ What does it say he did?
- 22) Describe the game the soldiers played in verses 63 & 64.

- 23) Did Jesus ever say He was the Son of God?
- 24) According to verse 70 & 71, what was the crime they wanted to execute Jesus for?

Chapter 23:1-25

- 1) Read verses 1 & 2. What crime did the Jewish leaders tell Pilate (the Roman governor) Jesus had been guilty of?
- 2) Did Jesus admit He was the King of the Jews?
- 3) If Jesus was not really "the Son of God," or "the King of the Jews," can He be trusted?
- 4) Why did Pilate send Jesus to Herod?
- 5) Why did Herod want to see Jesus?
- 6) Did Jesus answer Herod?
- 7) "And _____ with his soldiers, after treating Him with contempt and _____ Him, dressed Him in a _____ and sent Him back to Pilate."
- 8) What affect did all of this have on Herod and Pilate's relationship?
- 9) Read verses 14 & 15. Herod and Pilate found Jesus guilty of what crime?
- 10) Since Jesus was found "not guilty," what did Pilate say he was going to do?
- 11) Was Pilate a just ruler?
- 12) Pilate traditionally released a prisoner of the people's choice at the feast. Who did they ask for?
- 13) What crimes was he guilty of?
- 14) Who did Pilate want to release?
- 15) "And he said to them the _____ time, '_____, what evil has this man done? I have found in Him _____ demanding death; I will therefore punish Him and release Him.'"
- 16) The people insisted, so what did this great Roman governor do?
- 17) If leaders want to do the right thing, but under pressure end up doing the wrong thing, are they any better than leaders who want to do the wrong thing in the first place?

Luke #16

Chapter 23:26-56

- 1) Who carried the cross for Jesus?
- 2) Did anybody cry for Jesus?
- 3) What did Jesus tell them to cry for?
- 4) Forty years later, the Romans besieged the city of Jerusalem and all the people were killed, starved or sold into slavery. Did Jesus warn them?
- 5) Who else was crucified with Jesus?
- 6) What was the ominous nickname of the hill where Jesus was crucified?
- 7) "But Jesus was saying, 'Father, _____ them; for they do not _____ what they are doing.' And they cast lots, dividing up His garments among themselves."
- 8) Did Jesus hold the soldiers responsible for executing Him (the Messiah)?
- 9) How did the rulers mock Jesus' claim to be the Savior?

- 10) Did the soldiers treat Him any better?
- 11) Describe the disagreement that the two criminals crucified with Jesus had.

- 12) Did the first criminal ask Jesus to save them?
- 13) Did He believe that Jesus was the real Messiah?
- 14) "And he was saying, 'Jesus, _____ when You come in Your _____!'"
- 15) Did this criminal believe Jesus was the Messiah?
- 16) "And He said to him, 'Truly I say to you, _____ you shall be with Me in _____.'"
- 17) Will a magic prayer save you, or do you have to believe that Jesus can and will save you if you ask Him? (See John 3:16 and John 6:47)
- 18) Have you ever asked Jesus to save you, believing that He was the Messiah and that He could save you? If you haven't, do it now! If you have, when did you believe in Him?
- 19) What happened from the 6th hour to the 9th hour?
- 20) The veil of the temple kept people out of "the Most Holy Place" where the presence of God was. Why do you think this veil was torn open? (choose one)
 - a) Poor choice of material.
 - b) God was no longer around.
 - c) People were now going to have access to the presence of God through Jesus.
- 21) What did the centurion (soldier in charge of the execution squad) think after the crucifixion?
- 22) The ruling council of the Jews (called the Sanhedrin) had at least one member who believed in Jesus. Who was he?
- 23) What did he do, that will always make him famous?
- 24) Did the followers of Jesus see where He was buried?
- 25) What do we see in verse 56 that shows that the followers of Jesus kept the laws?

Chapter 24:1-24

- 1) Which day is the first day of the week?
- 2) Why do you think the church began to meet on the first day of the week?
- 3) How did they move the great stone to get into the tomb?
- 4) How did the women react to seeing the angels?
- 5) "...the men said to them, 'Why do you seek the _____ One among the _____? He is not here, but He has _____'"
- 6) Did Jesus tell His followers that He was going to be crucified?
- 7) How did the disciples react to what the women told them?
- 8) What did Peter do?
- 9) Who did the men on the road to Emmaus meet? Did they know who He was?
- 10) How did these men describe Jesus, to the man they thought was a stranger?
- 11) "...the chief priests and our rulers delivered Him up to the sentence of death, and crucified Him. But we were _____ that it was He who was going to _____."
- 12) Does it sound like these men still thought Jesus was the Messiah?
- 13) Did these two men seem to understand what the empty tomb meant?
- 14) What does it mean to you?

Luke #17

Chapter 24:25-53

- 1) Read verses 25-27. Which parts of the Old Testament talked about the coming of the Messiah?
- 2) Don't you wish you could have been there when Jesus explained what the Scriptures said about Himself?
- 3) Read verse 28. Did Jesus presume to stay with the disciples, or did He wait to be invited?
- 4) "And it came about, that when He had reclined at the table with them, He took the _____ and blessed it and _____ it, He began giving it to them."
- 5) What happened when Jesus broke the bread?
- 6) Why do you think they recognized Him "in the breaking of the bread"? (think about His hands)
- 7) What feelings did these disciples say they felt when Jesus was explaining the Scriptures to them?
- 8) What had been the opinion of these disciples back in verses 11 & 13?
- 9) When they shared their story with the eleven disciples, what did they find out had happened to Simon (Peter)?
- 10) "And they began to relate their experiences on the road and how He was _____ by them in the _____."
- 11) What happened next?
- 12) What did the disciples think they were seeing?
- 13) What did Jesus tell them to do in verses 39 & 40 in order to do away with their doubts?
- 14) Does a spirit have flesh and bones?
- 15) How would the following phrase normally be worded: "A spirit does not have *flesh and bones* as you see that I have."? (see I Corinthians 15:50, Galatians 1:16, and Ephesians 6:12)
- 16) Why would Jesus say that He had *flesh and bones* instead of *flesh and blood*? (see Acts 20:28)
- 17) According to verse 41, did the disciples believe at this point?
- 18) What did Jesus do in verses 41-43 to show them that He was not a ghost?
- 19) How did the disciples finally come to understand the things He was saying? (verse 45)
- 20) Let's ask the Lord to open our minds in the same way, so that we can understand the Scriptures.
- 21) "He said to them, 'Thus it is _____, that the Christ should suffer _____ from the dead on the third day; and that _____ for _____ of sins should be proclaimed in His Name to all the nations, beginning from Jerusalem.'"
- 22) Does it sound like the disciples were just a bunch of dumb fishermen who would believe anything they were told?
- 23) What important responsibility did the Lord give these disciples in verse 48?
- 24) Were the disciples to go out right away and start preaching all over the world?
- 25) What were they supposed to wait for? (hint-see John 15:26 & 27)
- 26) After Jesus left them, were they sad anymore?
- 27) What were some of the things they were doing?
- 28) Did they have time for God now?
- 29) Shouldn't we be this excited too?
- 30) Did you enjoy the book of Luke?

John #1

Chapter 1

- 1) Who is referred to as “the Word”? (see vs. 1&14)
- 2) Who was “the Word” with and when according to verse 1
- 3) It’s very important to see that “the Word” (Jesus) was with God and He _____ God!
- 4) Did His own people (the Jews) receive Him as the Messiah (Savior)?
- 5) What do those who receive Him (the Word) get?
- 6) In verse 23 John the Baptist quotes Isaiah 40:3-5
“A voice is calling, ‘Clear the way for the LORD in the _____; make smooth in the desert a highway for our God. Let every valley be lifted up, and every mountain and hill be made low; and let the rough ground become a plain, and the rugged terrain a broad valley; Then the glory of the LORD will be revealed, and all flesh will see it together; for the mouth of the LORD has spoken.”
- 7) How is verse 5 of Isaiah 40 (the underlined portion) like verse 14 of John 1?
- 8) What illustration did John the Baptist use to compare himself to Jesus?
- 9) When John the Baptist saw Jesus coming toward him he said, “Behold the _____ who takes away_____.”
- 10) When Jesus asked the two disciples in verse 38 what they were seeking, they asked where **He** was staying. What do you think they were seeking? (choose one)
 - a) Money
 - b) To be famous
 - c) To be with him!
- 11) What did Andrew do when he found the messiah?
- 12) What did Philip do?
- 13) Have you ever brought anyone else to Jesus?
- 14) Are you praying that God will help you to do that?
- 15) “Guile” means “deceitful, phony or fake”. Is it possible, according to Jesus, to not be a phony?
- 16) Let’s ask God to help us be more like Nathaniel. (not fake)

Chapter 2

- 1) What was the first miracle Jesus did?
- 2) What did people say about the wine Jesus made?
- 3) How do we know God hates people using church to make money?
- 4) When Jesus said, "Destroy this temple, and in three days I will raise it up", what was He talking about?
- 5) Did the disciples expect Jesus to rise from the dead, or did they remember His predictions after it happened?
- 6) It says that many “believed in His Name” in verse 23. His name is the LORD JESUS CHRIST. Match the parts of His name and their meanings:

LORD	THE ANOINTED ONE OR MESSIAH
JESUS	SUPREME AUTHORITY (GOD)
CHRIST	JEHOVAH (YAHWEH) IS SALVATION
- 7) Do you “believe in” His Name (have you put your trust in God’s Son (the God man) who came as the predicted Messiah to die and pay for our sins on the cross to deliver us from judgment)?
- 8) Did Jesus know what was in people’s hearts and minds?
- 9) Let’s take some time to pray that the Lord will help us remove some thoughts and attitudes from our minds which do not belong there. I John 1:9 “If we confess our sins, He is faithful and righteous to forgive us our sins and to cleanse us from all unrighteousness.”

John #2

PART 1 John 3: 1-8

- 1) What religious group did Nicodemus belong to?
 - a) Baptist -who believed you should be baptized when you are saved
 - b) Pharisee -who believed in the strict following of the law to be saved
 - c) Sadducee-who did not believe in the resurrection
- 2) Nicodemus was a _____ of the Jews
- 3) "This man came to Him by _____, and said to Him, 'Rabbi, _____ that You have come from God as a teacher; for no one can do these signs that You do unless God is with him.'"
- 4) What did Jesus say had to happen to a person before they would see the Kingdom of God?
- 5) Did Nicodemus understand what the term, "born again", meant?
- 6) You cannot see the wind. How do you know it is there? (can you hear it and see the effects?)
- 7) Can you see when someone is born of the Spirit? Should you be able to see the effects?

PART 2 John 3: 9-13

- 1) Jesus seemed to indicate that Nicodemus should have understood these things. Why?
- 2) "No one has ascended into _____, but He who descended from heaven, even the _____ of Man."

Read Proverbs 30: 2-4

- 3) "Surely I am more stupid than any man, and I do not have the _____ of a man. Neither have I learned wisdom, nor do I have the _____ of the _____."
- 4) As a teacher of Israel, Nicodemus would have learned these verses. Who do **you** think the "Holy One" is?
- 5) "Who has ascended into _____ and descended? Who has gathered the _____ in His fists? Who has wrapped the waters in His garment? Who has established all the ends of the earth? What is His _____ or His _____ name? Surely you know!"
- 6) What do **you** think His Son's name is?
- 7) Who does Jesus say ascended and descended from heaven?
- 8) Do you think Nicodemus realized that Jesus was showing him that He was the Son of God?

PART 3 John 3:14-21

- 1) As Moses lifted up the _____ in the wilderness, even so must the _____ be lifted up;"

Read Numbers 21:4-9

- 2) The people said Moses brought them out of Egypt to _____ in the wilderness.
- 3) What did the Lord do as a punishment?
- 4) When the people repented, did the Lord take away the poison snakes?
- 5) Then the LORD said to Moses, "Make a fiery serpent, and set it on a _____; and it shall come about, that everyone who is bitten, when he _____ at it, he shall _____."
- 6) What happened if you went to the doctor instead of looking at the serpent on the pole?
- 7) What did you do if you believed in God's poison cure?
 - a) Looked to the serpent hanging on the pole and trusted God to heal you
 - b) Tried to get help the best you could and hoped for the best
- 8) Since Jesus is to be lifted up in the same way, how are we saved from the poison of sin?
 - a) Look to Jesus on the cross and trust in God's payment for our salvation
 - b) Try to be good so that God will accept us and hope for the best
- 9) According to John 3:16, what made God send His son to die for us?
- 10) Did God send Jesus to judge the world?
- 11) Why are people **condemned** (destined to spend eternity in the lake of fire)?
- 12) Why do people love darkness rather than light?
- 13) What do you think the term "light" means here?
 - a) Being exposed to the truth
 - b) Having all the lights turned on
- 14) How do you think a person "comes to the light?"
- 15) Do you think Nicodemus learned some new things that night?

John #3

Chapter 3:22-36

- 1) Jesus and His disciples came into the land of Judea, and there He was spending time with them. Isn't that a cool statement?
- 2) Did John the Baptist claim to be the Messiah?
- 3) "He must _____, but _____ must decrease.
- 4) What do you think that statement means?
- 5) What verse here would you give to someone who says there is no Trinity (God in three persons)?
- 6) What do you have if you follow God's instruction to believe? What if you don't?

Chapter 4

- 1) Did Jesus actually baptize anyone here?
- 2) Samaritans were half breed Jews who followed a false religion and were hated by the Jews! What did Jesus ask the Samaritan woman for?
- 3) Why was the Samaritan woman surprised that Jesus asked her for a drink?
- 4) What kind of water did Jesus offer the woman?
- 5) Jesus answered and said to her, "Everyone who drinks of this water shall _____ again; but whoever drinks of the water that I shall give him shall _____ thirst; but the water that I shall give him shall become in him a well of water springing up to _____."
- 6) Did the Samaritan woman want the "living water"?
- 7) Can a person be saved without recognizing that he/she is a sinner?
- 8) Why do you think Jesus told the woman to go get her husband?
- 9) "But an hour is coming, and now is, when the true worshipers shall worship the Father _____ and _____; for such people the Father _____ to be His worshipers."
- 10) Does God really want people to worship Him?
- 11) What do you think it means to worship in spirit and in truth?
- 12) Did Jesus tell the woman that he was the Messiah?
- 13) Was it normal for Jewish men to speak to strange women who were Samaritans?
- 14) Does God want us to be racist?
- 15) Witnessing was more important to Jesus than : a) worship b) food c) Godly living
- 16) "For in this case the saying is true, 'One sows, and another reaps.'" Who sowed (planted) here? Who was reaping (harvesting) here?
- 17) Do you think your family and friends will always accept your spiritual ministry according to verse 44?
- 18) What do some people want to see before they are willing to believe?
- 19) Did Jesus have to be with someone in order to heal that person?

Chapter 5

- 1) "Jesus said to him, 'Arise, take up your pallet, and walk.' And _____ the man became well, and took up his pallet and began to walk."
- 2) When the man was healed by the pool, what were the Jewish leaders upset about?
- 3) What did they decide they needed to do with Jesus?
- 4) "For this cause therefore the Jews were seeking all the more to kill Him, because He not only was breaking the _____, but also was calling God His own Father, making Himself _____."
- 5) When will the one who believes be judged?
- 6) He has passed _____ of _____ and into _____!
- 7) In verse 29 it says those who do good will be raised to eternal life. How many people fall into that category according to Romans 3:12?
- 8) What were some of the things that are mentioned as witnesses to the fact that Jesus was (is) the Messiah?
 - a) _____
 - b) _____
 - c) _____
- 9) "You search the _____, because you think that in them you have eternal _____; and it is these that bear witness of _____;"
- 10) Which famous Israelite did Jesus say wrote about him?
- 11) Is there much evidence that Jesus is the real Messiah?

John #4

Chapter 6

- 1) Why did Jesus ask Philip how they could get food to feed the huge group of people that was following them?
- 2) Do you think that God might leave big questions in your life for a while to test you?
- 3) A *denarii* was a *day's pay* for a laborer. How many days of work did Philip say would not be sufficient to raise the money to feed this crowd?
- 4) How much food did Philip find for Jesus to feed 5000 people?
- 5) Why do you think that God (Jesus) is not limited by the rules of nature?
- 6) What was the hidden miracle that Jesus performed right after walking on water and getting into the boat? (found in verse 21)
- 7) What did the Lord do before they ate?
- 8) What is "the work of God"?
- 9) What is the true *bread of life* according to vs. 31-35?
- 10) "Jesus said, 'The one who comes to me I will _____.'" "
- 11) "And this is the will of Him who sent Me, that of all that He has given Me I _____ nothing, but raise it up on the last day. For this is the will of My Father, that everyone who beholds the Son and _____ in Him, may have _____; and I Myself will raise him up on the last day."
- 12) Does it sound like you can lose your salvation?
- 13) What does the "one who believes" possess right now according to verse 47?
- 14) How long does eternal life last? (choose one)
 - a) Until you sin again
 - b) Forever and ever
 - c) Until you decide to turn away and stop believing
- 15) What was Jesus claiming in verse 62?
- 16) Did everyone accept Jesus' message?
- 17) Will many people reject the true message of Jesus?

Chapter 7

- 1) What did the Jews in Judea want to do with Jesus?
- 2) Did Jesus' brothers believe in Him before the resurrection?
- 3) Do your relatives always understand and support what you do for God?
- 4) Why did Jesus say the world hated Him?
- 5) "If any man is _____ to do _____, he shall _____ of the teaching, whether it is of God, or whether I speak from Myself."
- 6) Do you think God will lead you into the truth if you really want to follow His Word?
- 7) The Jews were mad because Jesus healed people on the Sabbath. What did He say they did on the Sabbath to keep the law?
- 8) "He who believes in Me, as the Scripture said, 'From his innermost being shall flow rivers of living water.'" What is this talking about?
- 9) Did people have the Holy Spirit inside them before Jesus' death, burial and resurrection?
- 10) Some of the people referred to Jesus as "the prophet." They were talking about the following prophecy given to Moses by God in Deut 18:15,18 & 19:
"I will raise up a prophet from among their countrymen like you, and I will put My words in his mouth, and he shall speak to them all that I command him. And it shall come about that whoever will not listen to My words which he shall speak in My name, I Myself will require it of him."
Do you think Jesus was "the prophet"?
- 11) What did the officers who were sent to arrest Jesus say?
- 12) Which one of the rulers spoke up for Jesus?
- 13) Do you think he was a believer now? (remember John 3:1-18)

John #5

Chapter 8

- 1) If the adulterous woman was caught in the very act, who else should have been brought to judgment?
- 2) What do you think Jesus might have written on the ground? (there is no right or wrong answer here)

- 3) Who did Jesus say could cast the first stone at the adulterous woman?
- 4) When Jesus said He didn't condemn the woman, how do we know that He still hated the sin she was involved in?
- 5) What is one thing Jesus says you will not do if you are following Him?
- 6) What do you think it means to "walk in darkness"?
- 7) Is it possible to really know God without believing in Jesus?
- 8) What is it that will keep you from dying in your sins?
- 9) How can you show yourself to be a true disciple of Jesus?
- 10) The TRUTH is: (choose one)
 - a) Often dangerous
 - b) Going to ruin all your fun
 - c) The only thing that brings real freedom
- 11) According to Jesus in verse 44, are we all God's children?
- 12) Do people always believe you when you speak the truth?
- 13) What did they call Jesus when they wanted to give Him the biggest insult?
- 14) "Jesus said, 'Before Abraham was born, ____ ____.'"

Chapter 9

- 1) Who sinned to cause the man in this passage to be blind?
- 2) Sometimes things are allowed to happen to us that are very painful and hard to bear. God receives glory from this if we bear up under our suffering and continue to honor Him. Do you think this is fair?
- 3) Why or why not?
- 4) Why do you think you were created?
- 5) Why were the Pharisees sure that Jesus was not from God?
- 6) The Pharisees didn't believe the man healed was the same one who was born blind. Who did they ask for confirmation?
- 7) Why were the blind man's parents afraid to say who healed their son and how?
- 8) Do you sometimes have to pay a price for telling the truth?
- 9) "They reviled him and said, 'You are His disciple, but we are disciples of _____.'"
- 10) According to the Pharisees, God never hears sinners. Is that true according to Romans 10:13?
- 11) Did the Pharisees know of any examples in all of history of someone who had been born blind being healed?
- 12) Have you ever heard of any of the modern TV healers healing anyone who was born blind?
- 13) According to verse 34, did the Pharisees think his blindness was caused as a result of someone's sin?
- 14) What did the religious leaders do to the blind man?
- 15) What two things did the blind man do when Jesus told him that He was the Messiah?
 - a)
 - b)
- 16) If you believe in Christ, shouldn't you worship Him too?

John #6

Chapter 10

- 1) After you read verses 1-9, who of the following do you think are strangers?
a) Buddha b) Confucius c) Reverend Moon d) Jesus e) Mohammed
- 2) What do you think it means in verse 10 when it says that Jesus came so that we might have life and have it “abundantly”?
- 3) What is the greatest characteristic of “a good shepherd”?
- 4) Does Jesus know His sheep?
- 5) If you are one of His sheep, does He know you and know all about you?
- 6) How does that make you feel?
- 7) Speaking of His life Jesus says, “No one has taken it away from Me, but I lay it down on My _____
_____. I have authority to lay it down, and I have authority to _____ it up
_____.”
- 8) Did the fact that Jesus opened the eyes of the blind influence some people to realize that He might be the Messiah?
- 9) Fill in the blank: “I _____ eternal life to them, and they shall _____
_____ and _____ shall snatch them out of My hand.”
- 10) Does it sound like you can ever lose your eternal life?
- 11) “I and my Father are _____.”
- 12) How did the Jews react to this statement?
- 13) What was the purpose of Jesus’ miracles according to verse 38?
- 14) Was John the Baptist a successful witness?
- 15) Do you think people will believe if you will be a faithful witness for Jesus?

Chapter 11

- 1) What was Lazarus’ sister Mary famous for?
- 2) “Now Jesus _____ Martha, and her sister, and Lazarus.”
- 3) Put your name in this similar phrase, “Now Jesus loved _____!”
- 4) Doesn’t that make it feel more personal when you think about it?
- 5) What phrase did Jesus use to describe the fact that Lazarus was dead?
- 6) Why would Jesus say He was glad He hadn’t been there to heal Lazarus?
- 7) Is there any example in Jesus’ entire life of anyone dying while Jesus was present?
- 8) What did Thomas think was going to happen to Jesus when He got to Judea? (see vs. 7,8 &16)
- 9) According to verse 19, do you think all of the Jews were evil men?
- 10) What happens to the person who lives and believes in Jesus?
- 11) Jesus said to her, “I am the resurrection and the life; he who believes in Me shall live even if he dies, and everyone who lives and believes in Me shall never die. _____ this?”
- 12) Well, do you?
- 13) What did Jesus do when they told Him to come and see where Lazarus was buried?
- 14) When the Jews saw Jesus crying, what did they say?
- 15) When Jesus told them to remove the stone, what was Martha worried about?
- 16) What were the Jewish leaders most concerned about? (choose one)
 - a) Whether or not Jesus was really the Messiah
 - b) Whether or not they were losing power
- 17) What prophesy did Caiaphas give?
- 18) Why couldn’t Jesus go around publicly after raising Lazarus from the dead?

John #7

Chapter 12

- 1) A *denarii* is about one day's wage for a laborer. How much was the perfume worth that was used on the Lord's feet?
- 2) Does that seem wasteful?
- 3) What did Judas say he wanted to do with the money if the perfume had been sold?
- 4) What did he really want to do with the money?
- 5) What did Jesus say the woman who washed his feet with expensive perfume was doing?

- 6) According to verse 8, will there ever be a time when we won't have poor people around who need help? Does that mean God doesn't care about the poor? (see Galatians 2:10)
- 7) What did the Jewish leaders decide to do with Lazarus after Jesus raised him from the dead?
- 8) Jesus fulfilled a prophecy from Zech. 9:9 when he rode the young colt into Jerusalem. Did the disciples realize that while it was going on?
- 9) Was it public knowledge that Lazarus had been raised from the dead?
- 10) When Phillip told Andrew there were some Greeks who wanted to see Jesus, what did Andrew do?
- 11) If you know someone who wants to see Jesus and you don't know exactly how to introduce them to Him, should you find someone to help you introduce that person to Jesus?
- 12) Who introduced you to Jesus?
- 13) When you read verse 27, does it sound like it was easy for Jesus to die on the cross and pay for sin?
- 14) "'And I, if I be lifted up from the earth, will draw _____ to Myself.' But He was saying this to indicate the kind of death by which He was to die."
- 15) Are some people not drawn to the Lord, according to this verse?
- 16) Many of the rulers believed in Him but would not admit it! Why not? "For they loved the _____ rather than the _____."
- 17) Do you sometimes hide the fact that you are a believer?
- 18) If you reject Jesus, what will you be judged by on the last day?
- 19) What do you think it means to be judged by the Word?

Chapter 13

- 1) How did Jesus show His love for the disciples at the Last Supper?
- 2) Did He know He was going to be betrayed and tortured to death when He did this?
- 3) Would you have a hard time washing the feet of a bunch of people who were about to betray you, desert you, or claim that they didn't even know you?
- 4) Who wasn't willing to have his feet washed by Jesus?
- 5) Why do you think he felt this way?
- 6) "If I then, the Lord and the Teacher, washed your feet, you also ought to _____.
For I gave you an example that you also should do as I did to you."
- 7) "If you _____ these things, you are _____ if you _____."
- 8) Are you blessed because you know things?
- 9) The one who was leaning against Jesus was John. He was very young and had a special relationship with Jesus. He was called "the disciple whom Jesus _____."
- 10) Was there anything evil about this relationship?
- 11) Does Jesus want a close relationship with us?
- 12) Did Jesus make clear who would betray Him?
- 13) Did the disciples believe it?
- 14) Do you always know who will be faithful and who might betray you?
- 15) What is another way Jesus said people would know that we were His disciples?
- 16) What did Peter say he was willing to do for Jesus?
- 17) Can you be sure that you would be willing to lay your life down for Jesus?

John # 8

Chapter 14

- 1) God created the world in 6 days. What has he been doing since His resurrection according to verses 1 & 2?
- 2) We may not know where heaven is, but we do know where we will be in the future. Where is that?
- 3) How many ways are there to the Father?
- 4) If there are other ways to God, which of the following cannot be true?
 - a) Jesus was crazy
 - b) Jesus was a good man
 - c) Jesus was a liar
- 5) Verses 7-11 show us clearly that Jesus is God. Fill in the blank in Isaiah 9:6 (written about the Messiah). "For a child will be born to us, a son will be given to us; and the government will rest on His shoulders; and His name will be called Wonderful Counselor, Mighty God, _____, Prince of Peace."
- 6) Do you think, based on these verses, that anyone could honestly say that the Bible doesn't say that Jesus is God?
- 7) "If you ask Me anything _____, I will do it. If you love Me, you will _____ My commandments."
- 8) Which of the following, do you think, is what verse 14 means?
 - a) Always say, "In Jesus name" when you pray, and you will get whatever you ask for.
 - b) Approach God in prayer with the idea that you are coming to His throne in the place of His Son. and only ask for those things that you know are His will from His Word, having confidence that you will be heard and that God will grant your requests.
- 9) Do you think verse 15 has a bearing on verse 14?
- 10) Verses like verse 14 cannot be understood if taken out of their context. If God will do whatever we ask in Jesus name, we could ask Him to kill someone we don't like. Does this make any sense?
- 11) Who is the helper that Jesus promised would be sent to us?
- 12) What did He say the Helper would do?
- 13) Verse 17 says that, "the spirit abides WITH you and will be IN you." Did the Holy Spirit live within believers before Jesus' resurrection?
- 14) Colossians 1:27 calls it a great mystery among the Gentiles. That great mystery is, "Christ _____ you, the hope of glory."
- 15) Does verse 23 indicate that you can have good fellowship with God if you are not obeying Him?
- 16) Who will help you learn about God if you read His Word?

Chapter 15

- 1) "A branch cannot bear fruit unless it abides in (stays connected) to the vine. In the same way, we cannot bear fruit unless we _____ (stay connected to) _____."
- 2) Can you serve God and bear fruit for Him if you aren't keeping a close connection with Him?
- 3) What is one way in which we can glorify the Father?
- 4) What is Jesus' commandment for us?
- 5) What is the greatest thing you can do for another person to show your love?
- 6) Jesus doesn't call us _____, but He calls us _____.
- 8) How can you expect to be treated by the world?
- 9) Who is the Helper Jesus is sending?
- 10) Who were appointed to be official witnesses for Jesus?

John #9

Chapter 16

- 1) Did Jesus warn the disciples that they were going to experience severe persecution?
- 2) Why do people persecute (try to harm) Christians?
- 3) When the Holy Spirit comes, He will convict the world concerning three things:
#1 _____ #2 _____ #3 _____
- 4) Who will lead us into all truth?
- 5) What is it that helps a woman forget the pain of childbirth?
- 6) Why do we say, "In Jesus' name," in our prayers?
- 7) Is Jesus the only one who loves us?
- 8) "Jesus answered them, 'Do you now believe? Behold, an hour is coming, and has already come, for you to be scattered, each to his own home, and to _____ Me _____; and yet I am not alone, because the _____ is with Me.'"
- 9) The Father was with Him in the garden of Gethsemane. Was there a time later when the father had to turn his back on His son? (see Mark 15:34)
- 10) "These things I have spoken to you, that in Me you may have peace. In the world you have _____, but take courage; I have _____ the world."

Chapter 17

- 1) "And this is _____, that they may _____, the only true God, and Jesus Christ whom Thou hast sent."
- 2) Does verse 9 make it sound like everyone is a child of God?
- 3) Why does the world hate us?
- 4) Jesus doesn't take us out of the world, but ask God to protect us from the _____.
- 5) "Sanctify them (set them apart) in _____; Thy _____ is truth."
- 6) "As Thou didst send Me into the world, I also have sent them into the world." What does this verse mean to you?
- 7) Jesus and the Father want us to be _____, just as they are _____. He wants Christians to be united!
- 8) Where does Jesus desire us to be?

Chapter 18

- 1) Where was Jesus meeting with his disciples when Judas betrayed him?
- 2) A cohort is a large band of soldiers (about 600 men) commanded by a tribune. What happened to the soldiers when Jesus told them who He was ("I am!")?
- 3) What did the soldiers do when they didn't like the way Jesus answered the High Priest?
- 4) Who spoke up and accused Peter of being a disciple?
 - a)
 - b)
 - c)
- 5) In verse 28, why did the Jewish leaders stay out of the Praetorium (judgement-hall)?
- 6) What was the first question Pilate had for those who brought Jesus before him?
- 7) Did they have a good answer?
- 8) What did Jesus tell Governor Pilate about His kingdom?
- 9) Did He admit that He was a king?
- 10) Pilate asked, "What is truth?" What is truth according to John 14:6?

John #10

Chapter 19

- 1) In what three ways did the soldiers hurt Jesus before Pilate said he was not guilty?
 - a)
 - b)
 - c)
- 2) What law was it that the chief priests and scribes said Jesus broke causing Him to deserve death?
- 3) Where did Jesus say Pilate got his authority?
- 4) Where do you think rulers get their authority today?
- 5) The words that made Pilate pass judgment on Jesus were, "If you release this Man, you are no _____ of Caesar; everyone who makes himself out to be a king opposes Caesar."
- 6) When Pilate asked, "Shall I crucify your _____?" The chief priests answered, "We have no king but _____."
- 7) The inscription above Jesus on the cross read, "JESUS THE NAZARENE, THE KING OF THE JEWS." How many languages was this message written in?
- 8) Who did Jesus make sure he took care of before he died?
- 9) What did Jesus say right before He gave up the Spirit and died?
- 10) What type of disciple had Joseph of Arimathea been before the crucifixion?
- 11) Why was he a secret disciple? Are you a secret disciple?

Chapter 20

- 1) Who was the first person to come to the tomb?
- 2) Who was a faster runner? a) Peter b) John (the disciple whom Jesus loved)
- 3) Who entered the tomb first?
- 4) How did they find the face cloth?
- 5) According to verse 9, did the disciples realize that Jesus was going to rise from the dead?
- 6) What did Jesus say that made Mary recognize Him?
- 7) What did Jesus do to prove who He was to the disciples?
- 8) What did Thomas say when the other disciples said they had seen Jesus alive?
- 9) What did Thomas say when Jesus showed him His wounds?
- 10) Why was the gospel of John written?

Chapter 21

- 1) When the disciples didn't know what else to do, what did they do?
- 2) Since we are "fishers of men", what lesson do you think we can learn from what happened to the disciples on this trip?
- 3) Who cooked breakfast for the disciples on their fishing trip?
- 4) Why do you think Jesus may have asked Peter 3 times if he loved Him? (hint -John 13:38)
- 5) What were the three things Jesus asked Peter to do if he truly loved Him?
 - a)
 - b)
 - c)
- 7) Do you think he wants you to do the same type of things if you love Him?
- 8) The disciple who wrote this book is called, "the disciple _____." (see vs. 20-24)
- 9) Is everything that Jesus did written in the Bible?
- 10) Did you enjoy the book of John?

Acts #1

Chapter #1

- 1) After His resurrection, Jesus presented Himself alive by many _____ proofs!
- 2) What did Jesus promise to baptize the disciples with?
- 3) "...you shall receive power when the Holy Spirit has come upon you; and you shall be My _____ both in Jerusalem, and in all Judea and Samaria, and even to _____ the earth."
- 4) When Jesus was taken into heaven, in what way did the angels say He would return?
- 5) How many disciples were meeting together at first?
- 6) Who was chosen to replace Judas as one of the twelve disciples (witnesses)?

Chapter #2

- 1) What are 3 things that happened in the meeting at Pentecost?
 - a)
 - b)
 - c)
- 2) "And when this sound occurred, the multitude came together, and were bewildered, because they were each one hearing them speak in his own _____."
- 3) When the people heard the disciples speaking in all different languages what did they think?
- 4) How many people got saved after Peter preached to them?
- 5) "And they were continually devoting themselves to the apostles' a) _____ and to b) _____, to the c) _____ and to d) _____."
- 6) How often were people getting saved?

Chapter #3

- 1) What was the crippled man doing outside the temple gate?
- 2) "The God of Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob, the God of our fathers, has glorified His servant Jesus, the one whom you delivered up, and _____ in the presence of Pilate, when he had _____ Him. But you disowned the Holy and Righteous One, and asked for a murderer to be granted to you, but put to death the _____, the one whom God raised from the dead, a fact to which we are witnesses."
- 3) Did the people of Israel know exactly what they were doing when they rejected Jesus?
- 4) Who said, "God will raise up a prophet like me," when talking about Jesus?

Chapter #4

- 1) What bothered the priests and the Sadducees (Religious group that denied the resurrection)?
- 2) How many people got saved after Peter's second message?
- 3) "And there is _____ in no one else; for there is no other name under heaven that has been given among men, by which we _____ be _____."
- 4) Can people get saved in many ways through different religions?
- 5) What is more important than education and training?
- 6) When the religious rulers ordered Peter to stop talking about Jesus, what did he say?
- 7) Was it an accident when Herod, Pilate, and the people of Jerusalem crucified Jesus?
- 8) What does Barnabas' name mean?

Acts #2

Chapter #5

- 1) Did Ananias have to sell his land or give the money to the Lord?
- 2) When you act like you are giving your best to God when you are really not, who are you lying to?
- 3) What happened to Saphira after she lied?
- 4) What was the reaction of the church (Christians)?
- 5) When the apostles were released from prison, the angel said, "Go your way, stand and speak to the people in the temple _____ of _____."
- 6) When the high priest told Peter that they were disobeying their order not to preach to the people, what was his reply? _____
- 7) What advice did the Pharisee named Gamaliel, a teacher of the Law, give to the high priest?

Chapter #6

- 1) What were the Hellenistic (Greek) Jews complaining about?
- 2) "When they chose the seven men to take care of these problems in the church, they prayed for them and _____ on them."
- 3) The Jews accused Stephen of speaking blasphemy against _____ and God!
- 4) What did Stephen's face look like when they were accusing him before the council?

Chapter #7

- 1) When Stephen started to tell the story of Jesus, he started all the way back with (whom)?
- 2) How long did God tell Abraham his descendents would be slaves in Egypt?
- 3) "And Moses was educated in _____, and he was a man of power in words and deeds.
- 4) How did it affect Moses when God talked to him from the burning bush?
- 5) The Israelites said to Moses, "Who made you a _____ and _____ over us?"
- 6) What did the Israelites take with them in the wilderness that was very bad?
- 7) Stephen accused the religious leaders of _____ the Holy Spirit.
- 8) "Which one of the prophets did your fathers not persecute? And they killed those who had previously announced the coming of the Righteous One, whose _____ and _____ you have now become;"
- 9) How did the religious leaders react to Stephen's accusation of murdering the Messiah?
- 10) What 2 things did Stephen say while he was being stoned?
 - a)
 - b)

Chapter #8

- 1) How did Saul feel about the stoning of Stephen?
- 2) What did it motivate Saul (Paul) to do?
- 3) What did the Christians do when they were persecuted?
- 4) Where did Philip start preaching?
- 5) Who came down and prayed and laid hands on the Samaritans so that they would receive the Holy Spirit? _____ and _____
- 6) Philip met a man from Ethiopia on the desert road. What was his job in Africa?
- 7) What passage was the Ethiopian reading in his Bible scroll when Philip came up to him?
- 8) Who did Philip tell the Ethiopian that this passage was talking about?
- 9) What did the Ethiopian want to do when he believed in Jesus?
- 10) How does the Bible describe his baptism?
 - a) Philip poured water on his head
 - b) Philip sprinkled some water on the Eunuch
 - c) They both went down into the water, Philip as well as the eunuch; and he baptized him

Acts #3

Chapter 9

- 1) What name did they use to refer to the Christians, probably taken from the use of John 14:6? (John 14:6 "Jesus said to him, 'I am the way, and the truth, and the life; no one comes to the Father, but through Me.'")
- 2) When the Lord talked to Saul (Paul), who did He say he was persecuting?
- 3) What was the name of the street where Saul was taken after he was blinded?
- 4) Why didn't Ananias want to go to see Saul (Paul)?
- 5) "But the Lord said to him, 'Go, for he is a chosen instrument of Mine, to bear My name before the _____ and _____ and the sons of Israel; for I will show him how much he must _____ for My name's sake.'"
- 6) How long was it before Saul (Paul) started to witness to others about Jesus?
- 7) How did Saul confound the Jews in Damascus?
- 8) How did Paul escape Damascus?
- 9) What had Tabitha done to show kindness to the other women in Lydda?

Chapter 10

- 1) What did Cornelius do continually?
- 2) What was Peter doing while the servants of Cornelius were coming to see him?
- 3) What was Peter thinking about when the servants arrived?
- 4) What did Peter not allow Cornelius to do? _____ Why not?
- 5) "And he said to them, "You yourselves know how _____ it is for a man who is a Jew to associate with a foreigner or to visit him; and yet God has shown me that I should not call any man _____ or _____."
- 6) "Of Him all the prophets bear witness that through His name _____ who _____ in Him receives forgiveness of sins."
- 7) Were the Gentiles with Cornelius baptized before or after they received the Holy Spirit?

Chapter 11

- 1) Why were the Jewish Christians in Jerusalem upset with Peter?
- 2) "If God therefore gave to them the same gift as He gave to us also after _____ in the Lord Jesus Christ, who was I that I could stand in God's way?"
- 3) Why did Barnabas go to Taurusus?
- 4) What name was first used to refer to the disciples in Antioch?
- 5) What did the believers in Antioch decide to do when a worldwide famine was prophesized?

Chapter 12

- 1) What happened to John's brother James?
- 2) Why did Herod decide to arrest Peter?
- 3) How many soldiers were given charge to keep Peter?
- 4) What were the Christians doing at John Mark's house when Peter arrived?
- 5) How did the disciples react to the message that Peter was outside? (And they said to her, "You are _____!" But she kept insisting that it was so. And they kept saying, "It is his angel.")
- 6) What happened to the guards who were watching Peter in prison?
- 7) Why did the Lord strike down Herod?
- 8) How did he die?

Acts #4

Chapter 13

- 1) What three things did the church at Antioch do before sending out Saul (Paul) and Barnabas as missionaries?
 - a)
 - b)
 - c)
- 2) Who else does it say sent Saul and Barnabas out?
- 3) Sergius Paulus sought to hear the word of God because he was "a man of _____."
- 4) What happened to Elymus the Magician?
- 5) "For those who live in Jerusalem, and their rulers, recognizing neither Him nor the utterances of the prophets which are read every Sabbath, _____ these by _____ Him."
- 6) "Therefore let it be known to you, brethren, that through Him _____ of _____ is proclaimed to you, and through Him everyone who _____ is freed from all things, from which you _____ through the Law of Moses."
- 7) After many of the Jews rejected the message, who did the missionaries preach the message to?
- 8) What did Paul and Barnabas do when they left the city to illustrate the fact that the people had rejected God's salvation?

Chapter #14

- 1) How were Paul and Barnabas able to speak boldly about God's word?
- 2) What did the Iconium people try to do to Saul and Barnabas?
- 3) When the people tried to worship Saul and Barnabas what did they do?
- 4) After they stopped the people from sacrificing to them what did the people do?
- 5) Whom did they appoint to be in charge of every church?
 - a) Pastors
 - b) Board of directors
 - c) Elders
- 6) When the missionaries arrived back in Antioch, what did they do?

Chapter #15

- 1) What did some men from Judea say you had to do to be saved?
- 2) How is everyone's heart cleansed?
- 3) Is everyone saved the same way--through faith?
- 4) What kind of men did the church send with Saul and Barnabas back to Antioch?
- 5) "And Judas and Silas, also being prophets themselves, encouraged and strengthened the brethren with a _____ message." ;-)
- 6) Why didn't Paul want to take John Mark along on their second missionary trip?
- 7) "And there arose such a _____ that they _____ from one another, and Barnabas took Mark with him and sailed away to Cyprus."
- 8) Do Christians always agree about everything?

Chapter # 16

- 1) "And he came also to Derbe and to Lystra. And behold, a certain disciple was there, named Timothy, the son of a _____ woman who was a _____, but his father was a _____,"
- 2) Why did Paul and Silas go to Macedonia?
- 3) "And a certain woman named Lydia, from the city of Thyatira, a seller of purple fabrics, a worshiper of God, was listening; and the Lord _____ to respond to the things spoken by Paul."
- 4) Why did the demon possessed girl's masters become angry? "Because their _____ of _____ was gone."
- 5) How did the magistrates punish Paul and Silas?
 - a)
 - b)
 - c)
- 6) What was Paul's response when the jailer said, "What must I do to be saved?"
- 7) What did the jailer do after he was saved?

Acts #5

Chapter 17

- 1) What source did Paul use to get his evidence about the Messiah (Christ) and the resurrection?
- 2) What did the Jews accuse Jason and the Christians of?
- 3) What made the Bereans more noble-minded than the Thessalonians?
- 4) What bothered Paul when he visited Athens?
- 5) How did the Athenians spend their time?
- 6) What was the inscription Paul noticed on an altar and then spoke about?
"To an _____."
- 7) What two responses did people have when Paul mentioned the resurrection?
 - a)
 - b)

Chapter 18

- 1) How did Paul support himself in Corinth?
- 2) What did Paul decide to do after the Jewish people in town rejected the gospel message?
- 3) How long did Paul stay in Corinth?
- 4) What happened to Sosthenes after he tried to get Paul thrown in jail?
- 5) "Now a certain Jew named Apollos, an Alexandrian by birth, an eloquent man, came to Ephesus; and he was _____ in the Scriptures."
- 6) Isn't that a cool description of someone?
- 7) "And he began to speak out boldly in the synagogue. But when Priscilla and Aquila heard him, they took him aside and _____ the way of God _____."
- 8) How did Apollos demonstrate that Jesus was the Messiah (Christ)?

Chapter 19

- 1) Why hadn't the disciples in Ephesus received the Holy Spirit?
- 2) What happened to the seven sons of Sceva when they tried to cast out demons "by Jesus whom Paul preaches"?
- 3) What did those who practiced magic do after they were saved?
- 4) When we trust in Christ, should it have an affect on our life?
- 5) Why was Demetrius the silversmith angry at the Christians?
- 6) The great theater in Ephesus can still be visited today. What chant did the people cry out for 2 hours straight there?
- 7) What crime was the town clerk worried that the Romans would accuse the town of?

Chapter 20

- 1) When did the disciples gather together to "break bread"?
- 2) How long did Paul preach that night?
- 3) "...how I did not shrink from declaring to you _____ that was _____, and teaching you publicly and from house to house."
- 4) "For I did not shrink from declaring to you the _____ of God."
- 5) Should we only share the pleasant and positive thoughts found in the Scriptures?
- 6) Some people say Jesus is not God. Whose blood purchased our salvation according to the following verse?
"Be on guard for yourselves and for all the flock, among which the Holy Spirit has made you overseers, to shepherd the church of _____ which He purchased with His own blood."
- 7) Therefore Jesus must be _____!
- 8) Where did Paul say the false teachers would come from?
- 9) In verse 35 Paul reminds them of something Jesus said: "It is _____ blessed to give than to receive." This quote is not found in the gospels. What is the explanation for this quote not being found there? (see John 21:24 & 25)
- 10) Why were the people of Ephesus so sad to see Paul go?

Acts #6

Chapter 21

- 1) What did the disciples do on the beach at Tyre when Paul left?
- 2) What did Agabus, the prophet, tell Paul?
 - a) Don't go to Jerusalem
 - b) If you go to Jerusalem you will be arrested (bound) by the Jews.
 - c) Buy Microsoft stock
- 3) What was Paul's response?
 - a) He said not to worry because it wasn't true.
 - b) He said that, although he knew he would be arrested, he still must go.
 - c) He said he would purchase the stock immediately.
- 4) What falsehood had the Jewish believers heard, about what Paul had been teaching to those who lived among the Gentiles?
- 5) What did they decide Paul should do to prove he had respect for the Law (Old Testament)?
- 6) What did the Jews accuse Paul of doing that violated the temple?
- 7) Was it true?
- 8) Was Paul arrested?
- 9) What language was the commander surprised to hear Paul speaking?
- 10) Who did the Roman commander think Paul was?
- 11) When Paul told the commander that he was a citizen of an important Roman city, what did he allow Paul to do?

Chapter 22

- 1) What made the people stop and listen to Paul's testimony?
- 2) What was the name of the well known rabbi Paul had trained under?
- 3) What did Paul do against the Christians (The Way)?
- 4) What special qualifications did Paul have to be an Apostle?
- 5) "The God of our fathers has appointed you to _____ His will, and to _____ the Righteous One, and to _____ an utterance from His mouth. 'For you will be a _____ for Him to all men of what you have _____ and _____.'"
- 6) When did the Jews stop listening to Paul?
- 7) Why didn't they beat (scourge) Paul?

Chapter 23

- 1) What did the high priest order to be done to Paul when he started to give his testimony to the council?
- 2) How did Paul respond? _____ Was Paul's response correct?
- 3) "For the Sadducees say that there is no _____, nor an _____, nor a _____; but the _____ acknowledge them all." What did the Sadducees not believe in?
- 4) Why did the Roman commander take Paul away from the assembly?
- 5) What did 40 Jews take a vow to do?
- 6) What do you think happened to them?
- 7) How many horseman and soldiers were sent to accompany Paul to Caesarea?
- 8) What did the Roman commander say about Paul's guilt?

Chapter 24

- 1) Connect the name with the description:

Tertullus	governor
Ananias	commander of the Romans that saved Paul
Lysias	the high priest
Felix	attorney and spokesman for the Jews
- 2) What did Paul admit to in his statement to Felix?
- 3) What did Felix and his wife Drusilla hear from Paul?
- 4) When did Felix say he would hear from Paul again?
- 5) Why did Felix keep calling Paul to appear before him?

Acts #7

Chapter 25

- 1) What important city was Paul taken to that was named after the ruler in Rome?
- 2) What was wrong with the charges they brought against Paul?
- 3) How did Festus try to please the Jews?
- 4) What did Paul decide to do? "I appeal to _____"
- 5) Match the people to the titles:
Agrippa Roman governor when Paul was arrested
Festus puppet King under the Romans
Felix Roman governor who replaced Felix
- 6) What was Festus having a problem with that he hoped to solve by having another hearing?
- 7) "For it seems _____ to me in sending a prisoner, not to indicate also the _____."

Chapter 26

- 1) King Agrippa was an expert in what?
- 2) What was the strictest group in the Jewish faith that Paul belonged to?
- 3) "And this is just what I did in Jerusalem; not only did I lock up many of the _____ in prisons, having received authority from the chief priests, but also when they were being _____ I cast my _____ against them."
- 4) What did Paul try to force Christians to do?
- 5) Who did the voice Paul heard say he was persecuting when he persecuted Christians?
- 6) "...I am sending you to open their eyes so that they may turn from _____ to light and from the dominion of Satan to _____, in order that they may receive _____ of sins and an inheritance among those who have been sanctified (set apart) by _____."
- 7) What should Christians do after they repent (literally-"change their minds") and turn to God?
- 8) What did Festus think was wrong with Paul?
- 9) "And Agrippa replied to Paul, "In a short time you will persuade me to _____."

Chapter 27

- 1) How was Paul treated by Julius, the centurion (Roman officer in charge of 100 soldiers)?
- 2) What did Paul warn the centurion about?
- 3) How did Paul encourage his shipmates when they thought all was lost?
- 4) What did the sailors try to do secretly when they came close to land?
- 5) What did Paul do in front of everybody before he gave them food?
- 6) When the ship started breaking up, what did the soldiers want to do?
- 7) Why wouldn't the centurion agree to kill the prisoners?
- 8) How many of the 276 people on board survived?

Chapter 28

- 1) What happened to Paul when he was gathering sticks on the beach for a fire?
- 2) Why did the natives think Paul was bitten?
- 3) What did the natives think when Paul didn't die from the deadly serpent bite?
- 4) Was Paul immediately thrown into prison when he arrived in Rome?
- 5) When the Jews in Rome came to Paul's house to hear about Jesus, how long did he speak to them?
- 6) "And he stayed two full _____ in his own rented quarters, and was welcoming all who came to him, _____ the kingdom of God, and _____ concerning the Lord Jesus Christ with all openness, unhindered."

Romans #1

Chapter 1

- 1) Who wrote the book of Romans
- 2) What was one of the promises in prophecy listed in verse 3?
- 3) What happened that showed everyone that Jesus was the Son of God with POWER?
- 4) Who knew about the faith of the Romans?
- 5) "For God, whom I serve in my spirit in the preaching of the gospel of His Son, is my witness as to how _____ I make mention of you, always in my prayers making request, if perhaps now at last by the _____ of _____ I may succeed in coming to you. For I long to see you in order that I may impart some spiritual _____ to you, that you may be established;"
- 6) How do we encourage one another?
- 7) Fill in the blanks:
 - a) "I am _____ both to Greeks and to barbarians, both to the wise and to the foolish."
 - b) "I am _____ to preach the gospel to you also who are in Rome."
 - c) "I am _____ of the gospel, for it is the power of God for salvation to everyone who believes, to the Jew first and also to the Greek".
- 8) How does the righteous man live? A) By his righteousness B) By his faith C) By luck
- 9) What 3 things have been clearly seen through creation so that people who don't know God are without excuse?
 - a) _____
 - b) _____
 - c) _____
- 10) "For even though they _____ God, they did not _____ Him as _____, or give _____; but they became futile in their speculations, and their foolish heart was darkened. Professing to be _____, they became _____."
- 11) The "smartest" scientists in the world, say we didn't come from God, but from where according to verse 23?
- 12) What are verses 26 & 27 talking about?
- 13) Some people say the Bible doesn't talk about homosexuality. What do you think? Does God approve?
- 14) When people no longer see fit to acknowledge God what kinds of things are their lives filled with?
 - a) _____
 - b) _____
 - c) _____
 - d) _____
 - e) _____
 - f) _____
 - g) _____
 - h) _____
 - i) _____
 - j) _____
 - k) _____
 - l) _____
 - m) _____
 - n) _____
 - o) _____
 - p) _____
 - q) _____
 - r) _____
 - s) _____
 - t) _____
 - u) _____
- 15) Look at this list for a few minutes. Are some of these things found in your life?
- 16) Which ones? (don't answer me.) I only ask so that you will be reminded to confess (admit) them to the Lord, and determine to ask the Lord to help remove them from your life. Will you take the time to do this?
- 17) "Although they _____ the ordinance of God, that those who practice such things are worthy of _____, they not only do the same, but also give _____ to those who practice them."
- 18) Do people usually, "know" that the things they do are wrong?
- 19) Do the people of this country often give "heartly approval" to sin these days?
- 20) Does it sound like God hides Himself from people or reveals Himself to those who are seeking?
- 21) If a person gives himself over to sin when he knows that God hates it, does that stand in the way of seeking God?

Romans #2

Chapter 2

- 1) "Therefore you are without _____, every man of you who passes judgment, for in that you judge another, you condemn yourself; for you who judge _____ the _____ things."
- 2) This refers to doing things that are found in verses 29-31 of chapter 1. Which of these things are problems for you?
- 3) Can God help you with these things?
- 4) What does the kindness of God lead to?
- 5) "But because of your _____ and _____ heart you are storing up wrath for yourself in the day of wrath and revelation of the righteous judgment of God, who will render to every man according to his _____:"
- 6) Will God set things straight some day?
- 7) Is God partial?
- 8) If you sin you will perish! How many of us sin? Does this look really bad for us?
- 9) Do you have to know the law to follow it?
- 10) "For when Gentiles who do not have the Law do _____ the things of the Law, these, not having the Law, are a law to themselves, in that they show the work of the Law _____ in their _____, their _____ bearing witness, and their thoughts alternately accusing or else defending them,"
- 11) Have you ever been told something was wrong by your conscience?
- 12) Although the Jews knew all about God's laws, were they still sinning?
- 13) What did that cause to happen according to verse 24?
- 14) If you talk about God and your life is characterized by sin, will you cause God to be discredited?
- 15) "For he is not a Jew who is one _____; neither is circumcision that which is outward in the flesh. But he is a Jew who is one _____; and circumcision is that which is of the _____, by the Spirit, not by the letter; and his praise is not from men, but from God."
- 16) Where are the important changes, inside or out?
- 17) If we are changed inwardly where will it be seen?

Chapter 3

- 1) Did the Jews have an advantage?
- 2) What was their greatest advantage? (hint-found in verse 2)
- 3) What did people "slanderosly" say that Paul used to say?
- 4) If you believe in salvation by faith apart from works will people say you believe the same thing?
- 5) "What then? Are we better than they? Not at all; for we have already charged that both Jews and Greeks are _____; as it is written, 'There is _____ righteous, not even _____;'"
- 6) Verse 12-13 sound terrible! Do you think this is how we see each other or how a perfect God sees us?
- 7) What is the main thing the law does according to verse 20?
- 8) According to verse 21, the righteousness is, "_____ from the law."
- 9) "The righteousness of God through faith in Jesus Christ for all those who _____; for there is no distinction; for _____ have sinned and fall short of the glory of God, being _____ as a _____ by His grace through the redemption which is in Christ Jesus;"
- 10) The word "justified" means to be "legally declared righteous." Translate this phrase: "being justified as a gift."
- 11) God had to condemn everyone so that He could demonstrate his righteousness by making sure sins are all judged and paid for. In this way He could "be _____ and the _____ of the one who has faith in Jesus."
- 12) "For we maintain that a man is justified by _____ apart from works of the _____."
- 13) Does it sound like you can be justified (declared righteous) by your good deeds?

Romans #3

Chapter 4

- 1) Who did the Jews consider to be their most important ancestor?
- 2) “Now to the one who works, his wage is not reckoned as a favor, but as what _____. but to the one who _____, but believes in Him who justifies the ungodly, his _____ is reckoned as righteousness.”
- 3) Can anyone honestly say, based on verses 3-5, that someone can be saved on the basis of good deeds?
- 4) The Jews thought that circumcision was very important to making sure that God would accept them. Was Abraham circumcised when God counted him to be righteous?
- 5) “The _____ to Abraham or to his descendants that he would be heir of the world was _____ through the Law, but through the _____ of _____.”
- 6) When Abraham was 100 years old and Sarah had already gone through menopause, God promised to give them a son. Did Abraham believe this or not?
- 7) Verse 21 describes Abraham’s faith: “Being _____ that what He had promised, He was _____ also to _____.”
- 8) Do you have that kind of faith about your salvation? It’s a matter of truly believing that God can and will keep His word and save us as He promised!

Chapter 5

- 1) The word “justified” means to “be declared legally righteous”! What are we “justified” by?
- 2) What does that create between us and God?
- 3) Do you understand the importance of having “peace” with God?
- 4) Where does “proven character” come from?
- 5) What does the Holy Spirit pour out within our hearts?
- 6) Is someone more likely to give his life for a good man or a loser?
- 7) Did Jesus die for Bin Laden? For Adolf Hitler? For you?
- 8) Who are some people you would be willing to die for?
- 9) “But God _____ His own love toward us, in that while we were yet _____, Christ died for us.”
- 10) How did sin come into our world?
- 11) How is the free gift different from the transgression (first sin)?
- 12) One man can bring eternal life to all because one man brought eternal _____ to all!
- 13) “For as through the one man’s _____ the many were made _____, even so through the obedience of the One the many will be made _____.”
- 14) Our salvation depends on whose obedience according to verse 19?
- 15) Is there any way to read these verses and believe that a person can be saved by being good?

Romans #4

Chapter 6

D. Lynn 1/10/02

- 1) Is it OK to keep sinning since it's all paid for?
- 2) The word "baptize" means to be "immersed or washed". Do you get immersed into or washed by Christ by being water baptized?
- 3) After we are immersed into the death of Christ by trusting in His death for our sins, we are to rise again and, "walk in newness of _____".
- 4) How would you describe "walking in newness of life"?
- 5) "...our old self was crucified with Him, that our body of sin might be done away with, that we should no longer be _____ to sin; for he who has _____ is _____ from sin."
- 6) If you "died with Christ" do you have to be a slave to sin?
- 7) "For the death that He died, He died to _____, once for all; but the life that He lives, He _____ to _____. Even so consider yourselves to be dead to _____, but _____ to God in Christ Jesus."
- 8) Does verse 13 sound like you have any say in whether or not you sin?
- 9) According to verse 15 should a person who is under grace instead of the law sin "more" or "less" ?
- 10) When you are unsaved you are "slaves to _____." After we are saved we should be "_____ to righteousness"!
- 11) Do we always want to do what is right? Do slaves always get to do what they want?
- 12) "Wages" are payments owed for something you do. What are the wages (payments) for sin?
- 13) What is the "gift of God"?

Chapter 7

- 1) When does it say a woman is no longer bound by law to her husband?
- 2) God is using this to show that the only way to be freed from laws is to die. Since Christ died in our place, we died with him, and now don't have all the rules of the Old Testament hanging over our head. This gives us the freedom to serve God because we _____ to, not because we have to!!
- 3) According to verse 5, sometimes we are tempted more to do something just because it is against the _____!
- 4) How do we come to know what sin is?
- 5) According to verses 12 & 13, what caused death in us, the law or sin?
- 6) "For that which I am doing, I do not understand; for I am not practicing what I would _____ to do, but I am doing the _____ I _____. But if I do the very thing I do not wish to do, I agree with the Law, confessing that it is _____."
- 7) "For the _____ that I wish, I do not do; but I practice the very evil that I do not _____. But if I am doing the very thing I do not wish, I am no longer the one doing it, but sin which _____ in me. I find then the principle that _____ is present in me, the one who wishes to do good."
- 8) Paul was in agreement with God in the "_____ man."
- 9) Do you ever feel like you are doing things that you don't really want to do?
- 10) Paul calls it a "war." Do you feel like there is a battle going on inside?
- 11) Who can set you free from the power of the flesh (body)?
- 12) "So then, on the one hand I myself with my _____ am _____ the law of _____, but on the other, with my _____ the law of _____."
- 13) What is the solution:
 - 1) Go ahead and sin and try not to think about it (keep your mind on something else)!
 - 2) Kill yourself so that you cannot sin.
 - 3) Decide to submit your body to your mind in service to God.
- 14) The idea in choice #3 is found in chapter 6, verse 13. Fill in the blanks: "Do not go on _____ the members of your _____ to sin as instruments of unrighteousness; but present yourselves to _____ as those alive from the dead, and your members as _____ of righteousness to God".
- 15) Do you have to keep being enslaved to sin or can the Lord give you the power to submit to Him if you choose?
- 16) Let's ask God to remind us that we do not have to be slaves to sin!!

Romans #5

Chapter 8

- 1) Who is it who is not condemned?
- 2) "For those who are according to the flesh set their _____ on the things of the _____, but those who are according to the _____, the things of the Spirit."
- 3) Are we supposed to think about spiritual things?
- 4) "The mind set on the flesh is _____ toward _____;" Why does the verse say the mind set on the flesh is hostile toward God?
- 5) "...those who are in the flesh cannot please God." That sounds like we can never please God as long as we are alive, but what does the next verse say? How can we please God?

- 6) Can you be a Christian if you don't have the Spirit of God in you? (see verse 9)
- 7) "If Christ is in you, though the body is _____ because of _____, yet the spirit is alive because of righteousness."
- 8) If your body is dead because of sin, how can you live for God according to verse 11?
- 9) Who are the only people who can be led by the Spirit of God?
- 10) "For you have not received a spirit of slavery leading to fear again, but you have received a spirit of _____ as sons by which we cry out, ' _____ ! Father!' The Spirit Himself bears witness with our spirit that we are _____ of God,"
- 11) "Abba" means, "daddy." Does this term make you feel like God is close to you and loves you?
- 12) According to verse 23, has the official adoption of sons taken place yet? When does it happen?
- 13) Do we always know how to pray?
- 14) Who will help us pray?
- 15) "He who searches the hearts knows what the mind of the Spirit is, because He _____ for the saints according to the _____ of _____."
- 16) Does God cause all things to work together for good, are there more to it? That promise is only given to those who fulfill what two requirements?
 - a) _____
 - b) _____
- 17) The word "conform" means, "to be pressed into the mold." Who are we supposed to mold our lives after? Will we ever be like Him? (see I John 3:2)
- 18) Do verses 29 & 30 make it sound like you could be lost somewhere along the way after you trust the Lord?
- 19) "What then shall we say to these things? If _____ is for us, who is _____ us? He who did not _____ His own Son, but delivered Him up _____ all, how will He not also with Him freely _____ us all things?"
- 20) Who justifies us? Who intercedes for us?
- 21) What are some things listed in verse 35 that can not separate us from the love of God?
 - a) _____
 - b) _____
 - c) _____
 - d) _____
 - e) _____
 - f) _____
 - g) _____
- 22) Have you experienced any of these things? Which ones?
- 23) Does God sometimes allow bad things to happen to us according to verse 36?
- 24) How will we respond to these things if we rely on the One who loves us? (choose one)
 - a) These things will overwhelm and destroy us
 - b) We will overwhelmingly conquer these things
 - c) We win some we lose some
- 25) "For I am convinced that neither _____, nor life, nor angels, nor principalities, nor things present, nor _____ to _____, nor powers nor height, nor depth, nor _____ thing, shall be able to _____ us from the love of _____, which is in Christ Jesus our Lord."

Romans #6

Chapter 9

- 1) "For I could _____ that I myself were accursed, _____ from Christ for the sake of my brethren, my kinsmen according to the flesh,"
- 2) What does Paul mean by verse 3?
- 3) What kind of things did the Jews have as part of their heritage?
- 4) Since people don't believe, does that mean the word of God has failed?
- 5) Which are the children of God? (choose one)
 - a) People who are born as Jews
 - b) Those who are children of the promise
- 6) Is there any injustice with God?
- 7) Why was Pharaoh raised up to power by God?
- 8) "On the contrary, who are you, O man, who _____ to God? The thing molded will not say to the molder, 'Why did you _____ me _____,' will it?"
- 9) Have you ever questioned God about how He made you?
- 10) In verse 21, who is the potter? Who is the clay?
- 11) "As He says also in Hosea, 'I will call those who were _____ people, "My people," and her who was not _____, "beloved."' And it shall be that in the place where it was said to them, 'you are not My people,' There they shall be called _____."
- 12) Does God only pick out certain races and families to save, or does He save people who were not thought to be of any value to Him as well?
- 13) How many of the Jews did the Scriptures say would be saved?
- 14) According to Matthew 7:14, will most people get saved?
- 15) How do people attain (obtain) righteousness? 1) pursuing it through works 2) by faith
- 16) How did most Jewish people think they would be saved?
- 17) How do most of the people you know think they can be saved today?

Chapter 10

- 1) What did Paul pray for?
- 2) Did the Jews have a zeal (excitement, fierceness, religious fervor) for God?
- 3) Why didn't that help them? "It wasn't according to _____"
- 4) "For _____ about God's righteousness, and seeking to _____ their own, they did not _____ themselves to the righteousness of _____. For Christ is the end of the law for righteousness to everyone who _____."
- 5) "...if you confess with your mouth Jesus as Lord, and _____ in your heart that God raised Him from the dead, you shall be _____;"
- 6) Is it possible to "believe in Him" and still be disappointed?
- 7) According to verse 13, who will be saved?
- 8) "How then shall they call upon Him in whom they have not believed? And how shall they believe in Him whom they have not heard? And how shall they hear without a preacher? And how shall they preach unless they are sent? Just as it is written, 'How beautiful are the feet of those who bring glad tidings of good things!'" **Why do you think Paul said these things?**
- 9) Do you appreciate the person who shared the gospel with you?
- 10) Where does faith come from? 1) your parents 2) hearing the word 3) finding out which religion makes the most sense to you
- 11) According to verse 18, have people heard from God?
- 12) Which seems to be the reason people don't come to know God according to verse 21? (choose one)
 - a) God doesn't reach out to them!
 - b) People are too stubborn and proud to accept the salvation that Jesus offers for free if they will trust in Him
- 13) Does it sound like Paul is discouraging us from sharing our faith or encouraging us to do so?

Romans #7

Chapter 11

- 1) What group of people is referred to as “His people” in verse 1 and through most of this chapter?
 - a) Roman citizens
 - b) Jews/Israelites
 - c) Gentiles (all non Jews)
- 2) Which tribe of Israel did Paul belong to?
- 3) Has God rejected the Jewish people?
- 4) According to John 1:11, did most Jews receive Jesus as the Messiah?
- 5) Did Elijah feel like there were many other people who were faithful to the Lord?
- 6) In the time of Elijah, most Israelites worshiped a false God named Baal. How many faithful people did the Lord tell Elijah there were in Israel that he didn’t know about?
- 7) Even when you feel alone, does God have many other faithful followers who may be struggling to?
- 8) In verse 5, Paul calls these people a faithful “remnant” (small part that remained). Did Paul say that God also had a remnant of His people who believed in Jesus?
- 9) What would you say to someone who said that salvation is obtained by both grace (given by God) and by doing good works?
- 10) The Jews were looking for (seeking) the Messiah. Did they believe in Him when He came?
- 11) Compare John 1:12 with Romans 11:7 below:

John 1:12 “But **as many as received Him**, to them He gave the right to become children of God, even to **those who believe in His name**,”

Romans 11:7 “What then? That which Israel is seeking for, it has not obtained, but **those who were chosen obtained it**, and the rest were hardened;”

After reading both verses, who are *the ones who are chosen*?

 - a) Those who receive Him and believe in His name
 - b) A special group regardless of their belief
- 12) Read verses 8-15. When the Jews rejected the Lord, did He continue to call only to them?
- 13) In what special way did God use their rejection of Jesus? (choose one)
 - a) They stumbled so that they could fall for good and be condemned
 - b) They stumbled so that they could be rejected and the Gentiles could be saved
 - c) They stumbled so that when they rejected Jesus, the Gentiles might be saved and that the Jews might see the Gentiles getting saved and also become believers. (vs. 14 &15)
- 14) Who was Paul an apostle (messenger) to? a) The Jews b) The Gentiles c)The Faithful
- 15) Read verses 16-21. In the analogy, who are the branches that are broken off?
- 16) Who are the wild branches that are grafted on?
- 17) Should Christians be arrogant toward Jews and look down on them because we received the Messiah when they rejected Him?
- 18) The branches of a tree are supported by the roots. What are the roots that support us as Christians in the church?
 - a) The Old Testament, the history and prophets of Israel and the writings of the Jewish disciples of Jesus
 - b) Greek mythology and philosophy
 - c) The teachings of intelligent men around the world
- 19) According to verse 20, why were the Jews, “broken off” the tree?
 - 1) God didn’t want them
 - 2) unbelief
- 20) Will God “spare” anyone (Jew or Gentile) who does not believe (put their trust) in Jesus Christ?
- 21) How can Jews be grafted back into the tree of God?
- 22) Should it be more natural for a Gentile or a Jew to become a Christian?
- 23) Verses 25-27. When the fullness of the Gentiles has come, will God go back to dealing with the Jews as a nation?
- 24) Does God still love the people of Israel (the Jews)?
- 25) “For God has shut up _____ in disobedience that He might show _____.”
- 26) Is it possible to totally understand all the ways of God?
- 27) “For **from Him** and **through Him** and **to Him** are all things.” Any questions???????

Romans #8

Chapter 12

- 1) "I urge you therefore, _____, by the mercies of God, to present your bodies a _____ and holy sacrifice, acceptable to God, which is your spiritual service of worship."
- 2) What is different about the sacrifice Paul is asking these Christians to make?
- 3) How can we be "transformed"(completely changed)? (choose one)
 - a) By a special spiritual experience like speaking in tongues
 - b) By giving away all of our possessions to the poor
 - c) By renewing our minds (changing the way we think)
- 4) What are some ways you think we are conformed to (pressed into the mold of) the world?

- 5) There is a lot of talk today about self esteem. Does verse 3 seem to indicate that people usually have a problem with thinking a) too little of themselves or b) too much of themselves?
- 6) The Lord says that we are all small parts of one giant _____.
- 7) There are 7 spiritual gifts mentioned here that we might have. What are they?

#1	#5
#2	#6
#3	#7
#4	
- 8) Which of these gifts do you think you might have?
- 9) "Let love be without hypocrisy." What is hypocrisy?
- 10) What are we to do with things that are evil?
- 11) How about things that are good?
- 12) What is a way you could give preference to someone else in honor?
- 13) What do you think it means to be devoted to prayer?
- 14) Do you contribute to the needs of the saints?
- 15) What are you supposed to do with someone who persecutes you? Is this easy?
- 16) Who is our greatest example of someone who blessed those who persecuted Him?
- 17) How should we react if:
 - a) We see someone rejoicing
 - b) We see someone weeping
 - c) We see someone who would be considered "lowly" (low class, etc.)
 - d) Someone hurts or mistreats us
 - e) Something is really important to someone else
- 18) "If possible, so far as it depends on _____, be at peace with all men."
- 19) Are there times when people won't allow you to be at peace with them?
- 20) Can you often bring a peaceful resolution if you really work at it?
- 21) Should you ever under any circumstances take revenge on someone?
- 22) Who does revenge belong to?
- 23) What should you do if you see that your enemy is hungry? Thirsty? Needs any
kind of help? Is this easy? Who is our example?
- 24) Do we sometimes allow ourselves to be overcome (overwhelmed) by evil?
- 25) How are we to overcome evil?
- 26) Let's ask the Lord to help us apply these difficult but very clear instructions!

Romans #9

Chapter 13

- 1) Where does authority come from?
- 2) Name some authorities in your life!
 - a) _____
 - b) _____
 - c) _____
 - d) _____
- 3) According to this passage, is it a good idea to resist authority?
- 4) Do you usually have problems with authority when you are doing the right thing?
- 5) When do you usually have a clash with authority?
- 6) “Do what is _____, and you will have praise from the same; for it is a _____ of God to you for good. But if you do what is evil, be afraid; for it does not bear the sword for nothing; for it is a minister of _____, an _____ who brings wrath upon the one who practices evil.”
- 7) Does government have a responsibility to punish criminals?
- 8) Was the Roman government that Paul was talking about a Christian government?
- 9) Was the Roman government always fair?
- 10) If the government isn't fair, does that give us the right to not be in subjection?
- 11) In verse 7, are we given the option to withhold our taxes or cheat on our taxes if the government doesn't use the money correctly?
- 12) Verse 7 reminds us of what the Lord says in Mark 12:17: “Jesus said to them, ‘Render to _____ the things that are Caesar's, and to _____ the things that are God's.’”
- 13) Can you explain how loving your neighbor automatically helps you keep the law (10 commandments, etc.)?
- 14) What do you think verse 11 means?
- 15) Does the Lord expect us to see a lot of darkness all around us?
- 16) Match the definitions to what you think these deeds of darkness are!
 - a) **Carousing-** being intoxicated
 - b) **Drunkenness-** being indecent, outrageous and without restraint
 - c) **Sexual promiscuity-** from a word “zealous” (being obsessed with someone or envious of others)
 - d) **Sensuality-** fighting, quarrelling and arguing
 - e) **Strife-** literally, “bedding” or sleeping with someone you are not married to
 - f) **Jealousy-** usually used in reference to partying and wild activity
- 17) “Put on the Lord Jesus Christ” What do you think this phrase means? (choose one)
 - a) Wear a Jesus mask
 - b) Try to take on the attributes and characteristics of Jesus in the way you live (WWJD)
- 18) “Make no provision for the flesh in regard to its lusts.” What do you think this means? (choose one)
 - a) Don't eat when you are hungry
 - b) Do whatever feels good
 - c) If you have evil desires, don't give in to them or feed them by allowing yourself to continue being tempted.
- 19) This last verse reminds us of 1 Pet 2:11: “Beloved, I urge you as aliens and strangers to abstain from fleshly lusts, which wage war against the soul.” Do you ever feel like your sinful desires are waging a war inside you?
- 20) If you give in to those desires, will that bring the peace you want inside?
- 21) Will your desires be satisfied or will it just feed them and create more sinful desires?
- 22) Should we, give in or, “abstain (hold back)”?
- 23) Does God want us to *starve* (make no provision for) the flesh (evil desires of the body) or *feed* (give in to) the flesh?

Romans #10

Chapter 14

- 1) Are you supposed to judge people who don't have the strong faith that you have?
- 2) At this time, most of the meat that was sold in the market had already been sacrificed to idols. Did this make this meat bad?
- 3) Some people decided to eat vegetables instead of eating food sacrificed to idols. Was it OK to eat that meat? Was it OK to just eat vegetables if you felt strongly about it?
- 4) "Who are you to judge the _____ of another? To his own _____ he stands or falls; and stand he will, for the Lord is able to make him stand."
- 5) Who is our master?
- 6) "Let each man be fully _____ in his own mind." What do you think this means? (choose one)
 - a) Try to convince everybody to do what you think is right
 - b) Ask the Lord to show you what He would want you to do!
- 7) Who are we supposed to live for? Who are we supposed to die for?
- 8) Where will we all one day stand?
- 9) Is that a little scary?
- 10) "So then _____ one of us shall give account of _____ to God."
- 11) Will God ask you about what other people did?
- 12) Will others be there to answer for the things that you did?
- 13) Will God listen to phrases like: "Well, everyone else was doing it!" "My boyfriend thought it was OK!" "This is what I was taught!" or "Other people were much worse than I was!"
- 14) Is it important not to do something that will trip up or confuse someone else who won't understand?
- 15) According to verse 14, was food sacrificed to idols and then sold in the market unclean?
- 16) Should you eat that food around someone who is convinced it is unclean?
- 17) If a friend of yours thinks something is wrong, should you consider not doing it for their sake even though they are mistaken?
- 18) Which does verse 17 seem to state is more important, what you do or what you are like inside?
- 19) Which way of serving Christ is acceptable to God and men?
 - a) Always doing whatever you think is OK for you
 - b) Trying to do the right thing, but being careful to not hurt or upset anyone, even if it means not doing something you want to.
- 20) "Let us _____ the things which make for peace and the _____ of one another."
- 21) "It is good not to eat meat or to _____, or to do anything by which your brother stumbles."
- 22) Is drinking alcohol one of the things that offends people in this country?
- 23) We know that getting drunk is wrong from Ephesians 5:18: "Do not get drunk with wine, for that is dissipation, but be filled with the Spirit," Is drinking without getting drunk wrong sometimes too?
- 24) If Paul were around today, do you think he would be very careful about drinking alcohol in light of verse 21?
- 25) Where should our convictions come from?
- 26) If you don't feel comfortable about doing something, should you think twice about doing it?
- 27) Where might that uncomfortable feeling be coming from?
- 28) Is it easy to live for the Lord, or is it sometimes very confusing?
- 29) Let's ask God to help us to live carefully for Him!

Memory verse

Rom 14:12

So then each one of us shall give account of himself to God. (NAS)

Romans #11

Chapter 15

- 1) "Now we who are _____ ought to bear the weaknesses of those without strength and not just _____ ourselves. Let each of us please his neighbor for _____ good, to _____ edification."
- 2) Do we have a responsibility to try to please those around us?
- 3) Who is our example?
- 4) Was it easy for Him? What happened to Him?
- 5) Why were the stories of the Bible written?
- 6) Where can we find encouragement from God?
- 7) Are some people hard to accept? What example does the Lord use to show us that we ought to accept people who are very "unacceptable" to us?
- 8) What group of people were the early Christians having such a hard time accepting, that Paul had to show them it had been prophesied in the old testament that they would one day be part of God's church?
- 9) "Therefore in Christ Jesus I have found reason for boasting in things pertaining to _____."
- 10) Where did Paul try to preach?
- 11) Paul said he would like to stop and see the Christians in Rome during an upcoming trip he was planning to _____ (what country).
- 12) Paul said he was going to Jerusalem to: (choose one)
 - a) To see the pope
 - b) To visit the empty tomb
 - c) To serve the saints (believers)
 - d) To take a much needed vacation.
- 13) "Yes, they ... are indebted to them. For if the Gentiles have shared in their spiritual things, they are indebted to minister to them also in material things." What does this mean?
- 14) This reminds us that we are responsible to help materially those who have helped us spiritually. Who are some people who have helped you spiritually?
- 15) How did Paul say the believers could work with him?
- 16) Do you think prayer can make a difference?

Chapter 16

- 1) Why did Paul say that the Christians should be careful to give Phoebe help?
- 2) "Greet Prisca and Aquila, my fellow workers in Christ Jesus who for my life _____ their own _____, to whom not only do I give thanks, but also all the churches of the Gentiles;"
- 3) What do you think the phrase, "Risked their own necks" might have meant?
- 4) What was special about Epaenetus?
- 5) What are 4 things we know about Andronicus and Junias?
 - a)
 - b)
 - c)
 - d)
- 6) Who was mentioned who you think may have been twins?
- 7) What is Rufus called?
- 8) Do you think someone would ever refer to you like that?
- 9) **Philo** means "love" and **logos** means "word". Whose name meant, "lover of the Word"?
- 10) Wouldn't it be great if people thought of us in that way?
- 11) What two things do the people who divide churches use to deceive people?
 - a)
 - b)
- 12) "I want you to be _____ in what is good, and innocent in what is _____."
- 12) Do you have to know about everything?
- 13) What does the Scripture say is going to happen to Satan very soon?
- 14) Who actually wrote the book of Romans for Paul?
- 15) Was Romans tough? Did you enjoy it?

I Corinthians #1

Chapter 1

- 1) The writers of I Corinthians were Paul and _____.
- 2) Which spiritual gifts were lacking in the Corinthian church?
- 3) Paul baptized: a) A lot of people b) Quite a few people c) Very few people
- 4) Did Christ send Paul out to baptize people?
- 5) What did Christ send Paul out to do?
- 6) Considering the answers to the last two questions, can baptism be part of the gospel?
- 7) Which is the "power of God for salvation" according to Romans 1:16 (choose one)
a) Baptism b) The gospel
- 8) People who are unsaved generally think the story of Christ paying for sin on the cross is....
a) Makes sense b) Sounds possible c) Seems ridiculous
- 9) "God was well pleased through the foolishness of the message preached to save...."
a) Those who go to church and pray b) Those who believe c) Those who change their lives and dedicate themselves to God
- 10) Where is the power of God found? (choose one)
a) In miracles and signs b) In the preaching of the cross c) In powerful Bible teachers
- 11) Are most of the most powerful people in the world Christians?
- 12) If you are going to brag, what should you brag about? (choose one)
a) How smart you are b) How good you are in sports c) About God
- 13) This is the passage quoted in I Corinthians 1:31: Jeremiah 9:23-24
"Thus says the LORD, 'Let not a (1)wise man boast of his wisdom, and let not the (2)mighty man boast of his might, let not a (3)rich man boast of his riches; but let him who boasts boast of this, that he _____ and _____ Me, that I am the LORD who exercises lovingkindness, justice, and righteousness on earth; for I _____ in these things, 'declares the LORD.'"
- 14) Where do you think Paul got the three groups mentioned in verse 26?

Chapter 2

- 1) Was Paul a very good speaker?
- 2) Did Paul try to know about every subject so that he could be a well rounded speaker?
- 3) Was Paul comfortable and confident when he was sharing the gospel?
- 4) Read verses 3&4. Do you feel like Paul did when you witness?
- 5) If you do, then that make you a great candidate to be a useful witness for Jesus. The following verse shows how this leaves the results in God's hands: "That your _____ should not rest on the wisdom of men, but on the _____ of God."
- 6) According to this passage, did the rulers that crucified Jesus know what He was actually doing?
- 7) "Things which _____ has not seen and ear has not heard, and which have not entered the _____, all that God has prepared for those who love Him."
- 8) Who are these special things revealed to in verse 10?
- 9) Where will your understanding of the Scriptures come from?
- 10) List two reasons why the "natural man" accept the things of the Spirit of God?
a) _____ b) _____
- 11) Who do you think the "natural man" is? a) A talented athlete b) The unsaved man
- 12) Should you expect people to understand the Bible if they are not saved?
- 13) What *new mind* are we given when we are saved?
- 14) Do we still have the *natural mind* too?
- 15) Galatians 5:16&17 talks about this duel mindset we struggle with. Read them and fill in the blanks.
"But I say, walk by the Spirit, and you will not carry out the desire of the flesh. For the _____ sets its desire against the _____, and the Spirit against the flesh; for these are in _____ to one another, so that you may not do the things that you please."
- 14) Do you ever feel like this conflict is going on inside of you?
- 15) Does it seem like two voices with opposing thoughts are speaking to you at the same time?
- 16) What is the key to going in the right direction that is found in Galatians 5:16?

I Corinthians #2

Chapter 3

- 1) "Babes in Christ" are: (choose one)
 - a) Children born into Christian families
 - b) Immature Christians who live like everyone else (men of flesh)
- 2) What do babies eat? Milk or solid food
- 3) Read verse 3. Do immature Christians sometimes appear like unsaved people?
- 4) What is one indication from verse 3, that you are a baby (fleshly) Christian?
- 5) "I _____, Apollos _____, but God was causing the _____."
- 6) Will Christians be rewarded.... 1) According to how successful they are? 2) According to how much work they actually do? 3) According to what they wanted to do?
- 7) What is the only foundation for your life?
- 8) What eventually happens to all material (temporary) things?
- 9) What do you receive for doing things that are eternal? 1) eternal life 2) rewards
- 10) Look at verse 15. If your works are temporary and end up being burned, are you lost (going to Hell)?
- 11) Do you suffer loss (lose rewards and fellowship with the Lord)?
- 12) Who indwells believers?
- 13) Why do you have the responsibility to take care of your body?
- 14) If you really want to be wise, you will probably end up looking _____ to most people!
- 15) What should we not boast about?
- 16) Who do YOU belong to?

Chapter 4

- 1) "Let a man regard us in this manner; as _____ of Christ, and _____ of the mysteries of God."
- 2) A steward is a servant that would oversee the household. What is required of those who would be stewards for Christ?
- 3) See verse 4. If you don't feel like you are doing anything wrong, does that mean you are right?
- 4) "Therefore do not go on passing judgment before the time, but wait until the Lord comes who will both _____ to _____ the things _____ in darkness and _____ the _____ of men's hearts; and then each man's praise will come to him from God."
- 5) Where will real praise come from?
- 6) Answer these questions found in verse 7:
 - a) Who regards you as superior?
 - b) What do you have that you did not receive?
 - c) If you received it, why do you boast as if you had not received it?
- 7) Does verse 8 make it sound like the Corinthians were doing pretty well?
- 8) Read verses 9-13. What kinds of things did the Apostles have to look forward to?
- 9) Read verse 15. You may have a lot of Bible teachers in your life, but who was your spiritual father or mother (the one who led you to the Lord)?
- 10) Who did Paul tell these Christians to imitate?
- 11) Read I Corinthians 11:1. How far should we go in imitating the Christian men and women in our lives that we respect?
- 12) Who do we know was one person that Paul led to the Lord?
- 13) Was Paul consistent in his teaching?
- 14) "He will remind you of my ways which are in Christ, just as I teach _____ in _____."
- 15) Did everybody respect Paul?
- 16) Is it always a good thing if everyone says good things about you? (see Luke 6:26)
- 17) "For the kingdom of God does not consist in _____, but in _____."
- 18) Do we sometimes forget about the power and just think it's all about the words?
- 19) Read verse 21. Which do you think is the form of discipline that you would prefer to be used on you?
- 20) Are those in authority sometimes forced to use a rod?

I Corinthians #3

Chapter 5

- 1) Was there any immorality in the early church?
- 2) What was the man mentioned in verse one doing?
- 3) This type of activity was even disgusting to what group of people?
- 4) What two things had the church not done that they should have done? (in verse 2)
 - 1)
 - 2)
- 5) What did Paul decide to do with this man?
- 6) If this man's flesh (body) was going to be destroyed (verse 5), what was going to happen to his spirit?
- 7) Does it sound like Christians sometimes get involved in big sins?
- 8) What happens when you put a little leaven (yeast) in a lump of dough? (choose one)
 - 1) It spreads all through it
 - 2) It just stays there
 - 3) It stinks
- 9) Read verses 6-8. The Passover Feast was also called the Feast of _____ Bread.
- 10) Read Exodus 12:15. They were to get rid of anything with leaven in it. What do you think leaven represents in this passage? (choose 1)
 - 1) ingredients for baking
 - 2) sin in our lives
 - 3) the debt
- 11) If leaven spreads, what do you think will happen if you just ignore sin in your life or church?
- 12) Which group are we not supposed to associate with, according to verses 9-13 (choose one).
 - 1) Moral people who are not saved
 - 2) Immoral people who are not saved
 - 3) Moral people who are saved
 - 4) Immoral people who are saved (so-called brothers)
- 13) Are you supposed to have lunch with someone who claims to be a Christian but is living in open sin?
- 14) Look at verse 13. Are we supposed to allow people who live in open sin to remain in fellowship with the church?
- 15) Do these instructions sound hard to follow? Did Jesus predict everything would be easy?

Chapter 6

- 1) If you have a disagreement with another believer in the church, are you to take him to court?
- 2) "Do you not know that we shall judge _____? How much more, matters of this _____?"
- 3) When you sue a fellow believer, who usually ends up hearing your case?
- 4) Why should we not leave it up to *unbelievers* to decide disputes among *believers*?
- 5) Would it be better to ask someone within the church to help you settle your dispute out of court?
- 6) What does the Scripture say would be better than taking a fellow believer to court before unbelievers?
- 7) Will "the unrighteous" inherit the kingdom of God?
- 8) Look at verse 1 and verse 6. Which word is interchangeable?
 - 1) "The unrighteous" and "the unbeliever"
 - 2) "The bad guys" and "the good guys"
- 9) Notice that "the unrighteous" will become "righteous" by believing in Christ. Is it only the big sins that cause a person not to deserve heaven?
- 10) Were at least some of the Christians he was writing to in verses 9 and 10 involved in all of these sins before they were saved?
- 11) Is homosexuality a sin according to verse 9?
- 12) The word "justified" means, "to be declared righteous". Fill in this meaning in verse 11.
"Such were some of you, but you were washed, but you were sanctified, but you were justified (_____) in the Name of the Lord Jesus Christ."
- 13) "Yet the body is not for _____ but for the _____ and the Lord is for the body."
- 14) When a person has sex with another person, God says, "The _____ will become _____."
- 15) What type of sin hurts your body?
- 16) Why should a person glorify God with their body?
- 17) What are you supposed to flee (run away from)?
- 18) Is your body your own, so that you can do what you want with it?

I Corinthians #4

Chapter 7

- 1) Is it a *bad thing* or a *good thing* for a man not to touch a woman?
- 2) Is it wrong to get married?
- 3) Read verses 3-5. Is it important for men and women to provide for their spouses sexual needs?
- 4) If your spouse needs you, are you to take care of that need or just act according to your own needs and feelings?
- 5) According to verse 5, what could actually happen if you don't provide for your spouses sexual needs?
- 6) Can that ever be used as an excuse for unfaithfulness?
- 7) Are we commanded to marry?
- 8) Read verses 7&8. Was Paul married?
- 9) Can it sometimes be a good thing to remain unmarried?
- 10) In verse 7, what did Paul attribute the ability to remain single to?
- 11) "But if they do not have _____ - _____, let them marry; for it is _____ to marry than to _____."
- 12) Is it a good idea to try to stay unmarried if you don't feel like you can control yourself?
- 13) Where did the instruction for a wife not to leave her husband come from?
- 14) "(But if she does leave, let her remain _____, or else be _____ to her husband), and that the husband should not send his wife away."
- 15) Read verse 12. Does it sound like the Lord wants to keep marriages together?
- 16) The ideas in verse 10&11 come from Jesus' statements in Matthew 19. He makes a lot of statements about the general institution of marriage. Was Paul quoting Jesus when he was talking about what a believing spouse should do if they are married to an unbeliever?
- 17) Are all children born to at least one Christian parent holy to God in some special way?
- 18) If the unbelieving husband or wife leaves, are the believing spouses bound to follow them?
- 19) According to verse 16, why is it important for believing spouses to remain with their unbelieving spouses?
- 20) Did Paul demand that all slaves be freed?
- 21) If you were a slave and had a chance to be free, should you take that opportunity?
- 22) Why should you not become a slave to a career or a cause?
- 23) According to verse 26, was there a special reason why Paul emphasized staying single and free?
- 24) Do you think it was easier or more difficult for those Christians who had stayed single to go through the great persecution of the church that took place in the years just after this letter was written?
- 25) Was it wrong for anyone to get married if they desired it?
- 26) Read verses 32-34. When you are married, do you naturally think first about what pleases the Lord, or what pleases your spouse?
- 27) Were most marriages arranged by the parents in those days?
- 28) If your spouse dies, do you have to remain unmarried?

Chapter 8

- 1) What sometimes happens when people know a lot?
- 2) "If anyone supposes that _____ anything, he has not yet known as he _____ to know;"
- 3) How many gods are there?
- 4) The people Paul was writing to lived in a community that sacrificed so many animals to idols, that even the meat from the market place had come from those sacrifices. Did the fact that those meats had previously been sacrificed to idols make the meat itself unclean?
- 5) If you were just eating the meat for a meal, would that harm you?
- 6) If someone else thought you were eating it as part of your worship to idols or to get good luck, could it harm them?
- 7) If we know someone who thinks some action is wrong, should we be very careful before we do that very thing in front of them, even if we think it is OK?
- 8) Is it only important to consider what is OK for you, or should you consider how your actions will affect others?
- 9) Read verse 13. How forceful were Paul's feelings about hurting other Christians?

I Corinthians #5

Chapter 9

- 1) Does it sound like some people did not think Paul was a real apostle?
- 2) Did Paul see Jesus in person?
- 3) Did church leaders have a right to be married?
- 4) Were Cephas (Peter) and the brother's of Jesus married?
- 5) Do you think it is right not to allow your ministers to get married if they want to?
- 6) What does I Corinthians 7:1 & 2 say this can lead to?
- 7) Did Paul and Barnabas work jobs to support themselves?
- 8) Do verses 7-11 make it sound like hard working church leaders should be supported?
- 9) Look at verse 11. Define the following terms:
 - a) Material things
 - b) Spiritual things
- 10) Look at verse 12. Paul had a right to be supported by the churches. Why didn't he ever ask them for money?
- 11) "So also the Lord directed those who _____ the _____ to get their _____ from the gospel."
- 12) Are you being careful to support someone who faithfully preaches the gospel?
- 13) What did Paul say his reward was?
- 14) What was Paul more concerned about? (choose one)
 - a) Getting paid for preaching
 - b) Making it clear that salvation is a free gift
 - c) Having a huge church
- 15) Read verses 20-22. When Paul was with someone who was not very religious, did he act religious?
- 16) Why did Paul try so hard to fit in with everyone?
- 17) Look at verse 23. The term "fellow partaker" means to be "a joint partner with" someone or something. How was Paul partnering with the gospel by not asking for money?
- 18) Are there a lot of teachers who are willing to partner with the gospel in this way today?
- 19) Does the Scripture agree with the politically correct idea that "everyone's a winner"?
- 20) According to verse 25, what is one of the most important things that athletes do to become winners?
- 21) When the Olympics were held in ancient Greece, what was the only prize the winner received?
- 22) Was it something that was lasting?
- 23) If you don't have control over your own body, are you qualified to preach to others?
- 24) Does it sound like the Lord would think it was OK to teach our kids or others to live in a certain way when we don't live that way ourselves?

Chapter 10:1-15

- 1) Read Exodus 14:20-22. Paul is speaking about the Israelites when they came out of Egypt. How many of them were surrounded by a cloud and went through the sea?
- 2) What was the food they ate called? (hint-see Exodus 16:35)
- 3) The children of Israel drank water from a rock in the wilderness. Who does that rock represent?
- 4) How is that rock like Jesus?
- 5) Read verses 5-10. What are five reasons why the Jews of that generation died in the wilderness?
 - a) _____
 - b) _____
 - c) _____
 - d) _____
 - e) _____
- 6) Why does verse 11 say these things were written down in the Scriptures?
- 7) Do we need to seriously avoid these things?
- 8) Why should a person who doesn't think he has a problem be concerned?
- 9) "No temptation has overtaken you but such as is _____ to man; and God is _____, who will not _____ you to be tempted beyond what you are able, but with the temptation will provide the _____ of _____ also, that you may be able to endure it."
- 10) Is it true that you have it harder than anybody else?
- 11) Is it true that God has allowed you to be tempted beyond your ability to choose what is right?
- 12) God has promised to give us "a way of _____."
- 13) What is perhaps the most important "way of escape" listed in verse 14?
- 14) How did Joseph escape sexual temptation in Genesis 39:11 & 12?
- 15) Is it important to look for the way of escape the next time we find ourselves undergoing temptation?
- 16) If the best "way of escape" is to "flee," whose fault is it if we stay and fall prey to temptation?

I Corinthians #6

Chapter 10:16-33

- 1) In the communion (Lord's Supper) meal, what does the bread represent?
- 2) What does the cup represent?
- 3) Are idols real gods? Do they have any power?
- 4) When things are sacrificed to idols, what are they really being sacrificed to?
- 5) Does it sound like demons are real?
- 6) Demons are the fallen angels. How many angels followed Satan, according to Revelation 12:4?
- 7) Read verses 23-33. Now read verse 23 again. What does this verse mean? (choose one)
 - a) It's OK for Christians to do anything they want.
 - b) Christians can't sin
 - c) "All things" refers to food, and it's OK for Christians to eat any kind of food unless it will hurt them or offend someone else. (No longer follow the clean food standards of the Old Testament)
- 8) Were the Christians told to ask if the meat sold in the market had previously been sacrificed to idols?
- 9) "Whether, then, you eat or drink or _____ you do, do all to the _____ of God."
- 10) Look at verses 32 & 33. Why should we try to please and not offend other people?

Chapter 11

- 1) "Be imitators of _____, just as I also am of _____."
- 2) Do we have to be careful about who we imitate?
- 3) Is God the head of Christ? Does that mean that they are not equal?
- 4) Is the husband the head of the wife? Does that mean that they are not equal?
- 5) Can you be equal and yet have different positions?
- 6) Should men pray publicly with their heads covered?
- 7) Should women pray publicly with their heads uncovered?
- 8) It is disgraceful for a woman to have her hair cut off or have her head shaved?
- 9) Would this disgrace apply in any way if the woman lost her hair due to illness?
- 10) Does this passage say how long your hair should be?
- 11) According to verse 7, why should a man not cover his head?
- 12) Was that a cultural reason or a spiritual reason?
- 13) "...the woman _____ to have a symbol of authority on her head, because of the _____."
- 14) Was the woman to cover her head for a cultural reason or a spiritual reason?
- 15) The covering is referred to as "a _____ of authority."
- 16) Do you think the woman's hair or a separate covering is being referred to here?
- 17) Fifty years ago, no woman would ever be seen in a church without her head being covered, and although almost all men wore hats, they would never wear them in church. Do you think women stopped wearing hats in church because their thoughts on this passage changed or because the styles changed? Is it always popular or easy to follow the Scriptures?
- 18) Read verse 16. Does it sound like God wants us to argue or get angry about this?
- 19) Read verses 17-19. Does it sound like there are always going to be divisions in churches?
- 20) Read verses 20 & 21. Does it sound like the Lord's Supper celebration was out of control here?
- 21) "And when He had given thanks, He broke it, and said, 'This is My _____, which is for you; do this in _____ of Me.' In the same way He took the cup also, after supper, saying, 'This cup is the new covenant in My _____; do this, as often as you drink it, in remembrance of Me.'"
- 22) What do you do every time you have the Lord's Supper, according to verse 26?
- 23) According to verse 28, are you supposed to examine each other before taking communion?
- 24) Is it possible to be physically weak, sick, or even to be killed because you have sin in your life that you refuse to deal with?
- 25) Did Paul seem to change the Lord's Supper here from a fellowship dinner with the breaking bread at the end, to just a special communion service all by itself?
- 26) Does it sound like the Lord's Supper is something that God wants us to do?

Chapter 12:1-6

- 1) Are most of us **unaware** of spiritual gifts? Does God want us to be **unaware**?
- 2) Can you curse Jesus when speaking under the influence of the Holy Spirit?
- 3) Can anyone who is not saved truly declare Jesus as Lord?
- 4) In verses 4-6, does it sound like God likes variety?

I Corinthians #7

Chapter 12:7-31

- 1) According to verse 7, how many believers have a spiritual gift (“manifestation of the Spirit”)?
- 2) Do we all have the same gifts?
- 3) The word translated “tongues” means “languages.” If you had the gift of tongues you could miraculously speak a foreign language. Would that help get the gospel message around the world quickly?
- 4) According to verse 11, who decides what gifts we will have?
- 5) Do we need one another?
- 6) Are we baptized into the body of Christ by “water” or by “the Spirit?”
- 7) “But now God has placed the members, _____ one of them, in the body, just as _____.”
- 8) Sometimes it is the members of the body that we don’t think are important which we seem to need the most. The smallest bone in the body is located in the inner ear. What happens when this part of the body becomes infected? (hint-you may not be able to stand up)
- 9) “And if one member _____, all the members _____ with it; if one member is _____, all the members rejoice with it.”
- 10) Should you rejoice when some other believer is honored?
- 11) List the gifts of the Spirit mentioned in verse 28:
 - a) _____ b) _____ c) _____ d) _____
 - e) _____ f) _____ g) _____ h) _____
- 12) Does everybody have the gift of teaching?
- 13) Some churches teach that everyone speaks in tongues and some even say that you must speak in tongues in order to be saved. Does this passage indicate that everyone speaks in tongues?
- 14) Is it OK to desire certain gifts?
- 15) Should you keep in mind verse 18, before complaining about not having certain gifts?

Chapter 13

- 1) Chapter 13 is often called “The Love Chapter.” What do you think the “more excellent way” mentioned in verse 31 of chapter 12 refers to?
- 2) If you speak without love, what does it sound like to others?
- 3) If you knew the Scriptures really well, would that alone make you something special?
- 4) Look at verse 3. Is it possible to do a lot of things for people and still not have love for them?
- 5) Do you really accomplish anything without love?
- 6) Read verses 4-8. List the 16 characteristics of God’s type of love:
 - 1) _____
 - 2) _____ 3) _____ 4) _____
 - 5) _____ 6) _____ 7) _____
 - 8) _____ 9) _____ 10) _____
 - 11) _____ 12) _____ 13) _____
 - 14) _____ 15) _____ 16) _____
- 7) “Love...does not take into account a wrong suffered.” How would living out this phrase make a difference in the way you treat other people?
- 8) Does what we call “love” live up to the type of *love* that we see described here?
- 9) “Love never _____.”
- 10) What will happen to the “gifts of prophecy?”
- 11) What will happen to the gifts of “tongues (languages)?”
- 12) What will happen to the gifts of “knowledge?”
- 13) Did these believers know everything? Did they have prophecies about everything?
- 14) “But when the _____ (complete) comes, the _____ will be done away.”
- 15) Is the Bible we have now complete or partial? (hint-see Revelation 22:18&19)
- 16) Since the early church did not have the New Testament, were the gifts of *knowledge, prophecy* and *languages* extra important?
- 17) What do you think “the perfect” might refer to? (hint Psalm 19:7)
- 18) Look at verse 11. When the church (body of Christ) came of age, what did they have that they did not have at first? a) Gifts b) The complete Bible c) Super heroes
- 19) What three things are listed that will never go away? a) _____ b) _____ c) _____
- 20) What is the greatest characteristic, emotion, or pursuit?

I Corinthians #8

Chapter 14

- 1) Should you desire to have spiritual gifts?
- 2) Look at verse 3. What three things does prophecy do?
- 3) The word here for tongue, literally means “language”. How can a foreign language (“unknown tongue”) be understood when it is spoken in a church meeting according to verse 5?
- 4) Read verses 5-11. If you speak in another language, does it help anyone if they don’t understand it?
- 5) “For if the _____ produces an indistinct sound, who will prepare himself for _____? So also you, unless you utter by the tongue speech that is _____, how will it be known what is spoken? For you will be _____ into the _____.”
- 6) Is there any language (“tongue”) that doesn’t have any meaning (just gibberish)?
- 7) “...since you are zealous of spiritual gifts, seek to abound for the _____ (building up) of the church.”
- 8) Read verses 13-17. Does it sound like the Lord wants you to pray in tongues (foreign languages) in the church?
- 9) Which would be better to do in the church? (choose one)
 - 1) Speak 5 words people can understand
 - 2) Speak 10,000 words in another language
- 10) Read verse 20. Does it sound like we ought to be open-minded about evil things?
- 11) Verse 21 quotes from Isaiah 28:11 & 12. The people referred to in this verse are Jews. Which statement do you believe is correct based on verses 21 & 22?
 - 1) The gift of languages (tongues) was given for witnessing to unbelievers to spread the gospel quickly worldwide.
 - 2) The gift of languages was given to be used between believers in the church.
- 12) When you get together to share, “...all things are to be done for edification.”
- 13) What is the maximum number of people who were allowed to, “speak in tongues (languages)” in a church gathering?
- 14) Are they ever allowed to speak at the same time?
- 15) Were they ever allowed to speak languages in church without an interpreter?
- 16) Do churches that “speak in tongues” usually follow these instructions?
- 17) Does God want “confusion” to be a description of our church meetings?
- 18) Are we supposed to have women speakers in the church (who speak to men and women)?
- 19) Do most churches follow these instructions today?
- 20) Can we just ignore these instructions as being based on old-fashioned, first century prejudice?
- 21) Look at verse 38. Should you listen to any teacher who does not believe that these instructions are for today?
- 22) “But let all things be done _____ and in an _____ manner.”

Chapter 15:1-19

- 1) Who preached the gospel to the Corinthians?
- 2) Verse 2 sounds like a difficult verse. If the Corinthians did not hold to the gospel message that they had received, and were now preaching a different message, (e.g. one that adds works) could they be saved by that changed false gospel message even if they believed it?
- 3) What are the three parts of the gospel spoken about in verses 3 & 4?
 - 1) _____
 - 2) _____
 - 3) _____
- 4) At least _____ people saw Jesus alive after He rose from the dead.
- 5) Did Jesus ever appear to Paul?
- 6) Why did Paul say that he was not fit to be called an apostle?
- 7) “But by the grace of God I _____ what I _____”
- 8) Were some of the people in the Corinthian church saying there was no resurrection?
- 9) Do you think this group might have included the ones he mentioned in verse two, who had not been saved through the original gospel message he had preached.
- 10) Does a gospel message do any good, according to verses 12-14?
- 11) “...if Christ has not been raised, your faith is _____; you are _____ in your sins.
- 12) According to verse 17, does it make any sense to live as a Christian, if there is no resurrection?
- 13) If there is no resurrection, should we respect, honor or pity someone who lives as a Christian?

I Corinthians #9

Chapter 15:20-58

- 1) "For as in _____ all _____, so also in Christ all shall be made _____."
- 2) What is the last enemy that will be abolished?
- 3) Look at verses 29 & 30. The church was being persecuted and some believers were being killed. Which statement makes more sense in explaining what being "baptized for the dead" might mean?
 - a) After people, who didn't believe, died, other people were baptized to save them.
 - b) When Christians were killed, others were saved, baptized and took their place in the church.
- 4) Some Christians were thrown to the lions in the arenas. Does it sound like something similar happened to Paul at Ephesus?
- 5) What does the Bible say will "corrupt good morals"?
- 6) What should we be ashamed of?
- 7) Can a seed come to life if it hasn't died and shriveled up first?
- 8) When you plant a seed, does the plant grow up to look like the seed?
- 9) Are all stars the same?
- 10) Will we all be the same in heaven?
- 11) Look at verses 42-44. What are the differences between the body that is planted (buried) and the body that will grow (be resurrected)?

Body that is buried

- a)
- b)
- c)
- d)

Body that is raised

- a)
- b)
- c)
- d)

- 12) Look at verses 48 & 49. You usually resemble one or both of your parents. Who will you resemble after you are resurrected? (hint-see I John 3:2)
- 13) According to verse 51, will all Christians die?
- 14) How long will it take for us to be changed?
- 15) "Death is swallowed up in _____. O death, where is your victory? O death, where is your _____"?
- 16) What is the sting of death? _____ Who gives us the victory?
- 17) What should we always be doing and why?

Chapter 16

- 1) When did the saints put aside their money for giving?
- 2) Did Paul take collections when he came to visit?
- 3) Who was the church at Corinth collecting money for?
- 4) How much time did Paul say he might spend with the people in Corinth?
- 5) Who did Paul leave the final plans to in verse 7?
- 6) According to verse 9, what came along with all the opportunities he was finding?
- 7) Does it sound like someone was giving Timothy a hard time?
- 8) Look at verse 11. Why do you think some people despised Timothy? (hint-see I Timothy 4:12)
- 9) What do you see in verse 13 that would make a good four point message? (list the points)
 - a) _____ b) _____
 - c) _____ d) _____
- 10) "Let _____ that you do be done in _____."
- 11) What did the household of Stephanas devote themselves to?
- 12) What type of people should you "be in subjection to"?
- 13) What type of people should you "acknowledge"?
- 14) Where was the church that Prisca and Aquila attended?
- 15) How did those Christians greet each other?
- 16) Which part of I Corinthians did Paul write himself?
- 17) The phrase, "Let him be accursed" is a translation of the Greek word "anathema". What Greek word does this rhyme with that means, "our Lord cometh"?

II Corinthians #1

Chapter 1

- 1) Who were the two writers in this letter?
- 2) Was it written to the believers of Corinth only?
- 3) In verse 3 the Lord is referred to as "...the Father of _____ and the God of all _____."
- 4) How many times is "comfort" mentioned in verses 3-6?
- 5) Who is our main source of comfort?
- 6) If we have been comforted, how does that help us when we are dealing with others who need comfort?
- 7) Which person do you think is the most effective in giving comfort to someone who is going through difficulties? (choose one)
 - a) A person who can calmly point the way to God
 - b) Another Christian who has been through the same thing and has found God to be faithful in the midst of their trials
- 8) For a faithful Christian, what goes right along with suffering? (vss 5-7)
- 9) What phrase shows just how bad it was for Paul and Timothy in Asia?
- 10) "Indeed, we had the _____ of death within ourselves in order that we should not _____ in ourselves, but in God who _____."
- 11) Does it sound like Paul and Timothy thought they were going to be killed?
- 12) Match these:

Past	"and He will yet deliver us"
Present	"who delivered us from so great a peril of death"
Future	"and will deliver us (now)"
- 13) How did Paul and Timothy say the Corinthians could help them?
- 14) Which is more important? Being really smart (wise) or having holiness and godly sincerity?
- 15) As believers, should we be proud of one another according to verse 14?
- 16) In verses 17-20, does it sound like Christianity is just a list of "No's—don't do this and don't do that."?
- 17) What are some of the yes's in the Christian life? -"the _____ of God."
- 18) Why are we given the Spirit?
- 19) Paul said: "for in your faith you are standing firm." Is that true of you?

Chapter 2

- 1) In verse 3, Paul talks about how he had previously written them in great anguish of soul. What is he talking about? (hint-see I Corinthians 5:1-5)
- 2) In verses 6 & 7, it seems like the one who had been living in sin had repented. What did Paul tell the believers to do in response to his repentance? (choose one)
 - a) Keep away from him and never trust him again
 - b) Forgive him and reaffirm their love for them
 - c) Make sure he never comes back to their fellowship
- 3) If we refuse to forgive someone, what can be the result? (vs 7)
- 4) Are we supposed to be ignorant of Satan's schemes?
- 5) Do you think that one of Satan's schemes is to make us unwilling to forgive?
- 6) When Paul was ministering in Troas, he really missed having _____ with him.
- 7) "But thanks be to God, who always leads us in His _____ in Christ, and manifests through us the sweet _____ of the knowledge of Him in every place."
- 8) After great victorious battles, the Roman generals were given a victory parade called a "triumph." The general would lead his victorious through the city. If He always leads us in the triumph, does it sound like we are winning or losing the battle?
- 9) "For we are a _____ of Christ to God among those who are being saved and among those who are perishing";
- 10) Do we have an affect on the people around us?
- 11) A peddler is a retailer, a salesman and sometimes a huckster. Are we supposed to be smooth talking salesmen who try to use the church as a business to get rich?
- 12) Do you think there are a lot of people who are "peddling" the Word of God today?

II Corinthians #2

Chapter 3

- 1) Did Paul and Timothy need letters of introduction, or did they know the people in the church of Corinth well?
- 2) “You are our letter, written in our hearts, known and _____; 3 being manifested that you are a _____ of _____, cared for by us, written not with ink, but with the Spirit of the living God, not on tablets of stone, but on tablets of _____.”
- 3) Can people clearly read a message from your life?
- 4) If you are a letter of Christ, what kind of message is that letter sharing?
- 5) Where does our adequacy (ability to be what God wants us to be) come from?
- 6) What do you think verse 6 means?
 - a) Trying to live your life by strict codes won't make you righteous
 - b) If you want to do the right thing, you won't have to force yourself to obey
- 7) The ministry of death-letters written on stone is referring to:
 - a) The Code of Hammurabi
 - b) The 10 Commandments given to Moses
 - c) The Martian Colonies Rules of Conduct
- 8) Will following the commandments of the Old Testament give life?
- 9) The story of how Moses' face used to shine after he was with the Lord is found in Exodus 34:28-35. Did his face keep it's radiance?
- 10) Do you ever feel different when you are experiencing a closeness with God?
- 11) Does it last?
- 12) What is the only way to keep that glow from fading away?
- 13) Do most Jews understand the Old Testament, or do they still have a veil over their hearts?
- 14) According to verse 16, how can that veil be taken away?
- 15) What does it mean by seeing in a mirror the glory of the Lord?
 - a) We are to be changing and becoming like Him
 - b) We can see the Spirit of God standing behind us if we look in a mirror
- 16) When you look at yourself honestly in the mirror these days, do you feel like you are changing to be more like Jesus Christ?

Chapter 4

- 1) Are we supposed to fool people into thinking that we are more spiritual or godly than we really are?
- 2) “And even if our _____ is _____, it is veiled to those who are _____ in whose case the god of this world has _____ the minds of the unbelieving, that they might not see the _____ of the gospel of the glory of Christ, who is the image of God.”
- 3) Do people easily understand the gospel?
- 4) Why can't they see it if it is so simple?
- 5) Where will the light that will penetrate people's darkness come from, according to verse 6?
- 6) Are you being a light for people?
- 7) What are the earthen vessels spoken of in verse 7?
- 8) How can we be what we are supposed to be when we know we are weak and sinful?
- 9) “But having the same spirit of faith, according to what is written, ‘I _____, therefore I _____,’ we also believe, therefore also we _____;”
- 10) If we truly believe, we should _____ to others about our faith.
- 11) In what way, did the one who is responsible for raising us from the dead, prove that he could do it?
- 12) What does giving thanks accomplish?
- 13) Put verse 16 into your own words.
- 14) “While we _____ not at the things which are _____, but at the things which are not seen; for the things which are _____ are temporal, but the things which are not seen are _____.”
- 15) “Temporal” sounds like a form of what other word? a) Temptation b) Temporary c) Temperature
- 16) Is it easy to keep in mind that the things we see in this world are temporary?

II Corinthians #3

Chapter 5

- 1) What does our “earthly tent” refer to?
- 2) There are several religious groups that tell us that we do not go to heaven but will always be on the earth. Where does the Scripture say that our “house not made with hands” (new body) is located?
- 3) What do you think verse 4 means?
- 4) A “pledge” is a guarantee. What guarantee do we have that we will one day have a new body in heaven?
- 5) “For we _____ by _____, not by _____.”
- 6) What is our main ambition?
- 7) What is the judgment called where all the believers appear before God to give an account?
- 8) Does it make any difference whether our deeds are *good* or *bad*?
- 9) Since we have the Spirit as a guarantee, can this judgment possibly mean that we can go to hell?
- 10) “Therefore knowing the _____ of the Lord, we persuade men.” Does this make it sound like appearing before the *all powerful God of the universe* will be no big deal?
- 11) What is supposed to control us? _____ What usually controls us?
- 12) “He _____ for all, that they who live should no longer live for _____, but for _____ who died and rose again on their behalf.”
- 13) Verse 15 is one of the most convicting verses in the Bible. According to this verse, what is one very important reason that Christ died for us?
- 14) Are you the same after you are *saved* (in Christ)?
- 15) Reconciliation is bringing two parties together to resolve their differences. People are separated from God. Who did God give the “ministry (work) of reconciliation” to?
- 16) In order to do this, God “has committed to us the _____ of reconciliation.”
- 17) What do ambassadors do?
- 18) This is talking about whom? “He made Him (_____)who knew no sin to be sin on our behalf, that we might become the righteousness of God in Him (_____).”
- 19) In other words: Jesus takes our _____ and gives us His _____ to enter heaven.

Chapter 6

- 1) In this *ministry of reconciliation*, who do we work with?
- 2) When is the right time to be saved and when is the day of salvation?
 - a) When you are fully ready
 - b) Some time later
 - c) When you are old enough to understand everything
 - d) Now
 - e) When you have all of your questions and doubt answered
- 3) Why should you always be careful not to offend people?
- 4) What ministry is he talking about that might be discredited? (hint-see II Cor. 5:18)
- 5) In verses 8 & 9, does it sound like everybody understood what Paul and timothy were trying to do?
- 6) If you are poor, how can you make someone else rich?
- 7) “Do not be bound together with _____; for what partnership have righteousness and lawlessness, or what fellowship has light with darkness? Or what harmony has Christ with Belial, or what has a believer _____ with an unbeliever?”
- 8) According to verse 17, what change are we supposed to make in our lives when we are saved?
- 9) Does this mean that we abandon all of our friends? Of course not! We have the ministry to reconcile them (bring them back) to God. There is, however, one way we are to separate ourselves that is found in the following phrase: “And do not _____ what is _____; and I will welcome you.”
- 10) What do you think that phrase means?
- 11) If you are trying to stop sinning, will that sometimes separate you from other people?
- 12) Let’s ask the Lord to help us carry out this great new “*ministry of reconciliation*” (bringing people back to God)

II Corinthians #4

Chapter 7

- 1) What promises are being referred to in verse 1?
- 2) When it tells us to cleanse ourselves, can we do that without God's help?
- 3) Some people say we are not involved in the changes and that God does it all without us. Does it sound that way to you?
- 4) Does verse 5 make it sound like it was easy for Paul and Timothy to serve the Lord?
- 5) "But God, who comforts the _____, comforted us by the coming of _____;"
- 6) In verses 8 & 9, Paul is talking about the previous letter he had written telling them to deal with some sin that they had in their church. (see I Cor. 5:1-7) Does it sound like they took his previous instructions seriously?
- 7) "I now rejoice, not that you were made _____, but that you were made sorrowful to the point of _____."
- 8) Repentance means "a change of mind." What do you think it means to be sorrowful to the point of repentance?
- 9) Verse 10 shows us that "the sorrow that is according to the _____ of God produces a repentance without regret, leading to _____; but the sorrow of the world produces death."
- 10) Even though the Corinthians had a lot of problems, does it sound like Paul was ashamed of them according to verse 14?

Chapter 8

- 1) The churches of Macedonia were experiencing deep poverty. Did this stop them from giving to help others?
- 2) The churches of Macedonia considered giving in support of the saints to be: (choose one)
a) A command b) A duty c) A favor d) An option
- 3) What did the believers do before they **gave** their money in verse 5?
- 4) "For you know the grace of our Lord Jesus Christ, that though He was _____, yet for your sake He became _____, that you through His _____ might become rich."
- 5) In verses 10 & 11, it sounds like the Corinthians had a hard time finishing the same things they started. Do you ever have that problem?
- 6) "For if the readiness is present, it is acceptable according to what a man _____, not according to what he _____."
- 7) Does God expect you to give more than you can?
- 8) Put into your own words what the Lord is telling us about **giving** in verses 13-15.

- 9) Should we be ashamed when we have needs?
- 10) Should we ever hesitate to help other Christians who are in need?
- 11) Which category from verse 15, do you think most Christians in the US fall into?
a) "Those who gathered much" b) "Those who gathered little"
- 12) Titus took a brother with him. What was this brother famous for? (hint-you probably have read something he wrote)
- 13) In verses 20 & 21, Paul talks about handling the money that they were supposed to be giving to the poor. Considering these two verses, would you find the following statement to be "true" or "false"?
It doesn't matter if people think you are mishandling the money of the church as long as you know that what you are doing is OK.
- 14) Is it possible to show people proof of your love for them?
- 15) Are you giving to the Lord as you should?

II Corinthians #5

Chapter 9

- 1) Read verses 1-5. What was Paul bragging about to the Macedonians? (choose one)
 - a) That the Corinthians were really gifted as a church
 - b) That the Corinthians were going to give a gift to help the needy saints
 - c) That Corinth had the best church softball team in Asia
- 2) What did Paul do in verse 5 to make sure that he wouldn't be embarrassed?
- 3) People often say they will do things but do not follow through. Were people any different in the days of the early church?
- 4) "Now this I say, he who _____ sparingly shall also _____ sparingly; and he who sows bountifully shall also reap _____."
- 5) Will you receive more blessing from the Lord if you are faithful to give to those who have need?
- 6) What are some ways that you can give some of your money to the Lord?
- 7) Should you feel forced to give to the Lord's work?
- 8) Should anyone else be the one to tell you how much you should give?
- 9) What *kind* of "giver" does the Lord love?
- 10) What do you think it means to be a cheerful giver?
- 11) Has God promised to provide enough for us to give?
- 12) When we are faithful to give, what does that produce, according to verses 11 & 12?
- 13) "Thanks be to God for His _____"!
- 14) What do you think is God's indescribable gift?

Chapter 10

- 1) How are we supposed to treat people?
 - a) Forcefully tell it like it is without regard for feelings
 - b) Be meek (humble) and gentle
 - c) Let people do whatever they want (don't get involved)
- 2) "For though we _____ in the flesh, we do not _____ according to the flesh,"
- 3) When Paul refers to the weapons of our warfare, does it sound like we are in a serious spiritual battle?
- 4) In our spiritual battle, what captives are we to take?
- 5) Is it possible to take a "thought" captive?
- 6) Do you ever find yourself thinking of something, and then all of a sudden thinking, "Hey, I shouldn't be thinking about this."?
- 7) That's what it means to take a thought captive. Can we always control what pops into our mind?
- 8) Can we control what stays there? (hint-see Jeremiah 4:14)
- 9) What did people say about Paul's letters?
- 10) What did they say about his personal presence?
- 11) What did they say about the way he talked?
- 12) Does it sound like Paul was a very good speaker?
- 13) What does verse 12 say about those who compare themselves to others?
- 14) Who was the first to bring the gospel to the Corinthians?
- 15) Is it ever right to brag or boast?
- 16) What can you boast about?
- 17) Do you believe that God can use you to reach and help other people even if you are not very impressive in appearance and even if you don't know how to say things very well?
- 18) If the Lord does use you, should you brag as if you are the one who is doing it, or should you give the glory to the Lord for using you?

II Corinthians #6

Chapter 11

- 1) Is it Ok to be jealous about someone being drawn away from the Lord?
- 2) Spiritually, what is our relationship to Christ compared with?
- 3) "But I am afraid, lest as the serpent deceived Eve by his craftiness, your minds should be led astray from the _____ and _____ of devotion to Christ."
- 4) According to verse 3, will Satan's schemes to tempt us to be unfaithful to Christ be obvious?
- 5) If someone preaches about Jesus, the Spirit, and the gospel, does that mean he is talking about the same Jesus, Spirit, and gospel Paul taught us about?
- 6) Does it sound like you had better be careful whose teaching you listen to?
- 7) Was Paul a skilled speaker?
- 8) Should you prefer to listen to a skilled speaker or a knowledgeable teacher?
- 9) What do you think verses 7 & 8 mean?
- 10) Who supported (supplied the needs of) Paul when he was preaching in Corinth?
- 11) Are you supporting anyone who is ministering for the Lord?
- 12) According to verse 13, are a lot of preachers and teachers fakes?
- 13) How does Satan sometimes disguise himself?
- 14) What do many people who claim to have a "near death experience" say that they see at that time?
- 15) What do Satan's servants disguise themselves as ?
- 16) If a church leader does a lot of good things but teaches people that salvation comes through doing good things, is he/she..... a) God's servant b) Satan's servant
- 17) According to verses 19 & 20, does it sound like the Corinthians had been allowing false teachers to take advantage of them?
- 18) The Old Testament allows for giving criminals forty lashes with the whip. The Jews were so careful to keep the law that they would only give 39 lashes. How many times did the Jews beat Paul like this?
- 19) Do you think these Jewish leaders should have been thinking more about whether or not the man they were beating was guilty of wrong doing, or more about whether they were accurately abiding by the proper rules of punishment?
- 20) "_____ times I was beaten with _____, once I was stoned, _____ times I was shipwrecked, a night and a day I have spent in the deep."
- 21) What did Paul say (in verse 28) was a bigger burden than all of the physical things he had been through?
- 22) Sounds like we need to pray for our church leaders, doesn't it?
- 23) How did Paul escape those who were trying to kill him in Damascus?

Chapter 12:1-9

- 1) Does boasting do much good?
- 2) "I know a man in Christ who fourteen years ago-- whether in the body I do not know, or out of the body I do not know, God knows-- such a man was caught up to the _____. And I know how such a man-- whether in the body or apart from the body I do not know, God knows-- was caught up into Paradise, and heard inexpressible words, which a man is not permitted to speak."
- 3) According to these verses, where is Paradise now?
- 4) Does Paul tell us everything he heard in heaven?
- 5) Why was Paul given a "thorn in the flesh"?
- 6) Do we sometimes have a tendency to think of ourselves as something special when God uses us?
- 7) Satan was trying to hurt Paul's ministry. Can God use Satan's attacks for His own purposes?
- 8) Did Paul ask for this "thorn in the flesh" to be removed?
- 9) Does God always give us what we ask for?
- 10) "And He has said to me, 'My grace is sufficient for you, for _____ is perfected in _____.'"

II Corinthians #7

Chapter 12:10-21

- 1) When did Paul say he was strong?
- 2) Can you be strong on your own?
- 3) What do you think Paul means by this phrase: "When I am weak, then I am strong."?
- 4) "I have become foolish; you yourselves compelled me. Actually I should have been commended by you, for in no respect was I inferior to the most eminent apostles, even though I am _____."
- 5) Was Paul more special than you or I?
- 6) What were some of the signs of being an "apostle"?
- 7) Do you see anyone performing those kinds of things today?
- 8) "Here for this third time I am ready to come to you, and I will not be a burden to you; for I do not seek what is yours, but you; for _____ are not responsible to save up for their parents, but _____ for their children."
- 9) Does this mean that we are not responsible to take care of our elderly parents? (hint-see I Timothy 5:8)
- 10) In our physical families, the parents usually pay for everything while the children are growing up. In our spiritual family, should we be willing to pay for ministry to newborn Christians who need extra care?
- 11) Were Paul and Titus careful not to take advantage of the young church in Corinth?
- 12) What was Paul afraid he was going to find in the church at Corinth when he arrived there?
- 13) Are any of those things going on in your church?
- 14) We still have a lot of problems and need these passages for help, don't we?

Chapter 13

- 1) In a Jewish court, was the testimony of only one witness enough to convict someone? (hint-see Numbers 35:30)
- 2) Was Paul OK with Christians who had been warned but kept on sinning?
- 3) "_____ yourselves to see if you are _____; examine yourselves! Or do you not recognize this about yourselves, that Jesus Christ is in you-- unless indeed you _____ the test?"
- 4) How long does eternal life last?
- 5) Can you lose your salvation?
- 6) So, if you have eternal life, you cannot lose it because it is eternal, so if you test yourself, you will see whether are not you are "_____?"
- 7) Salvation is so important that we need to be sure that we have made the one time decision to trust Christ as our Savior. There may be things in your life that will reveal to you that you have never truly made that decision. Are you sure you have made the decision to believe in Jesus Christ as your only hope for eternal life?
- 8) What is Paul praying for in verse 9?
- 9) What do you think being "made complete" means?
- 10) Was Paul more forceful with the believers when he was writing to them or when he was with them?
- 11) Do we have more time to digest a letter, or a statement from someone we are speaking to?
- 12) Should we generally have gentleness when we deal with people face to face?
- 13) How did believers greet one another in those days?
- 14) In verse 14, Paul wanted the believers to have three things:
 - a) The _____ of the Lord Jesus Christ
 - b) The _____ of God
 - c) The _____ of the Holy Spirit
- 15) Many people say that you cannot find evidence of the Trinity (God's existence in three persons— Father, Son and Spirit) in the bible. Which parts of the Trinity do you find in verse 14?
- 16) Did you enjoy the book of II Corinthians?

Galatians #1

Chapter 1

- 1) Who appointed Paul as an apostle?
- 2) "I am amazed that you are so quickly _____ Him who called you by the grace of Christ, for a different _____"
- 3) Is there really another gospel?
- 4) How were some people disturbing the Galatian Christians?
- 5) If someone preaches a different gospel to you, he should be _____.
- 6) If an angel from heaven gives you some gold tablets with a different gospel message, he should be _____! (Mormons make this claim)
- 7) How did Paul receive his gospel?

Paul gives his testimony!

- 8) What did Paul try to do to the church before he was saved?
- 9) Was Paul just content to be a Jew or was he aggressive and very enthusiastic in his religion?
- 10) When did God have a plan for Paul:
 - a) From the time he was saved
 - b) From when he became an adult
 - c) From his mother's womb
- 11) How long was it after he was saved before Paul went to the church in Jerusalem?
- 12) What was special about the Apostle named James?
- 13) After Paul was saved, what did people hear about him over and over again? "He who once persecuted us is now preaching the _____ which he once tried to _____."

Chapter 2

- 1) After _____ years Paul went back to Jerusalem, but the church leaders would only meet with him in private, because they thought he might be faking his conversion so that he could destroy the church leaders. Do you think they had reasons to be suspicious?
- 2) When some of the church members in Jerusalem wanted Titus to be circumcised to be accepted, did Paul agree to do it?
- 3) "God shows no _____." He doesn't play favorites!
- 4) What was a "handshake" called by Paul?
- 5) Paul was asked to do one thing by the Church in Jerusalem: "To remember (take care of) the _____"
- 6) When Cephas (Peter) was in Antioch he used to eat with the Gentiles. What did he do when some of the Jewish Christians came down from Jerusalem?
- 7) When Paul saw this, he said that they were, "not _____ (honest) about the truth of the gospel".
- 8) "Nevertheless knowing that a man is not justified by the works of the Law but through _____ in Christ Jesus, even we have _____ in Christ Jesus, that we may be justified by _____ in Christ, and not by the works of the Law; since by the works of the Law shall no flesh be justified."
- 9) "I have been _____ with Christ; and it is no longer I who live, but Christ lives _____; and the life which I now live in the flesh I live by _____ in the Son of God,"

Galatians #2

Chapter 3

- 1) Many of the Galatians had been in Jerusalem and had seen Jesus _____ in public?
- 2) How do we receive the spirit?
 - a) By the works of the law (being good, etc.)
 - b) By hearing with faith (trusting in Jesus Christ as Savior)
- 3) “Even so, Abraham _____ God, and it was reckoned to him as _____.”
- 4) If you are trying to be saved by good works (the works of the law) you are under a _____.
- 5) Christ was cursed for us. “_____ is everyone who hangs on a tree.”
- 6) Who is “the seed” (not ‘seeds’) of Abraham?
- 7) If a law had been given which was able to impart life (give us eternal life), then what would righteousness (salvation) have been based on?
- 8) Why did God give us the law? “As a tutor (teacher) to lead us to _____ that we may be justified by _____”
- 9) “For you are all sons of God through _____ in Christ Jesus.”

Chapter 4

- 1) “Abba” means “father” or “daddy”, in Aramaic. “Because you are _____, God has sent forth the Spirit of His Son into our hearts, crying, ‘_____! Father!’”
- 2) What was Paul afraid had caused him to become an enemy to the Galatians? Telling the_____.

God uses an illustration out of history

- 3) How many sons did Abraham have?
- 4) One was born to a free woman named Sarah. His name was _____
- 5) The other was born to a bond (slave) woman named, _____. His name was Ishmael.
- 6) “This is allegorically speaking (using a picture or illustration to make a point): for these women are two covenants, one proceeding from Mount Sinai (where the 10 commandments were given) bearing children who are to be _____; she is Hagar.”
- 7) “And you brethren, like Isaac, are children of _____.”
- 8) When you try to be saved by following the 10 commandments you are children of which woman? (choose 1)
 - a) Hagar, the slave women-so you are enslaved to keep the whole law
 - b) Sarah, the free woman-so you receive your salvation from God’s promise

Galatians #3

Chapter 5

- 1) "It was for _____ that Christ set us free; therefore keep standing firm and do not be subject again to a yoke of slavery."
- 2) How much leaven (yeast) does it take to spread to a whole lump of dough?
- 3) "For you were called to freedom, brethren; only do not turn your _____ into an opportunity for the flesh (an excuse to give in to sin), but through love _____ one another."
- 4) "The whole Law is fulfilled in one word, in the statement, 'You shall _____ your neighbor as _____.'"

The battle of the new and old nature

- 5) How can you keep from carrying out the desire of the flesh? " _____ by the _____"
- 6) "For the flesh sets its desire _____ the Spirit, and the Spirit against the flesh; for these are in _____ to one another, so that you may not do the things that you _____."
- 7) Have you ever felt this battle going on inside you?
- 8) DEEDS OF THE FLESH (F) FRUIT OF THE SPIRIT(S)
(mark with an "F" for "flesh" or an "S" for "spirit")
____love ____drunkenness ____jealousy ____peace ____kindness ____envying
____idolatry ____self control ____outbursts of anger ____joy ____sorcery ____gentleness
- 9) "If we _____ by the Spirit, let us also _____ by the Spirit."

Chapter 6

- 1) If you find out that a friend is caught in a trespass (sin), what should you do? (choose one)
 - a) Don't have anything to do with him.
 - b) Tell him to straighten out or you will tell the church.
 - c) Try to restore him (help him repent and stop sinning) realizing it could happen to you too!
- 2) How do you fulfill the law of Christ?
- 3) "Let the one who is _____ the word share all good things with him who _____."
- 4) Don't fool yourself! You can't fool God! What will you reap (harvest)?
- 5) "Let us not lose heart in doing _____, for in due time we shall reap (harvest) if we do not _____." (give up and quit!)
- 6) We should "do good" to whom? " _____"
- 7) We should be especially careful to "do good" to " _____" (other Christians)
- 8) What's the only thing you should boast about?
- 9) What did Paul call the scars he had from being tortured and beaten for the faith?

Ephesians #1

Chapter 1

- 1) Who decided that Paul would be an apostle?
- 2) "Blessed be the God and Father of our Lord Jesus Christ, who has blessed us with every spiritual blessing in the _____ places _____."
- 3) "Just as He _____ us _____ before the foundation of the world."
- 4) How many times does the phrase "in Him" appear in this chapter?
- 5) Who is being adopted by the Father?
- 6) Who does the term, "the Beloved", refer to?
- 7) "_____ we have redemption through His blood, the _____ of our trespasses, according to the riches of His grace,"
- 8) "He made known to us the mystery of His will, according to His kind intention which He purposed _____."
- 9) "_____ also we have obtained an inheritance." (the first two words are from verse 10)
- 10) "_____, you also, after listening to the message of truth, the gospel of your salvation – having also believed, you were sealed _____ with the Holy Spirit of promise,"
- 11) Who is given as a pledge (down payment, guarantee) of our inheritance?
- 12) When did we receive this down payment?
- 13) How often did Paul pray for the Christians in Ephesus?
- 14) "I pray that the eyes of your heart may be enlightened"---What do you think this phrase means?
- 15) Where is Jesus now?
- 16) Is there any other power, authority or name above Jesus?
- 17) Who makes up the body of Christ?

Chapter 2

- 1) What is our condition before God intervenes?
- 2) What is another name for Satan?
- 3) What phrase is used to describe unsaved people in verse 3?
- 4) "_____, being rich in mercy, because of His great love with which He loved us, even when we were dead in our transgressions, _____ together with Christ (by grace you have been saved)"
- 5) Where are we now according to verse 6?
- 6) According to verse 7, why did God the Father seat us with Christ in heaven?
- 7) "For by grace you have been saved through _____; and that not of yourselves, it is the _____ of God; not as a result of _____, that no one should boast."
- 8) "Grace" is getting something you do not deserve! Will anybody be in heaven because they deserve to be there?
- 9) What are we saved through (by means of)? Choose one
a) Doing good deeds (works) b) Helping yourself to change c) Faith (trust, reliance, believing in Christ) d) Going to church and following God's laws e) All of the above
- 10) Only one of the above answers is true and it is not #5. Did you get it right?
- 11) What has God prepared beforehand that we should do?
- 12) "Remember that you were at that time _____ from Christ, _____ from the commonwealth of Israel, and _____ to the covenants of promise."
- 13) This is the most desperate place to be:
"Having _____ and _____ in this _____."
- 14) What happened to us, the ones "who were formerly far off"?
- 15) Is there a division between Gentiles and Jews who are Christians?
- 16) Who broke down that dividing wall?
- 17) Who was the cornerstone to the household of God? _____ Who was the foundation?
- 18) Does it make sense that there would still be prophets and apostles if they were sent to start the church (be the foundation)?

Ephesians #2

Chapter 3

- 1) Where was Paul writing from?
- 2) How did Paul learn about the mystery he was sharing?
- 3) What was that mystery?
- 4) Did the prophets of the Old Testament know about adding the Gentiles to God's family?
- 5) Why does Paul refer to himself as the very least of all saints? (hint- see Galatians 1:14)

- 6) "Christ Jesus our Lord, _____ we have boldness and confident access through faith _____."
- 7) Where is real power and strength? (choose one)
 - a) In a healthy body
 - b) In intelligence
 - b) In the inner man
- 8) Who is the only being in the universe who could help you to know something that surpasses knowledge?
- 8) "Now to Him who is able to do _____ abundantly _____ all that we ask or _____, according to the power that works within us, to Him be the glory in the church and in Christ Jesus to all generations forever and ever. Amen."
- 10) "**Exceedingly-abundantly-beyond what we ask-or think**" Do you think we can even imagine what God will do for us?

Chapter 4

- 1) "I, therefore, the prisoner of the Lord, entreat you to _____ in a manner _____ of the calling with which you have been called,"
- 2) What does the Lord ask us to preserve?
- 3) What are seven things we all share?
 - 1) _____
 - 2) _____
 - 3) _____
 - 4) _____
 - 5) _____
 - 6) _____
 - 7) _____
- 4) "Therefore it says, 'When He ascended on high, He led captive a host of captives, and He gave _____ to men.'"
- 5) When do you think Jesus descended into the lower parts of the earth?
- 6) What are some of the gifts He gave that are mentioned in verse 11?
 - a) _____
 - b) _____
 - c) _____
 - d&e) _____
- 7) Why were these gifts given to the church?
 - a) "For the _____ of the saints for the work of _____,"
 - b) "To the _____ up of the _____ of Christ; until we all attain to the unity of the faith, and of the knowledge of the Son of God, to a _____ man, to the measure of the stature which belongs to the fullness of Christ."
- 8) According to verse 14, do people actually try to fool you and deceive you through the Bible?
- 9) "But speaking the _____ in _____, we are to grow up in all aspects into Him, who is the head, even Christ,"
- 10) What two things mentioned in verse 15, do you have to balance?
- 11) If all the parts of the body work together, what does it produce in the church?
- 12) "This I say therefore, and affirm together with the Lord, that you _____ no longer just as the Gentiles also _____, in the futility of their mind,"
- 13) "Lay aside the _____."
- 14) "Be renewed in the spirit of your mind, and put on the _____,"
- 15) Fill in the following from these verses:

	<u>Lay aside old self</u>	<u>put on new self</u>
verse 25	"lay aside _____"	"speak _____"
verse 28		
verse 29		
verses 31&32		

Ephesians #3

Chapter 5

- 1) Who are we supposed to want to be like?
- 2) “_____ in love, just as Christ also loved you, and _____ up for us, an offering and a sacrifice to God as a fragrant aroma.”
- 3) What do you think, “filthiness, silly talk” and “course jesting” are?
- 4) According to verse 6, does God really care if we sin?
- 5) “You were formerly _____, but now you are light in the Lord; _____ as children of light!”
- 6) What should we be trying to do?
- 7) Are there some things that Christians shouldn’t even talk about?
- 8) According to verse 14, who are we supposed to reflect?
- 9) “Therefore be careful how you _____, not as unwise men, but as _____.”
- 10) “Making the most of your _____, because the days are evil.”
- 11) What should we do instead of being drunk with wine (or any other intoxicant)?
- 12) Do you do a very good job of following verse 20?
- 13) “Be _____ to _____ in the fear of Christ.”
- 14) Who is supposed to be subject to whom in these verses:
Verse 22 “_____ be subject to _____”
Chapter 6 verse 1 “_____ be subject to _____”
Chapter 6 verse 5 “_____ (or employees) be subject to _____ (or employers)”
- 15) Back to chapter 5:25. What is one thing husbands are ordered to do in this verse?
- 16) According to verse 27, what are two characteristics Jesus wants in His church?
a) _____ b) _____
- 17) Which verse is a quote of Genesis 2:24?
- 18) What is the wife ordered to do in verse 33?
- 19) Do you think it is a very popular idea that wives should be subject to their husbands?
- 20) Is there any indication that this idea was just for the old days?

Chapter 6

- 1) What is one thing you can be sure is right?
- 2) What promise was given to those who honored their parents?
- 3) What do fathers sometimes do that is wrong?
- 4) “Bring them up in the _____ and _____ of the Lord.”
- 5) Since we don’t have slaves and masters anymore, how would verses 5-9 apply today?
- 6) When you work, who are you really working for, according to verses 6 & 7?
- 7) Will you be rewarded for every good thing you do?
- 8) Who is more important to God (vs. 9)? you or your boss/ you or your employees/ you or someone else?
- 9) Where should your strength be found?
- 10) “Put on the full armor of God, that you may be able to _____ firm against the schemes of the devil.”
- 11) Do you think it is easy to resist “in the evil day?”
- 12) “Gird your loins with _____,”
- 13) “Put on the breastplate of _____,”
- 14) “Shod your feet with the preparation of the _____ of peace;
- 15) “Take up the shield of _____ with which you will be able to extinguish all the flaming missiles of the evil one.”
- 16) “Take the helmet of _____,”
- 17) What is the sword of the Spirit?
- 18) “With _____ prayer and petition pray at _____ times in the Spirit, and with this in view, be on the alert with _____ perseverance and petition for _____ the saints,”
- 19) Did you notice a key word? _____ Does it sound like we ought to be praying?
- 20) What did Paul ask for prayer for in verses 19 & 20?
- 21) Is it easy to stand up and speak for God?
- 22) Paul was obviously a prisoner but what was he concerned about in verse 22?

Philippians #1

Chapter 1

- 1) What did Paul call the Christians at Philippi?
- 2) Do you have to be dead or extra holy to be a saint?
- 3) "For I am confident of this very thing, that He who _____ a good work in you will _____ it until the day of Christ Jesus."
- 4) Where was Paul writing from? a) A resort b) A prison c) The island of Patmos
- 5) Did Paul think:
 - a) He was being treated unfairly
 - b) He was put in jail so he could reach more people with the gospel
 - c) God had turned His back on him
- 6) Who did he witness to in prison according to verse 13?
- 7) Do all preachers have the proper motivation?
- 8) Whether he lived or died Paul wanted to accomplish what?
- 9) Paul said, "For me to live _____ and to die _____."
- 10) Which did Paul actually say was better, to live or to go home and be with God in heaven?
- 12) What two things have been granted to us for Christ's sake?
 - a)
 - b)

Chapter 2

- 1) How are you to regard one another? (choose one)
 - a) Less important than yourself.
 - b) Equal to yourself
 - c) More important than yourself.
- 2) We are supposed to have the same attitudes that _____ had!
- 3) In verses 6-8 Jesus humbled himself in what ways?
- 4) Jesus humbled Himself to suffer death. What about His death was even more humbling?
- 5) "Do all things without _____ and _____."
- 6) How does Paul describe the world we are to be lights to?
- 7) Are we supposed to live away from or among sinful people?
- 8) What did Paul say Timothy was concerned about that no one else was concerned about?
- 9) What do most people seek after?
- 10) What did Timothy seek after?
- 11) What 4 ways did Paul describe Epaphroditus?
 - a) "My _____"
 - b) "Fellow _____"
 - c) "_____"
 - d) "Your _____ and _____ to my _____."
- 12) Why were they supposed to hold men like Epaphroditus in high regard?
- 13) Read verse 30. If you don't do your share to serve the Lord what does that do to other people who are faithfully serving Him?

Philippians #2

Chapter 3

- 1) Which part of verse 2 have you seen on a sign before?
- 2) The “circumcision” is a reference to the Jewish religion. Who does Paul say are the, “true circumcision (Jews)”?
- 3) How old were Jews when they were circumcised?

Paul’s background

- 4) Which nation? –
- 5) Which tribe?-
- 6) Which branch of Judaism?-
- 7) How enthusiastic?-
- 8) How carefully did he follow the law?
- 9) What is more important than knowing the Lord?
- 10) “And may be found in Him, not having a _____ own derived from the Law, but that which is through faith in Christ, the righteousness which comes from God on the basis of _____.”
- 11) In verses 13 & 14, what are we are to do about the things that lie in the past? (choose one)
 - a) Consider how well you have done and relax
 - b) Consider the mistakes you have made and live in guilt
 - c) Forget the past and move forward
- 12) Read verses 12-15. Which verse shows us *that none of us is perfect*?
- 13) Which verse shows us that *we are perfect* in God’s sight?
- 14) Where is our citizenship? a) USA b) Heaven c) We have no citizenship

Chapter 4

- 1) Did Christians have problems getting along in the time of Paul?
- 2) What important book is mentioned in verse 3?
- 3) When are we supposed to be rejoicing?
- 4) “Let your _____ spirit be known to all men.”
- 5) To be “forbearing”, means “to be patient, to put up with a lot, to be gentle.” Who should know that we are forbearing?
- 6) What reason is given at the end of verse 5 which explains why we are to be forbearing?
- 7) How can you get the peace of God ?
- 8) List some of the things you are supposed to let your minds dwell on (think about):
 - a) _____
 - b) _____
 - c) _____
 - d) _____
 - e) _____
 - f) _____
 - g) _____
 - h) _____
- 9) What do you think the secret is that Paul mentions in verse 12? (hint-look at verse 13)
- 10) Were a lot of people (or churches) supporting Paul?
- 11) In what three ways did Paul describe the gifts that he had received through Epaphroditus?
 - a) “A _____ aroma”
 - b) “An acceptable _____”
 - c) “_____ - _____ to God”
- 12) “My God shall supply _____ your _____ according to His riches in glory in Christ Jesus.”
- 13) Does God supply all your wants?
- 14) Some people became Christians in which famous person’s family?
- 15) Doesn’t the book of Philippians give you a lot of things to work on?

Colossians #1

Chapter 1

- 1) Who were the two writers of this letter?
- 2) Colosse was a Roman city in the area of western Turkey. Who in the city did Paul and Timothy write to?
- 3) Does the word of truth stop working in us once we are saved?
- 4) Who did they learn the gospel from?
- 5) Verses 9-12 contain a prayer that we can use when we pray for others: If you have someone special you want to pray for, pray this prayer and put their name in these blanks—Pray that.....
“... _____ may be filled with the knowledge of His will in all spiritual wisdom and understanding, so that _____ may walk in a manner worthy of the Lord, to please Him in all respects, bearing fruit in every good work and increasing in the knowledge of God; strengthened with all power, according to His glorious might, for the attaining of all steadfastness and patience; joyously giving thanks to the Father, who has qualified us to share in the inheritance of the saints in light.”
- 6) According to verse 13, where did we come from?
Where are we now?
- 7) “For by Him _____ were created, both in the heavens and on earth, visible and invisible, whether thrones or dominions or rulers or authorities-- all things have been created _____ and _____.”
- 8) Are we here accidentally?
- 9) Who is to have first place in everything?
- 10) Choose the answers that correctly finish the statements, then draw a line to those which match.

Before you were saved you were.....	blameless
	alienated
	hostile in mind
	holy
Now you are...	beyond reproach
	engaged in evil deeds
- 11) If this church in Colosse moved away from the truth of the gospel would the message still bring salvation to people?
- 12) The church is the body of Christ. What was it about the actual body of Christ that Paul mentioned that we don't like to think about in verse 24?
- 13) “...the mystery which has been hidden from the past ages and generations; but has now been manifested to His saints, to whom God willed to make known what is the riches of the glory of this _____ among the Gentiles, which is _____, the hope of glory.”
- 14) What was the bottom line of what Paul wanted to do (vs. 28)?

Chapter 2

- 1) Laodicea was only a few miles away from Colosse. What problem did the church there have according to Revelation 3:16?
- 2) Did Paul just care about the Christians he knew?
- 3) “As you therefore have _____ Christ Jesus the Lord, so _____ in Him.”
- 4) How did we receive Christ? We are to walk _____. (hint- see II Cor. 5:7)
- 5) Can philosophy be dangerous?
- 6) According to verse 9, is Jesus God?
- 7) What is baptism a picture of?
- 8) What did Jesus do with all the debt of sin we owed to God?
- 9) Does religion that makes you abase yourself and has lots of special rules to follow have much value in keeping us from sinning?
- 10) What does God call this? “_____ made religion”
- 11) Does being religious make you acceptable to God?

Colossians #2

Chapter 3

- 1) According to verses 1 & 2, do you think people spend too much time thinking about heaven and the things that God talks about in His word?
- 2) Where is our mind usually set? a) on things above b) on things on the earth
- 3) "For you have _____ and your life is _____ with Christ in God."
- 4) Does God really care if people are immoral or not since it's all been forgiven anyway?
- 5) How would you describe "abusive speech"?
- 6) How do you think the things you see in verse 8 and verse 12 will affect how you treat other people?
- 7) Most people don't think Americans have a problem with "idolatry". What would you say about that if you read verse 5?
- 8) Does verse 11 teach us that God understands racial or social prejudice?
- 9) How much should we be willing to forgive?
- 10) What is the perfect bond of unity?
- 11) "Let the _____ of Christ rule in your _____," What do you think this means?
- 12) Can music be used to teach and encourage people?
- 13) "And _____ you do in word or deed, do all in the name of the Lord Jesus, giving thanks through Him to God the Father."
- 14) What is fitting in the husband and wife relationship?
- 15) "Husbands, _____ your wives, and do not be _____ against them."
- 16) How could children please the Lord?
- 17) What can happen if fathers frustrate their kids by being unfair?
- 18) "Whatever you do, do your work _____, as for the _____ rather than for _____;"

Chapter 4

- 1) Did God command all slaves to be freed?
- 2) Are slaves usually treated with justice and fairness?
- 3) What is one thing we are to devote ourselves to? How can we stay alert?
- 4) Where was Paul writing from according to verse 3?
- 5) Is it important to make the gospel clear?
- 6) What does salt do for food?
- 7) Do you answer everyone the same way?
- 8) How did Onesimus get saved according to Philemon 1:10?
- 9) According to verse 12, can you work hard at prayer?
- 10) Laodicea and Hierapolis were towns that were right in the area of Colosse. Who had a special burden for all of these people?
- 11) How is Luke described?
- 12) Who apparently had a church in her home at Laodicea?
- 13) Do we have Paul's letter to Laodicea today?
- 14) "And say to Archippus, 'Take heed to the _____ which you have received in the Lord, that you may _____.'"
- 15) Put your name in this verse in place of Archippus:
"Say to [_____], 'Take heed to the ministry which you have received in the Lord, that you may fulfill it.'"
- 16) What does that verse mean to you?

I Thessalonians #1

Chapter 1

- 1) Paul and Silvanus talked about the Thessalonians to whom?
- 2) What are the three things in verse 3 that Paul and Silvanus said they always thought about?
a) _____ b) _____ c) _____
- 3) "You became _____ of us and of the Lord."
- 4) What are some ways we can imitate (try to be like) God?
- 5) "You became _____ to all the believers"
- 6) Could people see a difference in the Thessalonians after they were saved?
- 7) "You turned to God from idols _____ a living and true God, and _____ for His Son from heaven, whom He raised from the dead, that is Jesus, who delivers us from the wrath to come."
- 8) Do you think people can see this kind of a change in you? _____ Are you different?

Chapter 2

- 1) Was Paul sometimes opposed when he shared the gospel?
- 2) Whom did he try to please when he spoke?
- 3) Do you ever think about who you try to please when you speak?
- 4) Do you think God would be pleased by the kinds of things you say?
- 5) What word is used to characterize a nursing mother?
- 6) Do people use that type of attitude when dealing with others very often?
- 7) What else did Paul and his friends share with people besides the gospel? (vs. 8)
- 8) "For you recall, brethren, our _____ and hardship, how working _____ and _____ so as not to be a burden to any of you, we proclaimed to you the gospel of God."
- 9) We are supposed to "walk (live) in a manner _____ who calls you into His own Kingdom and glory."
- 10) What is it that works inside believers? a) big programs b) training manuals c) the word
- 11) Are we ever affected by evil spiritual forces according to verse 18?
- 12) What kinds of things do you think Satan wants to stop you from doing?
- 13) What was Paul's reward (hope, joy, or crown of exultation)?

Chapter 3

- 1) Did Paul know he was going to be persecuted for his faith?
- 2) Are some people persecuted more than others?
- 3) If this happened to you, would you think God was unfair?
- 4) What news did Timothy bring back to Paul?
- 5) What effect did this news have on Paul who was in prison?
- 6) "May the Lord cause you to _____ and _____ in love for one another, and for _____ men, just as we also do for you;"
- 7) Have you thought recently about increasing your love for others?
- 8) Do you think it could happen?
- 9) Let's take a moment to ask the Lord to help us to be more gentle and let's ask Him to help us to increase our love for others.

I Thessalonians #2

Chapter 4

- 1) To “excel” means to go beyond the norm. What does Paul tell us to *excel* at doing?
- 2) What is one thing that God clearly tells us is His will?
- 3) What is “your own vessel”?
- 4) According to verse 5, is our attitude about sex supposed to be different from that of unbelievers?
- 5) If someone rejects the message of purity for Christians, who are they really rejecting?
- 6) Were the Thessalonian believers very loving?
- 7) What did Paul ask them to do in regards to their love in verse 10?
- 8) What are 3 things that Paul says ought to be part of our ambition for our lives?
 - a)
 - b)
 - c)
- 9) Who is God talking about when he refers to “those who are asleep”?
- 10) What three sounds will announce the Lords return?
 - a)
 - b)
 - c)
- 11) Where will those of us who are alive when the Lord returns meet the Lord and the other Christians who have died before us?
- 12) What would be a good passage to use to comfort someone who has lost a loved one?

Chapter 5

- 1) “The day of the Lord will come like a _____.”
- 2) What will they be proclaiming at just the time when destruction comes? “_____ and _____”
- 3) Is the day of the Lord supposed to take us by surprise like a thief?
- 4) What is God referring to when He tells us not to sleep like others do?
- 5) “God has not destined us for _____ but for obtaining _____ through our Lord Jesus Christ.”
- 6) What if we do sleep, does that mean we will be lost?
- 7) Who are we told to have special appreciation for?
 - a)
 - b)
 - c)
- 8) Do you appreciate those who have helped you grow in the faith? Do you let them know?
- 9) Don’t ever repay anyone _____ for _____.
- 10) What do we know for sure is God’s will?
- 11) Are you doing God’s will by giving thanks?
- 12) The word “quench” means to extinguish stifle or suppress and is often used in reference to putting out fires. How do you think we sometimes *quench* the Spirit?

- 13) What are the three parts of a person mentioned in verse 23?
 - a)
 - b)
 - c)

II Thessalonians

Chapter 1

- 1) What was growing in the church at Thessalonica?
- 2) Why was Paul proud about the Christians in Thessalonica?
- 3) When will Christians be freed from persecution?
- 4) Who will pay back people who hurt Christians?
- 5) Who will receive retribution (be punished) when the Lord returns? "...those who do not _____ God and to those who do not _____ of our Lord Jesus."
- 6) What penalty will they pay?
- 7) "To this end also we _____ for you always that our God may count you worthy of your calling, and fulfill every desire for goodness and the work of faith with power; in order that the name of our Lord Jesus may be _____ in you, and you in Him, according to the grace of our God and the Lord Jesus Christ."

Chapter 2

- 1) "Let no one in any way deceive you, for it [the day of the Lord's return] will not come unless the apostasy comes first, and the man of _____ is revealed, the _____ of destruction."
- 2) What does this son of destruction do?
 - a)
 - b)
 - c)
- 3) Why hasn't the son of destruction revealed himself yet?
- 4) Who does this *man of lawlessness* work with?
- 5) Why do people perish (go to the lake of fire)?
- 6) "And for this reason God will send upon them a deluding influence so that they might believe what is false, in order that they all may be _____ who did not _____ the truth, but took pleasure in wickedness."
- 7) Who do you think the son of destruction is?
- 8) In what two ways were the believers in Thessalonica taught?

Chapter 3

- 1) "Finally, brethren, _____ for _____ that the word of the Lord may _____ rapidly and be glorified, just as it did also with you; and that we may be _____ from perverse and evil men; for not all have faith."
- 2) "The Lord is _____...."
- 3) What are you supposed to do when you see that another Christian is living an unruly life and is not following the instructions in the Bible?
- 4) What does the word "aloof" mean in verse 6?
- 5) Give two reasons why Paul and his fellow missionaries worked so hard?
 - a)
 - b)
- 6) Paul gave a special rule to the Christians: "IF ANYONE WILL NOT _____, NEITHER LET HIM _____." (emphasis mine)
- 7) What do you think this means?

- 8) What does the Lord tell us we should never get tired of ?
- 9) Why does the Lord tell us to not to hang around with another Christian who is not obeying the instructions in the Bible?
- 10) How are you supposed to treat him? Choose one!
 - a) Regard him as an enemy
 - b) Admonish (encourage) him as a brother
- 11) Here's a great verse to use when you end your letters or e-mail messages: "May the Lord of _____ Himself continually grant you peace in _____ circumstance. The Lord be with you all."

I Timothy #1

Chapter 1

D. Lynn 6/8/04

- 1) Who is our “hope”?
- 2) Paul wasn’t related to Timothy. What do you think, “my true child in the faith” means?
- 3) Who is your spiritual “father” or “mother” (person who led you to the Lord)?
- 4) Are weird teachings about the Bible something new?
- 5) What should be the goal of our teaching?
- 6) Who is “the law” made for?
- 7) Homosexuality is, “_____ to sound doctrine.”
- 8) Is lying wrong? _____ Should we hate liars?
- 9) Is homosexuality wrong? _____ Should we hate homosexuals?
- 10) “I thank Christ Jesus our Lord, who has strengthened me, because He considered me faithful, putting me into service; even though I was formerly a _____ and a persecutor and a _____ aggressor.”
- 11) Does it sound like Paul was a nice man? _____ Why did Paul say he received *mercy*?
- 12) Do people sometimes do and say things just out of ignorance?
- 13) Who was the biggest sinner ever, according to Paul?
- 14) What is one special reason that Paul was saved? (choose one)
a) He was really a good man deep inside b) He was born in a religious family c) To show any person, even the greatest sinner, that God loves him and can save him
- 15) What illustration did Paul use to warn of the danger of continually going against your conscience?

Chapter 2

- 1) Does verse 1 make it sound like the Lord wants us to pray?
- 2) We no longer have a king. Who do you think the Lord would want us to pray for instead?
- 3) “Who desires _____ men to be _____ and to come to the knowledge of the truth.”
- 4) Does God want everyone to be saved?
- 5) Who is our mediator (a *go between or negotiator*) between us and the Father?
- 6) Can any preacher, teacher, priest or friend be your mediator to God?
- 7) What physical action are we sometimes to do when we pray?
- 8) Read verses 9 & 10. How are women encouraged to adorn themselves (make themselves more attractive)?
- 9) Do Christian guys look for these qualities in girls most of the time? _____ Is that wise?
- 10) Are we to allow women to teach men or exercise authority over men in the church?
- 11) Is this a popular idea today?
- 12) Should we throw this instruction out and say that Paul was just following the culture or that he didn’t like women?
- 13) Who was deceived in the Garden of Eden? 1) Adam 2) Eve
- 14) Does it sound like women are more emotional and more easily deceived than men?
- 15) Verse 15 is very difficult. It refers to the Garden of Eden where Eve was told she would have the pain of childbirth. He is encouraging her to accept her God given role as mother, not leader!

Chapter 3

- 1) In the church, there is the position of “overseer.” This person is to *oversee* the activities of the church. Today they are sometimes called, “elders” (I Timothy 5:17), “pastors” or even “bishops” as in the King James Version. _____ Is it a good thing to desire this position?
- 2) List the requirements (qualifications) that God gives to decide who can hold this position?
 - 1) _____
 - 2) _____
 - 3) _____
 - 4) _____
 - 5) _____
 - 6) _____
 - 7) _____
 - 8) _____
 - 9) _____
 - 10) _____
 - 11) _____
 - 12) _____
 - 13) _____
 - 14) _____
- 3) The other position (official office) in the church is called a _____. (The word “deacon” means, “a servant, minister or waiter” especially for a king).
- 4) In verse 11, the word for “women” is often translated, “wives.” Do wives affect their husband’s ministry?

I Timothy #2

Chapter 4

- 1) Does it sound like there will be a lot of churches that are not teaching the truth in the “latter days”?
- 2) Does it bother these church leaders that they are lying about the Bible and God?
- 3) Are there any churches today that forbid some dedicated people to marry?
- 4) Should you go along with people who tell you that you can’t eat certain foods?
- 5) To “sanctify” something means to set it apart for special use. What sanctifies our food?
- 6) For what purpose should we discipline ourselves?
- 7) What makes “godliness” more profitable than “bodily discipline”?
- 8) Why do we labor and strive?
 - a) Because we are earning our salvation.
 - b) Because we have fixed our hope (are completely trusting) on God.
- 9) Explain how you are to keep people from looking down on your youthfulness.
- 10) What 3 things was Timothy to give attention to? a) b) c)
- 11) What was Timothy not supposed to neglect?
- 12) Do we have spiritual gifts? (see I Corinthians 12:7)
- 13) Who should be able to see your progress (growth) as a Christian?
- 14) Do some Bible teachers teach a false message because they are not careful to search the Scriptures?

Chapter 5

- 1) If an older man is out of line, how should it be handled?
- 2) How about younger men? Older women? Younger women?
- 3) Does it sound like we are to be careful not to offend in the way that we talk to people?
- 4) Who should take first responsibility for taking care of widows? a) Church b) Family
- 5) Read verses 5-6. Does it sound like sexual sins are anything new?
- 6) Who is considered “worse than an unbeliever”?
- 7) How old did a widow have to be to be supported by the church?
- 8) Does it sound like perhaps it was better for widows to work rather than get support from the church?
- 9) In verse 14, what is his advice to younger widows?
- 10) Did some widows turn away from the Lord to find a new husband or to find excitement?
- 11) Does it sound like the church is supposed to support anyone who asks for it?
- 12) “Let the _____ who rule well be considered worthy of double _____, especially those who _____ at preaching and teaching.”
- 13) If one person accuses an elder of sin, should he be removed from his position?
- 14) Should elders who continue in sin only be talked to in private?
- 15) According to verse 24, do some people get away with things for a while?

Chapter 6

- 1) Slavery was legal in Bible times. How did God say you were to treat your master?
- 2) If they were to treat masters with respect, how should you treat employers?
- 3) “Godliness is a means of great gain when accompanied by _____.”
- 4) Who gets snared and sometimes ruined?
- 5) What is the root of all sorts of evil? a) Money b) the love of money c) the love of a good woman
- 6) Can longing for money get you to turn away from the Lord?
- 7) Look at verse 12. Does it sound like a life of faith is easy?
- 8) What does God dwell in? Doesn’t that sound awesome?
- 9) Are some believers rich?
- 10) What 4 things are rich believers instructed to do?
 - a) b)
 - c) d)
- 11) The word “science” means “knowledge.” Is some of our “science” today false?
- 12) Could believing some of the “science” today lead you away from the Lord?

II Timothy #1

Chapter 1

- 1) Who was this letter written by?
- 2) Who was it addressed to?
- 3) "...I _____ remember you in my prayers _____ and _____."
- 4) What two people passed on their faith to Timothy?
- 5) Does God want us to be timid?
- 6) According to verse 8, where was Paul writing from?
- 7) What do you think it means to be "ashamed of the testimony of our Lord"?
- 8) "...Our Savior Christ Jesus, who _____ death, and brought life and _____ to light through the gospel."
- 9) Paul gives two reasons why he was not ashamed. What are they?
 - a)
 - b)
- 10) What do you think the treasure was that Timothy was supposed to guard?
- 11) What was Paul wearing when Onesiphorus found him?
- 12) Where was the prison where Paul was held?

Chapter 2

- 1) What was Timothy supposed to do with the things he learned about God from Paul?
- 2) What are the four generations of people who would teach the word mentioned in verse 2? (Who was the word passed on to?)
 - 1) Paul
 - 2)
 - 3)
 - 4)
- 3) "Consider what I say for the _____ will give you understanding in everything."
- 4) How can you become a workman that does not need to be ashamed?

- 5) What is everyone who names the Name of the Lord (claims to be a Christian) supposed to do?
- 6) What are we supposed to flee (run away from)?
- 7) What are we supposed to pursue (follow after, chase)?
- 8) What is the one word you would use to describe one of God's servants? (choose one)
 - a) Forceful
 - b) Gentle
 - c) Strict
 - d) Unbending
- 9) Why should you strive to be gentle and patient?

II Timothy #2

Chapter 3

- 1) How does the Bible describe people “in the last days”? (fill in the blanks)
“...lovers of _____.”
“...lovers of _____.”
“...boastful, arrogant, revilers, disobedient to _____, ungrateful, un-
_____, un- _____.”
“...lovers of _____ rather than lovers of God.”
- 2) What do you think it means to “hold to a form of godliness but deny it’s power”?
- 3) How are you supposed to react to people who are just religious like this?
- 4) Do people who are very learned always know the truth?
- 5) Who will be persecuted?
- 6) “You, however, _____ in the things you have learned and become convinced of, knowing from whom you have learned them;”
- 7) Is it possible to learn something without being convinced of it’s validity?
- 8) “...from _____ you have _____ the sacred writings (Bible) which are able to give you the wisdom that leads to _____ through _____ which is in Christ Jesus.”
- 9) In light of verse 15, does it make sense to teach children about the Lord?
- 10) Should we wait until they are old enough to understand everything?
- 11) How much of the Scripture is inspired (God breathed)?
- 12) What are the four things that the Scripture is profitable for?
 - a)
 - b)
 - c)
 - d)

Chapter 4

- 1) What did Paul charge Timothy to do?
- 2) When should you be ready to preach?
- 3) What do you think the phrase referring to people “wanting to have their ears tickled” means?
- 4) “But you, be _____ (stay alert) in all things, endure _____, do the work of an _____, fulfill your ministry.”
- 5) “I have fought a good _____, I have finished the _____, I have kept the _____;!”
- 6) What will the Lord give to those “who love (look forward to) His appearing (when Jesus comes again)”?
- 7) Why did Demas desert Paul?
- 8) Should you ever base your faith on another believer you respect?
- 9) How many people supported Paul at his first trial in Rome?
- 10) What do you think Paul means when he says the Lord delivered me “out of the lion’s mouth”? (hint- think about what was going on in the Coliseum in Rome in those days)
- 11) What other lion do you think might come into play after reading I Peter 5:8?

Titus #1

Chapter 1

- 1) What is one thing God is not able to do?
- 2) Verse 2, the writer says he is “in hope of eternal life”. The word translated “hope” here actually means “expectation”. It is not like “I hope my team wins the championship (but I know it probably won’t happen)”. If God promises something, and He cannot lie, do we “hope for it”, in the “wish” sense, or do we “hope” for it, in the sense of “expectation”?
- 3) When you “hope” for things that God has promised, do you receive them, or are you sometimes disappointed, according to Romans 5:5?
- 4) In every city, Titus was supposed to appoint men to what position in the church?
- 5) What are sixteen requirements to hold this important office?
 - a)
 - b)
 - c)
 - d)
 - e)
 - f)
 - g)
 - h)
 - i)
 - j)
 - k)
 - l)
 - m)
 - n)
 - o)
 - p)
- 6) Why do elders need to know so much about the Word?
- 7) What is one reason given here that people teach false doctrine? (verse 11)
- 8) What are three things that people accused the Cretans of being?
 - a)
 - b)
 - c)
- 9) Were these things true?
- 10) What was Titus supposed to do about it?
- 11) Sometimes those who are not believers claim to be believers (Christians). Sometimes you can tell who they are. Fill in the blanks in this verse about these phony Christians:
Titus 1:16 “They _____ (claim) to know God, but by their _____ they _____ Him, being detestable and disobedient, and worthless for any good deed.”

Chapter 2:1-10

- 1) What characteristics were older men supposed to display in their lives:
 - a)
 - b)
 - c)
 - d)
 - e)
 - f)
- 2) List the characteristics older women should maintain:
 - a)
 - b)
 - c)
 - d)
- 3) What specific things are they to teach the young women?
 - a)
 - b)
 - c)
 - d)
 - e)
 - f)
 - g)
- 4) What does verse 5 say could happen if the young women aren’t being subject to their husbands?
- 5) “Likewise urge the young men to be _____; in all things show yourself to be an _____ of good deeds, with purity in _____, dignified, sound in speech which is beyond reproach”
- 6) Are you impressed that he tells the young men to be “examples”?
- 7) Why is it so imperative that young men be sound in speech?
- 8) The closest thing we have today to bond slaves and masters, is our employer/employee or supervisor/worker relationship. With this in mind, what are the characteristics that you should display in the workplace?
 - a)
 - b)
 - c)
 - d) (Not stealing)
 - e)
- 9) What does it mean when a woman adorns herself?
- 10) What must it mean when it tells us we can “adorn the doctrine of our Savior (the gospel)”?
- 11) Ask yourself: “Do my actions and attitudes make the gospel more or less attractive to others?”

Titus #2

Chapter 2:11-15

- 4) What percentage of people have salvation presented to them by the grace of God?
- 5) What are two other things that the grace of God teaches us, according to verse 12?
 - a)
 - b)
- 6) What are we supposed to be looking for?
- 7) We know that God gave His Son. What here shows us that His Son was willing?
- 8) By dying for us, Jesus wanted to redeem us from every lawless deed. What else did He want to accomplish?
- 9) A zealot is a fanatic. What are we supposed to be zealous (fanatical) about?
- 10) Are the instructions being given here supposed to be optional?

Chapter 3

- 1) Name 7 things found in verses 1 & 2 that we are supposed to do now that we are Christians.
 - a)
 - b)
 - c)
 - d)
 - e)
 - f)
 - g)
- 2) Who are we allowed to malign (speak evil of, or revile)?
- 3) According to verse 2, we are supposed to show... “_____ consideration for _____ men.”
- 4) Name 7 in verse 3 that we are no longer to do, now that we are Christians.
 - a)
 - b)
 - c)
 - d)
 - e)
 - f)
 - g)
- 5) On what basis did God save us?
 - a) “...on the basis of deeds which we have done in righteousness.” (being good)
 - b) “...according to His mercy.” (not giving us the punishment we all deserve when we believe)
- 6) What do you think is the difference between “being hateful” and “hating one another”?
- 7) If good deeds don’t save us, give two reasons from verses 8-14 telling us why we should be careful to do *good deeds*?
 - a)
 - b)
- 8) To be “justified” literally means to be “declared righteous”. Are we *declared righteous* for heaven by our good deeds or by the grace of God?
- 9) Since good deeds don’t save us, what are they good for according to verse 8?
- 10) In contrast, what does verse 9 tell us is unprofitable and worthless?
- 11) What is the church supposed to do with someone who is causing division?
- 12) Where was Paul going to spend the winter?
- 13) Did God even have lawyers serving Him?
- 14) If you find that your life is unfruitful, what might you want to do?
- 15) A powerful theme of the book of Titus is “good deeds”. Put into your own words what we learn about *good deeds* in the following verses:
 - a) Titus 1:16
 - b) Titus 2:7
 - c) Titus 2:14
 - d) Titus 3:5
 - e) Titus 3:8
 - f) Titus 3:14
- 16) Did you enjoy Titus?

Philemon

- 1) Where was Paul writing from? (circle one)
home hotel room prison the Vatican
- 2) How did Paul refer to Archippus?
- 3) What did Paul have to remind Archippus to do in Colossians 4:17?
- 4) Who did Paul mention Philemon to?
- 5) Do you talk to God about people?
- 6) Where was Philemon's church meeting?
- 7) "Because I hear of your _____, and of the _____ which you have toward the Lord Jesus, and toward _____ the saints;"
- 8) Was Philemon a: (choose one)
 - a) A trouble maker
 - b) Someone who cared only for himself
 - c) A person who refreshed the other Christians
- 5) When Paul wanted Philemon to do something did he "order him" or did he "appeal to him" (ask him) to do it?
- 6) What do you think it means when Paul says he has begotten a son in prison? (choose one)
 - a) He got married and his wife had a baby boy.
 - b) He led a fellow prisoner to believe in Christ, making Paul his spiritual father.
 - c) He adopted an orphan.
- 7) Onesimus' name means "profitable" or "useful". Fill in the blanks.
"I appeal to you for my child, whom I have begotten in my imprisonment, Onesimus, who formerly was _____ to you, but now is _____ both to you and to me."
- 8) What changed Onesimus to make him live up to his name (useful)?
- 9) Before he apparently ran away, Onesimus was (choose one)
 - a) Philemon's pastor b) Philemon's brother c) Philemon's slave d) Philemon's good friend
- 10) What did Paul say it was like to send Onesimus back to Philemon?
- 11) In verses 12-15 Paul decided to send Onesimus back to Philemon even though he wanted him to stay and minister to (help) him in prison. Why didn't he just have him stay (choose 2)
 - a) He believed in slavery
 - b) He wanted Philemon's consent because under Roman law Onesimus was still a runaway slave.
 - c) He wanted to see if Onesimus would run away again
 - d) He wanted him to return to Philemon and for Philemon to accept him as a fellow Christian
- 11) Did Paul promise Onesimus that he would no longer be a slave?
- 12) "If then you regard me a partner, _____ him as you would _____."
- 13) What did Paul promise to do if Onesimus had stolen any money when he ran away or owed anything to Philemon?
- 14) What did Philemon owe Paul?
- 15) What do you think this means?
- 16) Who do you "owe" for leading you to the Lord?
- 17) Did Paul think Philemon would be kind to Onesimus and receive him like a brother or not?
- 18) Even though it doesn't tell us in the Bible, do you think Philemon kept Onesimus a slave?
- 19) What are the names of two men who were with Paul who wrote books in the Bible?

Hebrews #1

Chapter 1

- 1) Many books in the New Testament mention the writer's name at the beginning. Does this book start out by telling you who wrote it?
- 2) Has God ever spoken to people? Where do we find these words?
- 3) "He is the radiance of His glory and the _____ representation of His _____,"
- 4) Do you know anyone who is the "exact representation" of God's nature?
- 5) Do you think that this teaches that Jesus is God?
- 6) What did Jesus do after He made purification for our sins?
- 7) Read verses 4 & 5. Some people say that Jesus is a powerful angel. Why is this not true?

- 8) What does God tell the angels to do in verse 6?
- 9) Read Matthew 4:10. Are you supposed to worship anyone other than God?
- 10) Read verses 8-10. These verses are talking about **the Son**. Is Jesus (the Son), referred to as **God**?
- 11) Who is the Creator? (choose one)
 - a) The Son
 - b) Evolution
 - c) The Father
- 12) Does God age?
- 13) What are the angels supposed to be doing?
- 14) Does this mean that angels may be ministering to you without your knowledge?

Chapter 2

- 1) Read verse 1. What will happen if we do not pay close attention to the things we have heard?
- 2) Can God's Word be changed?
- 3) "How shall we escape if we _____ so great a _____? After it was at the First spoken through the Lord, it was confirmed to us by those who heard,"
- 4) Read verses 3 & 4. What 4 ways did God use to confirm the Word that was given to us?
 - a) _____
 - b) _____
 - c) _____
 - d) _____
- 5) Who is verse 7 & 8 talking about?
- 6) How long was Jesus lower than the angels?
- 7) When do you think this time was?
- 8) "We do see _____ who has been made for a little while lower than the angels, namely, _____, because _____ of the suffering of death crowned with glory and honor, that by the grace of God He might _____ for _____."
- 9) Does it sound like Jesus just died for those who would be saved?
- 10) Jesus is not ashamed to call Christians "_____".
- 11) "Since then the children share in _____ and _____, He Himself likewise also partook of the _____, that through death He might render powerless him who had the power of death, that is, the devil;"
- 12) Some cults say that Jesus was just a spirit. What does verse 14 say?
- 13) Why did Jesus have to share flesh and blood? See Hebrews 9:22.
- 14) Who had the power of death before Jesus died?
- 15) Since He rendered the devil **powerless**, does he have the power of death anymore?
- 16) Was Jesus tempted when He was on earth?
- 17) Why is that important?
- 18) Do you ever feel like God does not know what it is like to be a human being?
- 19) How do we know that He knows what it is like?
- 20) If Jesus is not God, has God experienced what it is like to be a human being?

Hebrews #2

Chapter 3

- 1) Who is the "Apostle" (messenger) and "High Priest" of our confession?
- 2) The people of Israel idolized Moses. This passage is written to show that Jesus is better than Moses. What is one word that we can use to describe Moses and Jesus?
- 3) Could that word be used to describe you?
- 4) In verse 3, Jesus is described as the builder (Creator) of Moses. Now read verse 4. Who does Jesus have to be if He is the Creator of Moses?
- 5) Read verses 5 & 6. Moses and Jesus were both "faithful." The difference is that Moses was faithful "as a _____," but Jesus was faithful "as a _____."
- 6) Verses 7-9 quote Psalm 95:7-9. Who says these words in Hebrews 3:7?
- 7) What does God warn us not to do with our hearts?
- 8) Where do the people of God go astray? (choose one)
 - a) In their actions
 - b) In their hearts
 - c) In their words
- 9) Does God ever get angry?
- 10) "Take care, brethren, lest there should be in any one of you an _____, unbelieving _____, in _____ from the living God."
- 11) It is obviously possible for people to "fall away" from God. If a person "falls away" does that mean he will ever be cast out by God? (hint-see John 6:37)
- 12) What is mentioned in verse 12 that causes us to drift away from God?
- 13) What does it say in verse 13 causes us to have our hearts hardened?
- 14) Does it sometimes seem like sinful things aren't so bad? That's the deceitfulness of sin.
- 15) In verse 14, the word for "partakers" means "a partner, sharer or fellow participant." Do you continue to share in the things of Christ when you move away from Him?
- 16) Does this mean you lose your "eternal life"? (think about the word "eternal" and remember John 6:37)
- 17) According to verse 15, can we "harden" our own hearts against God?
- 18) What happened to those Israelites who were unbelieving and had a hardened heart? (choose one)
 - a) They were given all the blessings of God anyway
 - b) They did not receive the earthly blessings that God wanted to give them in their lifetime
 - c) They went to hell (remember, this included people like Aaron and Miriam)
- 19) What will happen to us if we have an unbelieving or hardened heart? (choose one)
 - a) We will get all the blessings of God anyway
 - b) We will not receive the earthly blessings God wants to give us in our lives
 - c) We will go to hell

Chapter 4

- 1) Does good news from God accomplish anything if we do not believe it is true?
- 2) It says in verse 3 that we enter into the "rest" God promises by faith. According to verse 11, can you fall from that rest by disobedience?
- 3) The word for "disobedience" in verse 11 literally means, "unbelief or distrust." Do you usually find yourself trusting God to handle your problems, or do you often distrust Him and try to handle things on your own?
- 4) Will you find any "rest" in that?
- 5) In verse 7 you are told that it is important not to harden your heart "today." Does that mean that this is a one time decision or does it sound like a decision that we need to make every day?
- 6) "For the word of God is _____ and _____ and sharper than any two-edged sword, and piercing as far as the division of soul and spirit, of both joints and marrow, and able to judge the _____ and _____ of the heart."
- 7) What makes the Bible different from every other book?
 - a) It's very old
 - b) It's alive (a living book)
- 8) Can you hide anything from God?
- 9) Who is our "great high priest?"
- 10) Why is Jesus able to sympathize with us?
- 11) "Let us therefore draw near with _____ to the throne of grace, that we may receive mercy and may find grace to help _____."
- 12) Where can we find help when we are really in trouble?

Hebrews #3

Chapter 5

- 1) What are two things that the High Priest did that are found in verse one?
a) _____ b) _____
- 2) "He (the high priest) can _____ with the ignorant and misguided, since he himself also is beset with _____ and because of it, he is obligated to sacrifice for sins, as for the people, *so as for himself*."
- 3) The Jewish high priest had to sacrifice for his own sins and for the sins of the people. What is different (better) about our high priest (Jesus)?
- 4) Look at verses 5 & 6. The Jewish high priest only served for a few years. Why is Jesus a better high priest?
- 5) What is the one thing Jesus learned during His lifetime?
- 6) Who is the source of eternal salvation?
- 7) Read verses 10-14. Why was the writer not able to say more about Melchizedek?
- 8) "For though by this time you ought to be _____, you have need again for someone to teach you the _____ principles of the oracles of God, and you have come to need _____ and not _____."
- 9) If you can only handle the simple truths in the Bible and everything else confuses you, you are a _____. (see verse 13)
- 10) Who can handle solid food (the tough passages of the Bible)? (choose one)
a) Bible college students b) Smarter people c) Mature Christians who practice the Scriptures
- 11) Should you give milk or meat (solid food) to babies?
- 12) How do baby Christians grow? (see I Peter 2:2)
- 13) Do you think you are a longtime baby Christian, a growing Christian, or a mature Christian?
- 14) What should you do about it?

Chapter 6:1-9

- 1) "Therefore leaving the elementary teachings of the Christ, let us _____ on to _____, not laying again the foundation of repentance from dead _____ and of faith toward God, of instruction about washings and laying on of hands, and the resurrection of the dead, and eternal judgment."
- 2) What do these verses talk to us about repenting from? a) Sin b) Dead works
- 3) The word for *repentance* means "to change your mind." What do we need to realize (change our minds about) when it comes to works (doing good deeds)? see Ephesians 2:8,9
- 4) Which six truths does this passage call "foundational" (basic) truths? (see verses 1 & 2)
1) _____ 2) _____
3) _____ 4) _____
5) _____ 6) _____
- 5) The word for "washings" in verse two, is usually translated "baptism." Do you know what the act of baptism represents? (see Romans 6:4,5)
- 6) Do you know why they laid hands on people? (Acts 13:2,3)
- 7) Do you know about the different judgments?
- 8) Since these are foundational truths, if you don't understand them, are you a mature Christian who can handle solid food?
- 9) Read verses 4-6. If you "fall away" from God, is it **possible** to get saved again?
- 10) What would that say about Jesus' crucifixion if you could lose your salvation and had to get saved all over again?
- 11) When we "fall away" from God, do we get saved again, or do we confess our sins and return to Him, knowing that Jesus' sacrifice was sufficient for all of our sins (past, present and future)?
- 12) God compares Christians that "fall away" to **ground** that doesn't bring forth fruit. Many cults use these verses to say that we can lose our salvation. Would the ground mentioned in that passage be "cursed" or would it be "**close** to being cursed"?
- 13) It says the ground would be "burned". Does burning the ground damage the ground or does it get rid of the weeds which are choking out the fruit?
- 14) Does this sound like discipline from God, or does it sound like a person losing their salvation?
- 15) "But, beloved, we are convinced of better things concerning you, and things that accompany _____ although we are speaking in this way."

Hebrews #4

Chapter 6:10-12

- 1) What are two things God will not forget?
 - a)
 - b)
- 2) Does verse 11 make it sound like some people drift away from their faith?
- 3) "That you may not be _____, but imitators of those who through _____ and _____ inherit the promises."
- 4) What two things did God promise to Abraham?
 - a)
 - b)
- 5) Did he receive these things right away?
- 6) What is one thing that we know is impossible?
- 7) "This hope we have as an _____ of the soul, a hope both _____ and _____ and one which enters within the veil,"
- 8) The high priest entered into the holy place of the temple (through the veil) once a year to offer sacrifices for the sins of the people. Who offered a better sacrifice for us?

Chapter 7

- 1) "For this Melchizedek, king of Salem, _____ of the Most High _____, who met Abraham as he was returning from the slaughter of the kings and blessed him,"
- 2) When you translate his name (Melchizedek) it means "king of _____."
- 3) Melchizedek was also called "king of Salem," which means king of "_____."
- 4) In what ways was Jesus like Melchizedek?
- 5) The writer is showing that Jesus is better than all of the religious leaders of the Jews because Melchizedek was greater than _____ and his son _____, from whom the priests come, and Jesus is a priest after the order of Melchizedek.
- 6) Which tribe did the priests come from? Which tribe did Jesus come from?
- 7) For a priest to be of the order of Melchizedek, he must have "the _____ of an _____ life."
- 8) Verse 17 is a quotation of Psalm 110:4. Who was God the Father talking about here?
- 9) According to verses 18 & 19, why was the Law weak and useless?
- 10) Read verses 23 & 24. What is one way in which Jesus is a greater priest than the priests who are of the sons of Levi?
- 11) "**Hence, also, He is able to _____ those who draw near to God through Him, since He always lives to make _____ for them.**" (great memory verse)
- 12) What are some ways to describe our High Priest (Jesus)?
 - a)
 - b)
 - c)
 - d)
 - e)
 - f)
- 13) What did the high priest always have to do before he offered up sacrifices for the sins of the people?
- 14) "This He did _____ when He offered up Himself."

Chapter 8

- 1) Where is Jesus now?
- 2) The priesthood and the temple are copies of what?
- 3) "But now He has obtained a _____ ministry, by as much as He is also the mediator of a _____ covenant, which has been enacted on _____ promises."
- 4) Are you getting the idea that the new covenant in Jesus is "better" than the old covenant?
- 5) Read verses 10 -12. Who *does everything* in the new covenant?
- 6) Circle the word "I" (referring to God) in these verses: "This is the covenant that I will make with the house of Israel after those days, says the Lord: 'I will put My laws into their minds, and I will write them upon their hearts and I will be their God and they shall be My people and they shall not teach everyone his fellow citizen, and everyone his brother, saying, "Know the Lord," for all shall know Me, from the least to the greatest of them for I will be merciful to their iniquities, and I will remember their sins no more.'"
- 7) Doesn't that sound better than us trying to do it?
- 8) "For I will be merciful to their iniquities, and I will _____ their sins _____."
- 9) What did God also do to the old covenant by declaring a new covenant?

Hebrews #5

Chapter 9

- 1) What three things were in the “holy place”?
a) _____ b) _____ c) _____
- 2) What was behind the second veil?
- 3) What three things were inside the “ark of the covenant”?
a) _____ b) _____ c) _____
- 4) What was the writer not able to speak about in detail?
- 5) Read verses 6&7. Who was the only person who was allowed in the “holy of holies”.
- 6) How often did he go into the “Holy of Holies”?
- 7) “The _____ is signifying this, that the way into the holy place has _____ been disclosed, while the outer tabernacle is still standing.”
- 8) Did people have direct access to the presence of God before Jesus opened the way?
- 9) “Not through the blood of goats and calves, but through _____, He entered the holy place _____, having obtained eternal redemption.”
- 10) Look at verse 14. What will cleanse your conscience from dead work to serve the living God?
- 11) Read verses 15-17. In order to give us our inheritance from God, Jesus had to: (choose one)
a) Love us all b) Die c) Put it in writing
- 12) Finish these sentences.
a) All things are cleansed with...
b) Without shedding of blood there is no...
- 13) Where is the holy place that Jesus entered located?
- 14) What did Jesus use for cleansing?
- 15) Here is a riddle. *There is an appointment that you will be sure to keep, but you do not know when that appointment is.* What is it?
- 16) What comes after this appointment?
- 17) Why did Jesus come the first time?
- 18) What will He bring when He comes back?

Chapter 10:1-31

- 1) What can the “law” never do?
- 2) Once you are cleansed before God, do you have to worry about being dirty before Him?
- 3) Read verses 4-10. Did God enjoy blood sacrifices?
- 4) “By this will we have been sanctified through the offering of the body of Jesus Christ _____.”
- 5) Can sacrifices ever “take away sins”?
- 6) “He, having offered _____ sacrifice for sins for _____, sat down at the right hand of God, waiting from that time onward until His enemies be made a footstool for His feet. For by one offering He has _____ for _____ those who are sanctified.”
- 7) According to verse 17, what will God **NOT remember**?
- 8) What gives us the confidence to enter the holy place?
- 9) What do you think the torn veil represents?
- 10) “Let us _____ with a sincere heart in _____ of faith, having our hearts sprinkled clean from an evil conscience and our bodies washed with pure water.”
- 11) Why should we hold fast the confession of our faith?
- 12) We should consider how to stimulate one another to what two things?
a) _____ b) _____
- 13) What does verse 25 mean in your own words?
- 14) If you continue to sin, is there another sacrifice besides Jesus?
- 15) If you continue to sin willfully, can you expect judgment for it?
- 16) Does this judgment **consume** you or does it **consume** “the adversaries”?
- 17) Read verses 28-31. We insult God when we continue to willingly, sin and it is a terrifying thing to fall under God’s discipline, but can it take away our promise of eternal life?

Hebrews #6

Chapter 10:32-39

- 1) Look at verses 32-34. What kinds of things happened to the first group of Hebrew believers?
- 2) “Therefore, do not throw away your _____, which has great _____.”
- 3) What will happen in a little while?
- 4) Once “by faith” you have trusted in Christ, you become “righteous.” How are those who are righteous to live their lives? By..... a) Good deeds b) Faith c) The help of fellow believers
- 5) If you shrink back in your faith, does that bring God pleasure?
- 6) Do the people the author is writing to, “shrink back to destruction”?
- 7) If you shrink away, will it cause your *eternal* life to be *temporary*?

Chapter 11:1-31

- 1) “Now _____ the assurance of things hoped for, the conviction of things _____.”
- 2) How did “men of old” get approval? a) Loving God b) Being obedient c) Faith
- 3) How do we know that God created the world?
- 4) Did God make the world out of the things we see, as evolution says?
- 5) What message does Abel still give us? (choose **two**)
 - a) Work hard and God will accept you
 - b) God demands an innocent blood sacrifice to cover our sin
 - c) Faith in God’s gift of salvation is required for righteous
- 6) Enoch never died. Why not?
- 7) Is it possible to please God without faith?
- 8) What two things are you required to believe in order to “come to God”?
 - 1)
 - 2)
- 9) Since it had never happened before, how did Noah know the flood was coming?
- 10) Abraham obeyed God, left his country, lived as a foreigner, and looked for a heavenly city. How did he do all of these things?
- 11) Read verses 11 & 12. Does it sound like faith is involved in every area of your life?
- 12) Look at verse 13. Did these people get everything they were promised in this life?
- 13) Read verses 14-16. What do these verses mean to us?
- 14) What did Abraham believe God was going to do, since God promised to give him descendants through Isaac, but later asked him to sacrifice him as a burnt offering?
- 15) “By faith Moses, when he had grown up, _____ to be called the son of Pharaoh’s daughter; choosing rather to endure ill-treatment with the people of God, than to enjoy the _____ of sin; considering the _____ of Christ greater riches than the treasures of Egypt; for he was looking to the reward.”
- 16) What does the previous verse say that Moses was looking for?
- 17) Look at verse 27. How can you “see” someone who is “unseen”?
- 18) Those who believed what God said, sacrificed the Passover, and put the blood of the lamb on the doorposts of their house so that the angel of death “passed over” their house. What happened to those who did not believe God?
- 19) Look at verse 30. God promised to deliver Jericho. Did the “magic power of faith,” tear down the walls of Jericho, or was it the power of God and the people’s trust that God would keep His word?
- 20) What if God had **not** promised to deliver the city, would **faith** have accomplished anything?
- 21) **God makes promises and faith appropriates those promises.** God sent His Son to pay for sin. He promises eternal life to those who believe (trust, depend and rely) upon His Son. If a person does not believe in the Son, does that change the fact that his sins were paid for?
- 22) What does a person have to do to obtain the eternal life that was already paid for?
- 23) Can you receive the benefits of God’s promises if you don’t really believe them?

Hebrews #7

Chapter 11:32-40

- 1) Did the writer have time to share all the great acts of faith down through history?
- 2) What are 9 of these events (mentioned in verses 33&34) that people did by means of faith?
 - a) _____
 - b) _____
 - c) _____
 - d) _____
 - e) _____
 - f) _____
 - g) _____
 - h) _____
 - i) _____
- 3) Read verses 35-38. If you have faith, does it sound like you will no longer experience difficulty?
- 4) In verse 38, what important thing does it say about these believers who experience persecution?
- 5) Read verses 39&40. Did these people of faith receive all that was promised to them?
- 6) Who was God thinking about when he delayed giving these great believers what was promised to them?
- 7) Will these great believers eventually receive everything that they were promised?

Chapter 12:1-25

- 1) Read verse 1. Does it sound like all of those great saints are watching us?
- 2) What are two things mentioned in verse 1, that we are to lay aside, so that we can run the race?
 - a) _____
 - b) _____
- 3) “_____ on Jesus, the author and perfecter of faith, who for the joy set before Him _____ the cross despising the shame, and has _____ at the right hand of the throne of God.”
- 4) When Jesus sat down, what do you think that represented? (choose one)
 - a) He was very tired from all of His work.
 - b) He was not worthy to stand in the Father’s presence.
 - c) All His work to bring us salvation was done (“it is finished”).
- 5) Does God discipline those He loves or those He hates?
- 6) If you never receive discipline from God, what do we know from this passage?
- 7) Are earthly fathers supposed to discipline their children?
- 8) Should they be respected for disciplining their children or hated for it?
- 9) Why does God discipline us according to verse 10?
- 10) Does the value of discipline become apparent right away or later?
- 11) What is one thing we are definitely supposed to pursue (chase after)?
- 12) If you allow bitterness to remain in your life, what can that do to you?
- 13) What did Esau sell his birthright for? (choose one)
 - a) The love of a woman
 - b) Power and fame
 - c) A single meal
- 14) When you trade your purity or your honesty to satisfy your desires, who are you acting like?
- 15) Look at verse 17. Are there sometimes consequences to our sins that cannot be avoided?
- 16) God forgives, but does that repair all the damage we may have done?
- 17) Verses 18-21 describe the mountain where the Ten Commandments were given to the people of God. Was it a fun place, or a really scary place?
- 18) We go to a different mountain. What is it’s name?
- 19) Who do you think the following phrase describes? “To the general assembly and church of the first born who are enrolled in heaven....”
- 20) Jesus’ blood says something better than the blood of Abel (who was murdered by his brother Cain). Read Genesis 4:8-10. What was Abel’s blood crying out for?
- 21) What does Jesus’ blood cry out for? (hint see Ephesians 1:7)
- 22) Why do we not have to be afraid when we come into the presence of God?
- 23) Read verses 24 & 25 again. If a person doesn’t listen to the voice crying out for forgiveness from the blood of Jesus, what does he have to look forward to?

Hebrews #8

Chapter 12:26-29

- 1) Which things can be shaken? (choose one) a) Created things b) Eternal things
- 2) Which things will remain?
- 3) Can the kingdom that we receive be shaken or not?
- 4) Why should we serve God with reverence and awe?
- 5) What do you think this phrase means? "Our God is a consuming fire."

- 6) Which phrase is more popular for us to talk and think about?
 - a) "God is love"
 - b) "God is a consuming fire"

Chapter 13

- 1) "Let _____ of the brethren _____."
- 2) What do we sometimes neglect?
- 3) Have some people actually entertained angels without knowing it?
- 4) Read verse 3. Are the prisoners talked about Christians, or does it refer to anyone in prison? (hint-see the last part of the verse)
- 5) How should we think about marriage?
- 6) Who will judge fornicators and adulterers? a) Their friends b) God c) The church
- 7) What should your character be free of?
- 8) What does verse 5 say we should be content with?
- 9) "So that we _____ say, 'The _____ is my _____, I will not be afraid. What shall _____ do to me?'"
- 10) Could you confidently say that?
- 11) Who led and spoke the word of God to the early church?
- 12) "Imitate their _____."
- 13) Does Jesus change? _____ Has God ever changed? _____ Will He?
- 14) What do we have to be careful to not be carried away with?
- 15) Read verses 9-12. What did they do with the bodies of the sacrificed animals after the blood was offered to cover sin in the holy place?
- 16) When they burned the body, it was done outside the camp. How was the sacrifice of Jesus similar?
- 17) "Hence, let us go out to Him _____ the camp, bearing his disgrace."
- 18) Does it sound like the Christian Jews were supposed to remain in Judaism?
- 19) What city was all important to the Jews?
- 20) Which verse do you think was a great comfort to the Christian Jews when the Romans destroyed the city of Jerusalem a few years later (70 AD)?
- 21) Are you too attached to those things that are temporary, or are you seeking a city which is to come?
- 22) Since these believers would no longer participate in the sacrifices of the temple, what types of sacrifices were they encouraged to give God instead?
 - a) _____
 - b) _____
 - c) _____
- 23) Should we be giving these same sacrifices to the Lord today?
- 24) "Obey your leaders and _____ to them, for they keep watch over your souls as those who will give an _____. Let them do this with _____ and not with _____ for this would be unprofitable to you."
- 25) How should we desire to conduct ourselves?
- 26) Who is the Great Shepherd of the sheep?
- 27) How does God accomplish His will in us? (choose one) a) He makes us obey him. b) He equips us and works in us. c) He uses the most talented Christian leaders.
- 28) Where do you suppose Timothy had been staying recently?
- 29) Have you learned a lot from the book of Hebrews?
- 30) I have too! Thanks for learning with me!

James #1

Chapter 1

- 1) What might make you think that most of the Christians James was writing to were Jewish?
- 2) What does the testing of your faith produce?
- 3) What should you do if you lack wisdom (don't know what to do)?
- 4) Will God give you wisdom or will He scold you for being so stupid?
- 5) After you ask for wisdom and think you have received the answer should you act on that or just wait and see (be doubtful)?
- 6) Who is described here as being unstable?
- 7) What example does God use to illustrate the temporary nature of riches?
- 8) Who receives the crown of life?
- 9) Does God tempt people to sin?
- 10) "But each one is tempted when he is carried away and _____ by his own _____."
- 11) Where do all good things come from?
- 12) Put these three in proper order: sin death lust
- 13) "Be quick to hear, _____ to speak, and slow to _____."
- 14) Does it sound like listening is something we ought to concentrate on?
- 15) "The _____ of man does not achieve the _____ of God."
- 16) To "delude yourself" is to "fool yourself." According to verse 23, which Christian "fools himself"?
- 17) Does seeing yourself in a mirror make you change?
- 18) "One who looks intently at the perfect law, the law of liberty, and abides by it, not having become a _____ hearer but an effectual _____, this man shall be _____ in what he does."
- 19) Who else fools himself in this passage?
- 20) What do we know God considers to be pure religion?

Chapter 2:1-20

- 1) Does God want us to play favorites?
- 2) Is racism a form of playing favorites?
- 3) Do you think most churches treat well-dressed, clean-cut visitors differently than they treat shabbily dressed poor people?
- 4) Should that be the case?
- 5) Which group of people is usually, "rich in faith"?
- 6) What does the ROYAL LAW say?
- 7) How many parts of the law do you have to break in order to become guilty?
- 8) What law will we be judged by?
- 9) The royal law and the law of liberty both refer to what phrase from verse 8?
- 10) Will we be judged if we don't show mercy?
- 11) Since we already have eternal life, will that judgment send us to hell?
- 12) If you have faith and no deeds, will that faith "save you" from being judged for not showing mercy?
- 13) Is verse 13 talking about judgment for eternal salvation or about judgment for Christians who don't show mercy?
- 14) Most people don't consider that the context is talking about real believers. What are the people that he is talking to called in verse 14? (Choose one) brethren gentiles unbelievers
- 15) Isn't he saying that you will be judged if you just tell people that God will provide for them and you don't take action to help?
- 16) Having faith without works is "useless." In fact, this passage says it is "dead" and ask "What use is it?" This isn't talking about faith for salvation but the faith that God will provide for peoples needs. ("Be warmed and filled!") Does the fact that you believe God will provide for people save you from being judged for not helping them yourself?

James #2

Chapter 2:20-26

- 1) How are you to show your faith? (vs. 18)
- 2) In verse 19 we see that believing in God doesn't really accomplish anything when it comes to helping people. The demons believe in God being all powerful, but that doesn't change how they act and what they do! In fact, faith in God, "without _____ is _____!"
- 3) Verses 19 and 20 aren't talking about salvation, because the demons have never been offered salvation! These verses are talking about whether or not faith in the power of God is useful without works. Is it?
- 4) The next verse says Abraham was justified (declared righteous) by works. Is Abraham justified by works before God according to Galatians 3:11. "Now that no one is justified by the Law _____ is evident; for, 'The righteous man shall live by faith.'"
- 5) In fact, Romans 4:2-3 speaks specifically about Abraham: "For if Abraham was justified by works, he has something to boast about; but _____. For what does the Scripture say? 'And Abraham _____ God, and it was reckoned to him as righteousness.'"
- 6) Is Abraham justified (declared righteous) before God by his works?
- 7) Abraham was justified before God in Genesis 15:6 when he _____. He was justified before men when he offered his son Isaac. When was *righteousness* given to him?
- 8) If a person is not justified by works before God, then who are we justified before? (choose one)
a) The Lord b) demons c) Other people (vs. 18)
- 9) What 2 words show the justification before man (show me your faith) in the following verses?
1) _____ 2) _____
"You see that faith was working with his works, and as a result of the works, faith was perfected; and the Scripture was fulfilled which says, 'And Abraham believed God, and it was reckoned to him as righteousness and he was called the friend of God.' You see that a man is justified by works, and not by faith alone."
- 10) Would the Israelites have known Rahab was a believer if she had not helped the messengers?
- 11) Would God have known?
- 12) Does a body without the Spirit still exist? Can it accomplish anything?
- 13) Does faith without works sometimes exist? Can it accomplish anything?
- 14) Is God asking us to have works so that our faith will be real, or is He asking us to have works so that our faith will be useful and apparent to others?

Chapter 3:1-12

- 1) "Let not many of you become _____, my brethren, knowing that as such we shall incur a stricter _____."
- 2) Should we take teaching the Word of God lightly?
- 3) Does this "judgment" determine whether or not you go to heaven, or is it a judgment for Christians mentioned in James 2:8 & 12 and called, "the law of liberty"?
- 4) What would you have to do to be perfect?
- 5) Which one of the following things is not compared to the tongue in this passage?
1) A fire 2) A ship's rudder 3) A doctor 4) A bit in a horse's mouth
- 6) According to verse 6, can some small thing we say create great damage?
- 7) Since no one can tame the tongue, how do we control what we say? (hint-see Psalms 141:3)
- 8) Why should we not curse men?
- 9) Can you get olives from a fig tree?
- 10) Can you curse and bless with the same mouth?
- 11) Should it be that way?

James #3

Chapter 3:13-18

- 1) "Who among you is wise and understanding? Let him show by his good behavior his deeds in the _____ of wisdom. But if you have bitter _____ and _____ ambition in your heart, do not be arrogant and so lie against the truth."
- 2) What do jealousy and selfish ambition produce?
- 3) The wisdom from above has what characteristics? a) _____ b) _____ c) _____
d) _____ e) _____ f) _____ g) _____
- 4) What might the seed whose fruit is righteousness be? (see Luke 8:1 & I Peter 1:23)
- 5) Should our teaching be gentle or very forceful and overbearing?

Chapter 4

- 1) What is the source of conflicts and quarrels among Christians?
- 2) From verse 2, what is one reason we do not *have* things that we need as Christians?
- 3) Why do we sometimes not get what we ask for?
- 4) How can you be described if you are a friend of the world?
- 5) Who is God opposed to?
- 6) Who does God give grace (favor) to?
- 7) What comes first, resisting the devil or submitting to God?
- 8) What if you submit to God and then resist the devil, what will be his reaction?
- 9) If you feel that God is far away, what should you do?
- 10) "Be miserable and mourn and weep; let your laughter be turned into mourning, and your joy to gloom." That sounds pretty negative. Is this talking about being this way all the time, or is it referring to verse 8 and how we need to cleanse our hearts and hands (what you think and do) to draw close to the Lord?
- 11) How can you be exalted?
- 12) Should you speak out against a brother (fellow believer)?
- 13) Who is the only real lawgiver and judge?
- 14) Do you really know for sure what is going to happen in the future?
- 15) What is a better way to say this sentence: "Today or tomorrow, we shall go to such and such a city, and spend a year there and engage in business and make a profit."?
- 16) When you think about a human being actually doing God's will, it also reminds us of how temporary and helpless we are in the big picture. What are we compared to in verse 14?
- 17) Making plans without considering God is 1) a good idea 2) arrogant 3) OK
- 18) Verse 17 is one of the most important verses in the Bible. Put the verse into your own words!
- 19) Are we often sinning a lot without knowing it?

Chapter 5:1-6 (this is a tough chapter)

- 1) Does James have a pretty strong message for the rich?
- 2) Would you be considered "rich" in comparison to most of the people in the world?
- 3) Read verses 3-5. Do you think that God notices when people get rich by cheating and taking advantage of other people?
- 4) Should we be careful to reevaluate how we earn our money?
- 5) Read verses 6 - 8. Does it sound like most of the believers were rich or poor?
- 6) Mark 10:25 says, "It is easier for a _____ to go through the eye of a needle than for a _____ man to enter the kingdom of God."
- 7) Does it sound like most rich people are open to the gospel?
- 8) What could be a reason for that? (Choose one)
 - a) God doesn't like rich people
 - b) Rich people tend to trust in riches instead of God

James #4

Chapter 5:7-20 (a tough chapter continued)

- 1) What should we be looking forward to? a) the return of the Lord b) finally being financially set
- 2) “Do not _____, brethren, against _____,”
- 3) Do you complain about fellow Christians (brethren) very often?
- 4) Do you think complaining about other Christians includes complaining to God?
- 5) Why should we not complain about other Christians? (see verse 9)
- 6) Who are our examples of suffering and patience?
- 7) Who is one of the greatest examples of endurance?
- 8) Did Job’s friends judge him?
- 9) Should they have left that up to the real judge (God)?
- 10) What are two words that sum up God’s dealings with us?
- 11) Should we say, “I swear that’s the truth”? Why not?
- 12) What does verse 12 mean?
 - a) Don’t ever tell the truth
 - b) You should be so trustworthy that no one should ever need for you to swear something is true.
- 13) What does it mean if you have to swear to get someone to believe you?
- 14) Do little lies do any harm?
- 15) What should you do if you’re suffering?
 - a) complain about whoever is causing your pain
 - b) pray
- 16) What should you do if you’re cheerful?
- 17) What can you do if you are sick?
- 18) Do you think people called for the elders every time they had a cold?
- 19) Read verses 14 & 15. This sounds like everyone who is seriously ill can be healed by the Elders of the church. When this was written, the apostles (James is Jesus’ brother) were still around and some people had the power of healing. Do you know of anyone who can heal everybody who calls on them today?
- 20) Will all Christians who are sick ultimately be healed?
- 21) Do verses 16 & 17 make it sound like some of these people being spoken of were sick because of sin?
- 22) If a Christian sins and gets AIDS, can his sins be forgiven?
- 23) Can he be restored to fellowship with God?
- 24) Will the Lord eventually raise him up?
- 25) Will he always recover from AIDS in this life?
- 26) Is it possible that God would do a miracle?
- 27) “Therefore, _____ your sins to one another, and _____ one another, so that you may be _____. The effective prayer of a righteous man can accomplish much.”
- 28) Can a righteous man be effective in prayer?”
- 29) Would it be a good idea to ask a righteous man to pray for you when you have great need?
- 30) Was Elijah different than us?
- 31) What was he able to accomplish with prayer?
- 32) In verse 20, the word for “soul” is the same word translated as “life” in other passages. Does this mean that a man who is saved and then strays from the truth might lose his “eternal soul” or his “physical life”? (hint—see I Corinthians 5:1-5, I Corinthians 11:30)
- 33) According to I Peter 4:8, what would “covering a multitude of sins” indicate?

I Peter #1

Chapter 1

- 1) Despite what any "Bible teacher" might claim, who obviously wrote this letter (book)?
- 2) According to verse 1, do the believers he is writing to, fit into the world?
- 3) These people are chosen according to: (chose one)
 - a) Who lives righteously
 - b) The foreknowledge of God
 - c) Who is born in a Christian family
- 4) Who *sanctifies* (sets apart) the believer for the Lord?
- 5) What event mentioned in verse 3, sets Jesus apart from every other religious figure in history?
- 6) "Caused us to be _____ again to a _____ hope through the resurrection of Jesus Christ."
- 7) Some say that believers spend eternity on the earth, but according to this verse, where does the believer clearly have reservations?
- 8) What protects my salvation?
- 9) Can you rejoice even when you are going through trials?
- 10) When we prove our faith through trials, what is the result?
- 11) Do you see Jesus?
- 12) Do you have to see him to love Him or to believe in Him?
- 13) What is the final outcome of your faith?
- 14) Who carefully tried to search out and inquire about our salvation?
- 15) Sometimes the prophets had a hard time seeing clearly if the Messiah would suffer or if He would be a conquering ruler and judge. Have both of these already happened?
- 16) Which matches up to "the sufferings of Christ"?
 - a) The first coming and life of Jesus
 - b) The second coming of Jesus
- 17) How about, "the glories to follow"?
 - a) The first coming and life of Jesus
 - b) The second coming of Jesus
- 18) Did God let these curious prophets know that these predictions were for the future?
- 19) Who else wanted to know about our salvation?
- 20) Are we supposed to **fix our hope** and expectation for the future (partially, mostly or completely) on the grace that will be brought to us when Jesus comes again?
- 21) Is that hard to do?
- 22) The next few verses tell us how to do that. In these verses we are encouraged to act as, "obedient _____".
- 23) The word, "conformed," means, "to be pressed into a mold." What mold of the world does God want us to avoid?
- 24) God doesn't want us to continue to be the way we used to be before we knew the Lord. Who does He want us to be like, and in what way are we to be like Him?
- 25) Explain how the word, "all," in verse 15, is important.
- 26) Memorize this phrase as a reminder: "_____ shall be holy, for I am _____."
- 27) Do we need more of an emphasis on **holiness** in our lives?
- 28) Does God play favorites when He judges?
- 29) Should we have any fear about standing before the Lord someday to give an account of our lives?
- 30) How is the life that we inherited from our ancestors described in verse 18? (chose one)
 - a) The good life
 - b) It's a wonderful life
 - c) A futile way of life
 - d) The purpose driven life
- 30) When they sacrificed an unblemished and spotless lamb in Israel, what was the Lord illustrating and pointing to?
- 31) Verse 21 says that we are believers in God through Jesus. According to Acts 4:12, is there any other way to believe in or come to God?
- 32) According to verse 22, when we were born again, we had our hearts purified to have the ability to love one another. Does it happen automatically or do we still have to follow through and do it?
- 33) What seed caused us to be born again?
 - a) The seed of love
 - b) the living Word of God
 - c) kindness
- 34) When you share the word, do you know what the results will be? (see I Corinthians 3:6&7)
- 35) Which of these things will last?
 - a) grass
 - b) your health
 - c) your physical body
 - d) the Word of God
- 36) Does it sound like you are wasting the time you are spending in the word?

I Peter #2

Chapter 2:1-21

- 1) When you see the word, “therefore” you want to notice what it is there for! What was Peter talking about in chapter 1 verses 23-25?
- 2) What does he tell us to put aside?
- 3) What does he tell us to long for?
- 4) When he tells us to put aside 5 sinful things before he tells us to long for the milk of the word, does it sound like those things stand in the way of the word being effective?
- 5) What will be the result of getting a steady diet of the milk of the word?
- 6) Can you grow in your salvation if you have never tasted the kindness of the Lord (been saved)?
- 7) What is, “the milk of the word,” according to Hebrews 5:12-14? (chose one)
a) Any Scripture b) Only the New Testament c) Elementary (simple) truths of the Word
- 8) What do babies need? a) Milk b) Meat c) Money
- 9) What do new Christians need? a) Milk of the word (simple truths) a) Meat (tough passages)
- 10) Do we sometimes need to go back to milk, according to Hebrews 5:12?
- 11) Who is the living stone rejected by men?
- 12) Who else have become “living stones”?
- 13) Who is part of the holy priesthood? a) All believers b) Levites c) Every person
- 14) Verse 6 quotes Isaiah 28:16. So, does the Old Testament talk about believing in Christ?
- 15) Some people did not believe in Jesus as the Messiah. Which will He be to believers?
a) A stone to trip over b) A precious corner stone to build your life on
- 16) Which will he be for the unbeliever?
a) A stone to trip over b) A precious corner stone to build your life on
- 17) “You are a chosen _____, a royal priesthood, a _____ nation, a people for God's own _____, that you may proclaim the excellencies of Him who has called you _____ darkness _____ His marvelous light;”
- 18) What verse contains the fulfillment to the prophecy found in Hosea 1:9&10?
- 19) What verse also contains the fulfillment of the prophecy found in Hosea 2:23?
- 20) Look at verse 11. Are we supposed to fit in with the world?
- 21) What will, without a doubt, wage war against your soul?
- 22) Do you feel that battle going on all the time?
- 23) Read Galatians 5:17. What are the two sides in this battle?
- 24) Are you setting yourself up for failure if you are exposing yourself to fleshly desires?
- 25) There are Jews (descendants of Israel), Gentiles (people not descended from Israel) and believers (Jews or Gentiles who believe in Christ). The term Gentile is usually used of those who don't know about God. What are we told to do when we are around these people?
- 26) Will unbelievers often slander us, even when we are doing the right things?
- 27) Even when they are falsely accusing us, are they observing our good deeds, and will they have to admit the truth one day?
- 28) What is one way to keep our behavior excellent, that's mentioned in verses 13&14?
- 29) How can we silence the ignorance of foolish men?
- 30) We often ask, “What is God's will for me?” What is clearly stated as God's will in verse 15?
- 31) What are the two ways that people use the freedom they have in Christ?
1) _____ 2) _____
- 32) “Honor _____ men; love the brotherhood, fear God, _____ the king.”
- 33) How would the last part of verse 17 read for us today? “Fear God, honor the _____!”
- 34) What is the second way we are told to keep our behavior excellent? (verse 17)
- 35) We don't have the master/slave relationship today; what is a similar relationship today?
- 36) How should we react to an unreasonable boss or supervisor?
- 37) What finds special favor with God?
- 38) What does God honor? a) Suffer patiently when punished for sin. b) Suffer patiently when punished for doing the right thing.
- 39) What purpose have we been called for?

I Peter #3

Chapter 2:21-25

- 1) Does following Jesus involve suffering?
- 2) Reading verse 22, how would you describe Jesus?
- 3) What was Jesus' response to these things?
 - a) Being reviled?
 - b) Suffering?
- 4) How was He able to respond this way?
- 5) "He Himself bore _____ in His body on the cross, that _____ might die to sin and live to righteousness; for by His wounds you were healed."
- 6) What are we supposed to "live to?"
- 7) Which verse reminds you of Isaiah 53:6?

Chapter 3:1-9

- 1) Verse one is referring back to chapter 2, verses 12, 13 and 18. God is talking about keeping a testimony by submission to authority. What authority is he asking wives to submit to?
- 2) We are told in 2:21 that this kind of submission may cause suffering. What type of husband mentioned in verse one will cause suffering?
- 3) What type of action by wives is NOT something we are told might be used by God to win over a husband who is disobedient to the word?
 - a) Chaste (pure, modest) and respectful behavior
 - b) External adornment (making yourself look good on the outside)
 - c) Maintaining the quality of a gentle and quiet spirit
- 4) Do most Christian women in our country put the emphasis on the outer person or the inner person?
- 5) Do men seem to react more to the external or the internal beauty?
- 6) Which is said to be precious to God?
- 7) Which should be precious to a Godly man?
- 8) How did holy women in former times adorn themselves?
- 9) Should you be afraid if you are doing what is right?
- 10) What phrase in the last part of 2:23 will be the key for living in this kind of submission?
- 11) Will this sometimes involve suffering?
- 12) Is the doctrine of wives being submissive to husbands popular today?
- 13) Verse 7 says, "You husbands *likewise*, live with your wives in an understanding way." Are women and men just alike?
- 14) Does it sometimes take extra understanding on the part of a husband to make things work well?
- 15) The word "vessel" is used to refer to the human body in Scripture. (see II Corinthians 4:7) Is this verse saying that women are weaker spiritually, intellectually or physically? (choose one)
- 16) Do most Christian husbands give their wives the honor and respect they deserve for being fellow (equal) heirs of the grace of life?
- 17) What is a result of this lack of respect mentioned in verse 7?
- 18) Does it sound like the marital problems we see today are mostly the fault of unsubmitive wives, or are they equally due to husbands who do not give their wives the honor and respect they deserve?
- 19) When he sums everything up in verses 8 & 9, he is referring to those who are submitting to authorities, submitting to masters, submitting to husbands and to husbands who are living with their wives with understanding and honor. What 5 attitudes will be instrumental for our success?
 - a)
 - b)
 - c)
 - d)
 - e)
- 20) What should you not return for evil? What should you not return for an insult?
- 21) What should you return for an insult?
- 22) Will returning *evil for evil* or *insult for insult* allow arguments to easily escalate into huge fights and big problems?
- 23) Proverbs 17:14 says, "The beginning of strife is like letting out water, so abandon the quarrel before it breaks out." If you don't plug a hole in a dam quickly, it will soon burst out in a flood. Would following I Peter 3:8 & 9 help you to abandon quarrels before they get out of control?

I Peter #4

Chapter 3:10-22

- 1) Here are three keys to having a life you love and experiencing good days: (fill in the blanks)
 - a) "Refrain your _____ from evil and your lips from speaking guile (deceit)."
 - b) "_____ from evil and do good."
 - c) "Seek _____ and _____ it."
- 2) How does God react to "the righteous"?
- 3) How does he react to those who do evil?
- 4) Does God care about our actions?
- 5) According to verses 12 and 13, do you usually get in trouble for doing the right thing?
- 6) Does it sometimes happen, according to verse 14?
- 7) What is the result if that does happen?
- 8) Should we allow others to intimidate us into doing things we know aren't right?
- 9) Who should be in charge in your heart (where important decisions are made)?
- 10) When people want to know why you believe the way you do, or live the way you do, are you supposed to have an answer for them?
- 11) When you have to answer questions, do you think it will make your faith weaker or stronger?
- 12) What two things should characterize your answer to people?
- 13) If you are carefully following Christ and someone slanders you, what will be the end result?
- 14) Are some kinds some suffering better than others? **EXPLAIN!**
- 15) Read verses 18-22. In verse 18, who is "the just"? Who are "the unjust"?
- 16) Who do YOU think, "the spirits now in prison" are? (this is a question many scholars have had)
 - a) People held by the Romans
 - b) Those people who had not responded to the preaching of Noah (II Peter 2:5)
- 17) Was the great flood a real event?
- 18) How many people came through the flood?
- 19) Some people use verse 21 to say that you have to be baptized in order to be saved. As you know, the thief on the cross was never baptized even though Jesus told him he would be in Paradise that day (Luke 23:39-43), and the men in Acts 10:43-48 were only baptized after they received the Holy Spirit, which is our eternal seal of salvation. Does Peter say that baptism takes away (saves us from) the filth of the flesh (sin)?
- 20) The people who didn't respond, while God was patiently waiting for them to before the flood, were called: a) doubters b) disobedient c) scientist
- 21) Notice that he is talking about maintaining a "**good conscience**" in this passage. (see I Peter 2:19 and 3:16). Now read verses 16-21. Baptism is a picture of the death, burial and resurrection of the Lord Jesus. When a person believes in Christ they are baptized spiritually (immersed in the Spirit and into the body of Christ). The physical act of baptism is a picture of that event. Basically, he is saying, that when Noah went into the ark and was being saved from the flood, this was a picture of you being in Jesus when you became saved. It's not that you are washing away sin through dipping into the water, but that you are being delivered through the resurrection of Jesus.
Does water baptism..... a) Actually remove your sin, or b) Appeal to God for a good conscience (no longer disobedient)
- 22) According to verse 22, where is Jesus now?
- 23) Is Jesus still struggling to gain authority over the forces of Satan?

Chapter 4:1-5

- 1) Are we supposed to avoid all suffering?
- 2) What are we supposed to live the rest of our lives for?
- 3) What kinds of things should we expect unsaved people to be involved in?
- 4) If we were involved in these things in the past, does that mean we can not live for the Lord?
- 5) Should we be involved in any of these things now?
- 6) We are told that if we take these things out of our lives, we are to expect what two things?
 - a)
 - b)
- 7) The word "malign" means to verbally attack someone. Who will they answer to for this?

I Peter #5

Chapter 4:6-19

- 1) How are the people we share the gospel with described in verse 6?
- 2) Why should we be *careful* and *prayerful*?
- 3) What do you think verse 8 means?
- 4) Does this mean we never expose the sins of dangerous people?
- 5) Many sins can be forgiven and forgotten so that relationships can be restored and maintained. Do we sometimes allow sins to destroy relationships because of pride and an unforgiving spirit?
- 6) What is the hardest thing to avoid when being hospitable?
- 7) Has each person received a special gift from God to be used to minister to others?
- 8) If your gift is a speaking gift (teaching, evangelism, encouragement, etc.), What limitation is placed on you? a) Must speak in parables b) Message must be Biblical c) You must speak Spanish
- 9) Will you be successful serving in your own strength?
- 10) Who gets the credit when you serve in your own strength?
- 11) Should you be surprised if you experience a “fiery ordeal”?
- 12) Do we usually act like it’s a strange thing when we are asked to suffer?
- 13) What is one sign that you are blessed? (verse 14)
- 14) Is there any value in suffering as a result of our own sins?
- 15) Sometimes when we suffer for our faith we are ashamed of it. Should we be?
- 16) Read I Corinthians 11:31&32. When we are judged, are we condemned for our sins or disciplined?
- 17) “Let those also who _____ according to the _____ of God entrust their souls to a faithful Creator in doing what is right.”
- 18) Is it sometimes God’s will for us to suffer?

Chapter 5

- 1) What official position did Peter hold in the church mentioned here?
a) Pope b) Priest c) Elder d) Chief bottle washer
- 2) Explain what, “witness of the sufferings of Christ” means here?
- 3) Circle the things the Elders are supposed to be doing: a) Shepherd the flock b) Lord it over the people c) Voluntarily serve where God wants you to d) Gather sordid gain e) Be an example to others f) Only do the things you are forced to g) Serve eagerly
- 4) What reward will faithful elders receive one day?
- 5) Read verses 5 and 6. What problem do young Christian men often struggle with?
- 6) When will people who humble themselves be exalted?
- 7) Who cares for you?
- 8) Isn’t that amazing?
- 9) Is it important to be alert as a Christian?
- 10) What powerful picture does God use here to illustrate the dangers that we face?
- 11) There were lions in Israel in those days. How do you think people felt when they were walking a lonely path and heard a roaring lion?
- 12) What is the devil seeking to do?
- 13) How are we to respond? a) run from him b) resist him c) make a deal with him
- 14) Are you the only one going through this?
- 15) Is he talking about *temptation* or is he still talking about *suffering* here?
- 16) While we are in the world, we are to expect suffering. When will we be perfected, confirmed, strengthened and established?
- 17) According to verse 10, what are we eventually called to?
- 18) How would you feel if you were Silvanus and you read verse 12 for the first time?
- 19) “She who is in Babylon”, is probably another church Peter had worked with. Many people think that the book of Mark is a gospel written from Peter’s point of view. Do you see anything here that would make that seem likely?
- 20) In what manner did the early Christians greet one another?
- 21) Did you enjoy I Peter?

II Peter #1

Chapter 1

- 1) What is our faith based on? (choose one)
 - a) Different truths we have gathered over the years
 - b) The righteousness of our God and Savior, Jesus Christ
 - c) Religious dedication and devotion
- 2) Which things pertaining to life and godliness have not been given to us?
- 3) How do we obtain what we need? a) We have to ask for it b) Obtain it through the true knowledge of Him c) It's automatic!
- 4) "By these He has granted to us His precious and magnificent _____, in order that by them you might become partakers of the divine nature (the nature of God), having escaped the corruption that is in the world by lust."
- 5) Can we become more like God?
- 6) What 2 things can be brought about by claiming "the precious and magnificent promises"?
 - a) Become wealthy and successful
 - b) Become more like God and escape the corruption (destructive power) of the world.
- 7) Starting with "faith" Peter mentions 8 characteristics and qualities that we are to diligently and systematically build into our lives. Put them in the order he describes.
 - a) faith
 - b) _____
 - c) _____
 - d) _____
 - e) _____
 - f) _____
 - g) _____
 - h) _____
- 8) What two things can we do to make sure that we are *useful* and *fruitful* in the knowledge of our Lord? a) _____ b) _____
- 9) Is it possible to forget about your salvation according to verse 9?
- 10) According to verse 10, does God want us to be confused and uncertain about our salvation?
- 11) If you practice these things in your life, what does it give you as a believer? (choose one)
 - a) Entrance into the eternal kingdom
 - b) An **abundant entrance** into the eternal kingdom
- 12) Do we need to be reminded of things we already know?
- 13) What does Peter mean by what he says in verse 14? (hint-see II Cor. 5:1-4)
- 14) What is special about Peter? (see verse 16)
- 15) Put these in the proper category: the Koran the Bible the Book of Morman the communist manifesto the Veda and Bhagavad Gita (Hinduism)
 - a) Cleverly devised tales
 - b) Divinely inspired eyewitness history
- 16) What is Peter talking about in verses 17 & 18? (see Matthew 17:1-9)
- 17) How was the "prophetic word made more sure"? a) Eyewitness fulfillments b) Special guarantees
- 18) Can you make your own private interpretation of biblical prophecies that don't apply to anyone else?
- 19) Describe how these prophecies came about.

Chapter 2:1-8

- 1) Were all those claiming to be God's prophets legitimate?
- 2) Are we to expect false teachers?
- 3) How will they introduce their destructive heresies? a) Openly b) Secretly
- 4) Some people say that Jesus only died for believers. What phrase in verse 1 proves that this is not true?
- 5) What affect will these false teachers have on people's attitude toward the truth?
- 6) Have you ever noticed that many unbelievers blame their refusal to accept Christ on some religious phony they have met or known?
- 7) According to verse 3, what is their motivation for distorting the truth?
- 8) What three examples does Peter use to assure us that God will judge these false teachers?
 - a) _____
 - b) _____
 - c) _____
- 9) How do we know that Noah was witnessing leading up to the flood?
- 10) Lot lived in Sodom and didn't want to leave, but because he was a believer, he was called: (choose one) Bad Lot, Righteous Lot, Big Lot, Vacant Lot, Works a Lot, CameLot
- 12) Lot insisted on living in Sodom, but how was he affected by their lifestyle according to verse 8?
- 13) Do you ever feel that way?

II Peter #2

Chapter 2:9-22

- 1) Does God know how to rescue us from temptation?
- 2) Will He judge the unrighteous (unbelievers) one day?
- 3) What two sins are referred to that bring judgment from God? (choose) a) Smoking and drinking
b) Using bad language and lies c) Doing what feels good and rebelling to authority
- 4) Are preachers who rail against Satan and rebuke him following the Scriptures?
- 5) According to Jude verse 9, who should be rebuking Satan?
- 6) Have you ever heard televangelists or preachers, “reviling where they have no knowledge”?
- 7) Read verses 12-19. Circle the phrases that describe these false teachers.
a) they are stains and blemishes b) they do a lot of good c) eyes full of adultery d) have hearts trained in greed e) love to help the poor i) they enjoy deceiving people j) they love to carouse (feast or entertain) h) bring many people to Jesus 9) arrogant speech 10) teach sensual living k) promise freedom l) deliver real freedom m) cause people to be enslaved
- 8) Look at verse 15. What did Balaam try to do for money? (see Numbers 22:5-7)
- 10) Who was smarter than Balaam and saved his life? (see Numbers 22:22-33)
- 11) According to verse 17, where will these false teachers end up?
- 12) See verse 19. Do these preachers have the freedom they always talk about?
- 13) Read verses 18-22. This passage talks about how damaging false teachers can be to vulnerable immature believers. How long is eternal life? If a person believes in Jesus Christ, what does that person possess, according to John 6:47? How long does it last?
- 14) Do the verses in II Peter 2:18-22 mean that a person loses eternal life?
- 15) Let’s look at what it does mean. Who do the false teachers entice? a) Unbelievers b) Mature believers c) Those who barely escape from the ones who live in error (immature believers)
- 16) What do the false teachers promise? What do they actually give?
- 17) When they came to know the Lord, what had these believers escaped?
- 18) When they started listening to these false teachers, they once again became entangled in their sinful lifestyles. Did their lives become ...a) Better than before b) The same as before c) Worse than before
- 19) Some people think knowing the truths of God is what is important. Who is actually better off?
a) The person who doesn’t know the way (course) of righteousness
b) The person who knows the commandments and chooses to turn away and not follow them
- 20) When a believer returns to his sinful lifestyle, it is like: a) A day without sunshine b) A pig who gets cleaned up getting back into the mud c) A dog vomiting and returning to eat his vomit again
- 21) Are false teachers especially dangerous to immature or young believers?
- 22) Are we kicked out of God’s family when this happens? (see John 6:37)
- 23) According to Hebrews 6:6, can you get saved again to get back into a close relationship with God?
- 24) Read Proverbs 28:13. List the two things we are told to do to restore our relationship with God?
a) b)

Chapter 3

- 1) Do we need to be reminded about things we already know?
- 2) Which verse sounds like a description of the *Old Testament* and the *New Testament*?
- 3) What will be one major sign of the last days?
- 4) Read verses 4-6. Do most so-called, “scientists” believe in the flood today?
- 5) How do they think things came about? a) God made everything at a point in time b) “All continues just as it was” and somehow we evolved
- 6) What 2 things “escaped their notice”? What should “not escape our notice”?
- 7) Why is God waiting? Is it a long time to Him? Aren’t you glad God waited for you?
- 8) Does verse 10 remind you of a nuclear explosion?
- 9) How should we live, based on what we know is coming? What are we looking for?
- 10) How should we regard the patience (waiting time) of our Lord?
- 11) Did Peter think everything in Paul’s letters was easy to understand?
- 12) What do the unstable and untaught do with these Scriptures?
- 13) What happens when you get carried away by the errors of unprincipled men (false teachers)?

I John #1

Chapter 1

- 1) According to verses 1&2, John was
 - a) A historian writing many years after Christ
 - b) An eyewitness to Jesus' life and activities
 - c) A friend of a friend of someone who knew Jesus
- 2) "What was from the beginning, what we have _____, what we have _____ with our eyes, what we beheld and our _____ handled, concerning the Word of Life."
- 3) Why did John write these things to us?
- 4) Are both "good" and "evil" found in God?
- 5) Complete the following sentences from verse 6, verse 8 and verse 10.
 - a) "If we say..."
 - b) "If we say..."
 - c) "If we say..."
- 6) What happens if we walk in the light?
- 7) When you "confess" to a crime in court, what do you actually do?
 - a) Admit you make a lot of mistakes
 - b) Name the crime and admit you did it
 - c) Plead guilty to a lesser crime
- 8) Read Joshua 7:19 & 20. Does it glorify and praise God to confess your sins?
- 9) Here is how Achan worded his confession: "Truly, I have _____ against the _____, the God of Israel, and _____ is _____."
- 10) Did he specifically name the sins?
- 11) What happens if we confess our sins to God according to I John 1:9?
- 12) In what way is it possible to call God a liar?

Chapter 2

- 1) Did John want us to sin and not worry about it?
- 2) An "advocate" is a term referring to the lawyer representing someone who is accused of a crime. According to this passage, who is our advocate (defense lawyer) when we sin?
- 3) "Propitiation" is a big word that means "satisfaction" or "meeting the demands of punishment for sin." Where does the "satisfaction" for our sins come from?
- 4) Did Jesus only provide satisfaction (payment) for the sins of Christians?
- 5) What is one way to **know** that we have come to know Jesus?
- 6) Complete the sentences in verses 4, 6 and 9.
 - a) "The one who says..."
 - b) "The one who says..."
 - c) "The one who says..."
- 7) How should we "walk" (live our lives)?
- 8) Can you be "in the light" and hate your brother?
- 9) Why do some people, who are full of hate, not see their problems?
- 10) John is writing to what three groups of people? a) _____ b) _____ c) _____
- 11) Does it sound like the "young men" were really fired up and seeking to serve the Lord?
- 12) What do you think it means to "love the world"?
- 13) What are three things used to describe "the world"? a) "The lust...." b) _____ c) _____
- 14) An "antichrist" is someone who is "against Christ". Is there only one "antichrist"?
- 15) Read verse 19. When you see someone who claimed to be a Christian turn away and reject the faith, what could be the reason? a) They lost their salvation b) They were never saved
- 16) If someone denies that Jesus is the Messiah (Christ), he is a _____.
- 17) Many believe in God (the Father), but not in Jesus. Can they have a relationship with the Father?
- 18) What promise did Jesus himself make to us?
- 19) Read verse 27 and compare it to John 14:26. Who is this "anointing"?
- 20) Memorize this verse: "**And now, little children, abide in Him, so that when He appears, we may have confidence and not _____ from Him in _____ at His coming.**"
- 21) As things are in your life now, do you feel like you will have confidence or shrink away?
- 22) Can unsaved people practice righteousness in God's sight?

I John #2

Chapter 3

- 1) What shows how great God's love is for us?
- 2) Why doesn't the world really know us?
- 3) We don't know everything about heaven, but what do we know about what we will be like?
- 4) "And everyone who has this hope fixed on Him _____ himself, just as _____ is pure."
- 5) Look at verse 4. The word translated "practice" here simply means, "to do." It means, "If you do sin, you _____ that which is lawless."
- 6) Is there any sin in Jesus? _____ Did He "do" any sin?
- 7) If you abide in Him are you sinning?
- 8) Read verses 7-10. Remember the word "practice" simply means "to do." In verse 10, does it sound like you *can sin* after you are born of God?
- 9) The new nature (self) is that part of you that is born of God. The new nature cannot sin. Look at Ephesians 4:22-24, where this is explained, and fill in the blanks: "That, in reference to your former manner of life, you lay aside the _____, which is being corrupted in accordance with the lusts of deceit, and that you be _____ in the spirit of your mind, and put on the _____, which in the _____ of _____ has been created in righteousness and holiness of the truth."
- 10) Look again at I John 3:9. The new self, created in the likeness of God, "cannot _____ because he is _____ of God."
- 11) The best way for us to show people that we are born again is to put on the _____ self and do righteousness.
- 12) I know this concept is hard to understand, but we cannot say that we don't have sin anymore, or according to I John 1:8, we will be "_____ ourselves."
- 13) Why did Cain kill his brother?
- 14) "Do not _____, brethren, if the world _____ you."
- 15) If you hate your brother, you are like a.... a) Normal person b) Murderer c) Breath of fresh air
- 16) According to verse 16, how do we know love?
- 17) If you see someone in need and ignore it, what are you missing in your heart?
- 18) "Little children, let us not love with _____ or with tongue, but in _____ and _____."
- 19) Even when our heart condemns us and we don't *feel* saved, who is greater than our heart?
- 20) In II Timothy 2:18 & 19, some believers had their faith upset and may have felt lost, but what was the "seal" (guarantee) of their salvation? (Choose one)
a) They felt saved later b) The Lord knows those who are His no matter how they feel
- 21) Look at I John 3:22. Will we receive more answers to prayer when we are seeking to please Him and following His commandments?
- 21) Who helps us to know that Jesus abides in us?

Chapter 4:1-14

- 1) Can people who seem godly and spiritual sometimes confuse us?
- 2) If someone says that Jesus was not a real person or the Son of God, can they be speaking by the Spirit of God?
- 3) "You are from God, little children, and have overcome them; because _____ is He who is _____ than he who is _____."
- 4) Why do people always seem to listen to the wrong voices?
- 5) There are two spirits. The spirit of _____ and the spirit of _____.
- 6) Where does all real love come from?
- 7) "_____ is love."
- 8) Where did real love begin? a) When we started loving God b) When God loved us and sent Jesus to pay for our sin c) When you first met your sweetheart
- 9) Why should we love one another?
- 10) What famous verse does this phrase, "If God so loved us...." remind you of?
- 11) Look at verse 12. If people can't see God, how can they see His character?
- 12) Why did the Father send the Son (Jesus)?
- 13) Some people say the Father and the Son are the same person and that there is no *trinity* (Father, Son and Holy Spirit). Would verses 13 and 14 make any sense if this were true?

I John #3

Chapter 4:15-21

- 1) Read verse 15. Do you think this refers to anyone who lies or only those who truly state their faith in Jesus?
- 2) “And we have come to know and have _____ the _____ which God has for us. God is _____, and the one who abides in love abides in God, and God abides in him.”
- 3) “...as _____ is, so also are _____ in this _____.”
- 4) Are we supposed to seek to be just like Jesus would be?
- 5) Is there fear in love? “...perfect love casts out _____.”
- 6) Why do we love Him?
- 7) If you say you love God, you are lying if.....
- 8) “And this _____ we have from Him, that the one who loves _____ should love his _____ also.” Does God just *suggest* that we love one another?

Chapter 5

- 1) What does it take to become a child of God?
- 2) Believers are children of God. Does God expect us to love His other children?
- 3) How can you actually know that you love the children of God? (list two ways)
a) _____ b) _____
- 4) Is it burdensome to follow His commandments?
- 5) Do you sometimes feel like His commandments *are* a little hard to bear?
- 6) Where do we get the strength to bear these things? (see Matthew 11:28-30)
- 7) Who is “the one who overcomes the world”?
- 8) Look at Revelation 2:11 and 3:5. Does it help you to understand these verses when you know that “the one who overcomes the world” is “the one who believes that Jesus is the Son of God”?
- 9) “There are _____ that bear witness.” What are they?
a) _____ b) _____ c) _____
- 10) Do people believe history books? Whose testimony is more trustworthy than the historians?
- 11) If you don’t believe what God has said about His Son in the Bible, what are you actually doing?
- 12) What exactly is the witness that God has given to us? (list two things from verse 11)
a) _____ b) _____
- 13) The one who believes in Christ has the witness in Himself. Who is that witness? (Read Romans 8:16 and Ephesians 1:13&14)
- 14) “He who _____ the Son has the life; he who does not have the Son of God does not have the _____.”
- 15) Who were these things written to?
- 16) Why were they written?
- 17) According to this passage, can you actually “*know*” that you “*have*” (possess right now) eternal life?
- 18) What is the only group of people who can know that they have eternal life?
- 19) **Do you *know* that you *have* eternal life?**
- 20) Read verse 14. How can we know that God hears our prayers?
- 21) If God actually hears us, does He grant our requests?
- 22) What will ensure answers to our prayers? (choose one)
a) Lighting candles b) Sacrificial giving c) Praying according to the will of God
- 23) If you are carefully praying according to God’s will, do you usually end up praying for the things you would *naturally* pray for?
- 24) Is it possible for our sin to cause God to take us home to heaven early?
- 25) Read I Corinthians 5:1-5. Does it sound like this man was committing a sin that could lead to an early death?
- 26) Look at I Corinthians 5:5. Was this man “saved”?
- 27) Does it sound like some sins are serious enough for God to take strong action in dealing with us?
- 28) Look at I John 5:18. The one “born of God is...” (choose one)
a) Every human being b) The “new self” within believers (Ephesians 4:22-24)
c) All Christians (you will never sin after you are saved - don’t forget I John 1:8)
- 29) Who has the power in this world, according to verse 19?
- 30) Does that explain a lot of things we see happening today?
- 31) “Little children, _____ yourselves from idols.” Do you have things that come before God?

II John

- 1) What did the writer call himself? (choose one)
 - a) The pastor
 - b) The preacher
 - c) The elder
 - d) The apostle
- 2) “I was very glad to find some of your children _____ in _____, just as we have received commandment to do from the Father.”
- 3) What is the commandment that we had from the beginning? “...that we _____ one another.”
- 4) “And this is _____, that we _____ (live) according to His commandments.”
- 5) When you obey God, what does it demonstrate?
- 6) Deceivers (false teachers) deny that Jesus Christ has come in the flesh. This means that they might say:
 - a) Jesus wasn’t really God.
 - b) Jesus wasn’t really a man, but a spirit (He didn’t actually die on the cross or rise from the dead)
 - c) Both of these are false teachings from the deceivers.
- 7) “Anyone who goes too far and does not abide in the teaching of Christ, does not _____; the one who abides in the teaching, he has both the Father and the Son.” (Some people we think are Christians are false believers who never really trusted in Christ!)
- 8) Look at Revelation 3:11; “I am coming quickly; hold fast what you have, in order that no one take your crown.” Is it possible to lose crowns that you have earned?
- 9) Based on Revelation 4:10, what special thing might we be able to do with the crowns that we retain when we reach heaven?
- 10) Do you want to lose any of your rewards?
- 11) Look at verse 9. If a person starts to teach false doctrine about Jesus (like saying that Jesus is not God), does that indicate that the person has the Lord as his Savior or that he is a counterfeit believer?
- 12) If you know someone teaches what is false, should you have him or her stay overnight at your house just to be friendly and to help them out?
- 13) If people come to your door teaching that Jesus was not God, would it be proper to invite them in and give them refreshments?
- 14) Would it be right to give them a blessing as they leave like, “God be with you.” or “God bless you.”?
- 15) If you help them or encourage them in any way, what does verse 11 say you are actually doing?
- 16) How many times is the word “truth” used in this book? (You may want to circle them in your Bible.)
- 17) Wouldn’t verse 12 be a nice way to end a short note of encouragement that you send to someone?
- 18) How would you word that verse if you were writing an e-mail message?

- 19) Read verse 1 again along with verse 13. Since the writer does not name the person he is writing to, and the church is “the bride (female) of Christ,” it seems like the “chosen lady” might refer to a church. If this is the case, who would her “children” be?
- 20) Who would her “chosen sister” mentioned in verse 13 be? (choose one)
 - a) Another lady she specially picked to be her friend
 - b) Another church
 - c) John’s sister
- 21) Do you have another church (besides your own) where you have some close friends?

III John

- 1) What office in the church did the writer (John) hold?
a) Pope b) Elder c) Pastor
- 2) Did John really love Gaius, or did he just say he loved him to be polite?
- 3) Was the writer only interested in Gaius' physical well being?
- 4) How did John describe the way Gaius was living in verse 3?
- 5) Take a quick glance at the entire book. Do you see a key word?
- 6) You may want to circle that word throughout the book.
- 7) Read verse 4. What was John's greatest joy?
- 8) Should Christian parents feel the same way?
- 9) Which should bring greater joy to a Christian parent? (choose one)
a) Seeing your son win the World Series
b) Seeing your son voted MVP of the Super Bowl
c) Seeing him "walking in the truth"
- 10) Which should bring greater joy? (choose one)
a) Having your daughter become a famous Christian singer
b) Having your daughter chosen first string "all state" in volleyball or some other sport
c) Having your daughter become "Teacher of the Year"
d) Seeing her "walking in the truth"
- 11) Which things do we seem to get more excited about?
- 12) Who did this church treat especially well?
- 13) "They bear witness to your love before the church; and you will do well to send them on their way in a manner _____ of _____. For they went out for the sake of the _____, accepting nothing from the Gentiles. Therefore we ought to _____ such men, that we may be _____ with the truth."
- 14) Do you think the phrase, "in a manner worthy of God," has a lot of power?
- 15) What is one way we can become "fellow workers with the truth?"
- 16) How did Diotrephes respond to an earlier letter John had written?
- 17) What did Diotrephes love?
- 18) How did Diotrephes control people?
- 19) Read Romans 14:12. After reading that verse, would you like to trade places with Diotrephes when he stands before God?
- 20) What should we not imitate?
- 21) What should we imitate?
- 22) What did people think of Demetrius?
- 23) Out of the people mentioned in this book, who should we not imitate?
- 24) Which person mentioned here should we try to imitate?
- 25) Do verses 13 & 14 sound like they would make a good ending to a letter you might write? (you might have to reword it a little for an email ;-)
- 26) Does it seem to be an important thing to learn people's names?
- 27) There was a lot to learn in this small letter, don't you think?

Jude

- 1) Jesus was Jude's half brother. (Mark 6:3 "Is not this the carpenter, the son of Mary, and brother of James, and Joses, and Judas, and Simon? Are not His sisters here with us?") Who was Jude's brother mentioned in this verse who wrote another book of the Bible?
- 2) This verse says that we believers are "called" and "_____ for Jesus Christ"
- 3) What did Jude start out to write about?
- 4) What did Jude feel he had to write about? (choose one)
 - a) Our changing faith
 - b) Be flexible in what you believe
 - c) Be ready to contend (fight) for the faith that was ONCE FOR ALL delivered to the saints
- 5) "For certain persons have _____ in _____, those who were long beforehand marked out for this condemnation, ungodly persons who turn the grace of our God into _____ (filthiness, indecency, shameful activity) and deny our only _____ and _____, Jesus Christ."
- 6) The Lord saved the people out of Egypt, but later, in the wilderness, He _____ those who didn't believe. (Only Caleb and Joshua survived to enter the Promised Land.)
- 7) Will angels be judged for rebelling against God?
- 8) Sodom and Gomorrah are used by God as an _____ of the way God punishes those who indulge in gross _____ (sexual sin) and go after _____ (homosexuality).
- 9) When Michael, the Archangel, argued with Satan, he did not _____ to bring a railing accusation against him.
- 10) What did he say to Satan?
- 11) Is Satan a very powerful being?
- 12) Sometimes preachers make fun of Satan and threaten and mock him. Do you think this is a good idea after reading this verse?
- 13) What three Old Testament people does Jude expect you to know about?
- 14) "For whom the black darkness has been reserved forever." What do you think this phrase is talking about?
- 15) Here we learn for the first time that _____ was a prophet.
- 16) Which of these things are characteristic of these false (phony) believers?
 - 1) Grumbling
 - 2) Finding fault
 - 3) Following their own desires
 - 4) Arrogant speech
 - 5) Telling people what they want to hear so they will like them
 - 6) All of the above
- 17) Who said, "In the last time there shall be mockers, following after their own ungodly lusts"?
- 18) "These are the ones who cause _____, worldly-minded, _____ (not possessing) of the _____."
- 19) If these people don't have the Spirit can they be believers? (Rom 8:9 "If anyone does not have the Spirit of Christ, he does not belong to Him.")
- 20) Do you have to rely on other people to build you up in the faith?
- 21) When you save people (lead people to Christ), Jude calls it "_____ them out of the _____."
- 22) "On some have mercy with fear". What do you think this phrase means? (choose one)
 - a) Some forces are more powerful than God
 - b) Help people, but realize that you could be tempted to fall into sin too
 - c) Some people are very dangerous and can hurt you, so be careful
 - d) b & c
- 23) What are the two important things that it says Jesus is able to do in verse 24?
 - a)
 - b)
- 24) Who is referred to as "our Savior" in this verse?
- 25) Titus 1:4 says: "Grace and peace from God the Father and Christ Jesus our Savior." Isa 45:21 says: "Is it not I, the LORD? And there is no other God besides me, a righteous God and a Savior; there is none except me." Who does Jesus have to be?
- 26) Only God can be referred to by the phrase "_____ all time!"

Revelation #1

Chapter 1

- 1) Whose Revelation is in this book?
- 2) The word, "revelation" is the Greek word "apokalupos" and means, "an uncovering." Have you ever heard the *last days* referred to as "the apocalypse?"
- 3) Who is this Revelation given to?
- 4) Read verse 1. When does He say the things He is about to share will take place?
- 5) In the next three chapters, messages are sent to seven _____.
- 6) In chapter 4, verse 1, He says, "Come up here, and I will show you what must take place _____."
- 7) Will the whole book of Revelation take place "shortly," or will the last 19 chapters take place *after* the things that happen to the churches?
- 8) Go back to Revelation 1:3. "_____ is he who _____ and those who _____ the words of the prophecy, and _____ the things which are written in it; for the time is near."
- 9) So this book can bring blessings to you in what three ways?
 - a) _____
 - b) _____
 - c) _____
- 10) Where are these seven churches located?
- 11) What three titles did John give Jesus (besides "Christ") in verse 5?
 - a) _____
 - b) _____
 - c) _____
- 13) What official office do those of us who are believers hold?
- 14) Who do you think the phrase, "even those who pierced Him," refers to? (see Zechariah 12:10)
- 15) **Alpha** and **Omega** are the first and last letters in the Greek alphabet. What do you think it means when the Lord calls Himself, "the Alpha and Omega?"
- 16) Where was John when he received this revelation?
- 17) What do you think "the Lord's day" refers to?
- 18) What did the voice that John heard sound like?
- 19) Verse 13 refers to "one like a son of man." Who do you think it is talking about?
- 20) In verse 16 it says that "out of His mouth came a sharp two edged sword." What do you think this refers to, according to Hebrews 4:12?
- 21) "Do not be afraid; I am the _____ and the _____, and the living One; and I _____, and behold, I am _____ forevermore, and I have the keys of death and of Hades."
- 22) What three different things was John told to write about in verse 19?
 - a) _____
 - b) _____
 - c) _____
- 23) Who are the seven stars mentioned in this passage?
- 24) Who are the seven lamp stands?
- 25) What do you think is the significance of churches being referred to as lamp stands?
- 26) Is your local church group acting as a good lamp stand?

Chapter 2:1-7

- 1) What are some good things the church in Ephesus had done?
- 2) What was the one thing that the Lord was not happy with?
- 3) What do you think it means to lose your first love?
- 4) What three things, mentioned in verse 5, should you be doing if you have forgotten your first love?
 - a) _____
 - b) _____
 - c) _____
- 5) Could these ideas help you in marriage too?
- 6) According to verse 7, were these things only written to the church mentioned here?
- 7) Have you forgotten your first love?
- 8) Let's apply verse 5!

Revelation #2

Chapter 2:8-29

- 1) Who has to be the Person speaking in verse 8 and why?
- 2) How can you be in poverty and be rich at the same time?
- 3) “Do not fear what you are about to _____. Behold, the devil is about to cast some of you into _____, that you may be tested, and you will have tribulation ten days. Be faithful until _____, and I will give you the crown of life.”
- 4) Does it sound like Smyrna was going to be a fun church to be a part of?
- 5) Smyrnas’s name comes from the Greek word for “myrrh.” Myrrh was a bitter gum and **costly perfume** which exudes from a certain shrub in Arabia and Ethiopia, **being obtained by incisions made in the bark**. It was used for an antiseptic for embalming. Look at the things I underlined. What could this name symbolize about our sufferings as Christians?
- 6) What do you think “the second death” in verse 11 is?
- 7) The “one who overcomes” will not be hurt by **the second death**. If that is true, who is this, “one who overcomes?” (hint-see I John 5:5)
- 8) Since Satan is called, “the god of this world,” where is his throne?
- 9) Who is Balaam? (hint see Numbers 22-24)
 - a) A local atheist
 - b) A prophet in the Old Testament who accepted money to curse Israel
 - c) A donkey trainer
- 10) “To him who overcomes, to him I will give some of the hidden _____, and I will give him a white stone, and a new _____ written on the stone which _____ but he who receives it.”
- 11) Doesn’t that sound special? Does it sound like our relationship with God can be really personal?
- 12) Was Jezebel teaching the truth?
- 13) Do you think that these verses might refer to the general false teaching in the churches, which suggests that sin isn’t really all that serious and shouldn’t be talked about?
- 14) What did they call these evil teachings in verse 24?
- 15) Look at verse 29. Are these things written only to teach a specific church or are they written to “the churches.”
- 16) Do you think that means all the churches?

Chapter 3:1-13

- 1) What does it mean when it says that those of the church of Sardis were alive but also dead? (hint-the answer may be found in verse 2 & 3 and also I Timothy 5:6)
- 2) The Lord will “come like a thief” only if we do not “_____.”
- 3) Which verse sounds like the prophecy in Isaiah 22:22?
- 4) “I know your deeds. Behold, I have put before you an open door which no one can shut, because you have a little _____, and have kept My _____, and have not _____ My name.”
- 5) Does it sound like the believers in Philadelphia were doing everything they could do for God?
- 6) Does it sound like God still appreciated their efforts?
- 7) Were the Jews who rejected the Messiah truly Jews from then on?
- 8) The letters to the churches are written to all of us. What do you think “the hour of testing, that hour which is about to come upon the whole world,” might mean?
- 9) Can you lose crowns?
- 10) What three things will be written on the one “who overcomes”?
 - a)
 - b)
 - c)
- 11) Who will apparently have a new name?
- 12) Isn’t that an interesting thing to learn?
- 13) Having read about Philadelphia, do you think that our churches are like that church in some ways?

Revelation #3

Chapter 3:14-22

- 1) What are three other names for Jesus found in verse 14?
 - a)
 - b)
 - c)
- 2) "I know your deeds, that you are neither _____ nor _____; I would that you were cold or hot. So because you are _____, and neither hot nor cold, I will spit you out of My mouth."
- 3) What do you think those two verses mean?
- 4) Do those two verses make you feel a little uncomfortable about your commitment to serve the Lord?
- 5) Who does verse 17 sound like? Who lives in the richest country in the world?
- 6) Are we really as rich as we think we are?
- 7) Who does the Lord reprove and discipline?
- 8) Look at verses 15-19. This is the context (background) for verse 20. Is he speaking to Christians or unsaved people in verse 20?
- 9) Do even believers often leave the Lord outside, knocking at the door of their hearts?
- 10) What are two things mentioned in verse 20, that we are to do in order to bring us into fellowship with God?
 - a)
 - b)
- 11) What is given to the "one who overcomes" in verse 21?

Chapter 4

- 1) Does it sound like the things that we are now going to be told about, take place at the same time as the things that we have heard about in chapters 1-3?
- 2) What are some of the things that were, "around the throne"?
- 3) What are some of the things, "before the throne"?
- 4) The four creatures that were before the throne may correspond to the themes of the four Gospels. Please try to match them:

#1 "Like a lion"	Mark (Jesus as a servant)
#2 "Like a calf"	Luke (Jesus as a Man)
#3 "Like a man"	Matthew (Jesus as the king)
#4 "Like an eagle"	John (Jesus as the Son of God)
- 5) The creatures are described as "living creatures". What word jumps out at you as you read the description of "the word of God" in I Peter 1:23?
- 6) What things do these creatures do in verses 8 & 9 that are the same as what the four gospels do?
- 7) We are told in Scripture, that we will earn "crowns" for our service to God in this life. (e.g. II Timothy 4:8, James 1:12 and I Peter 5:4) What did the 24 elders do with their crowns?
- 8) Do you think that we will have the opportunity to present our crowns to Jesus one day?
- 9) If so, will you have anything to cast before His throne?
- 10) Wouldn't that be awesome?
- 11) "Worthy art Thou, our Lord and our _____, to receive glory and honor and power; for Thou didst create all things, and _____ of _____ they existed, and were created."
- 12) If you read Colossians 1:16 and Revelation 4:11, who does the one on the throne have to be?
- 13) Is the person on the throne called "God"? Is Jesus "God"?
- 14) Don't let people try to tell you that Jesus is a "little god" or "just the son of God". According to Deuteronomy 32:39, is there any God besides the Lord?

Revelation #4

Chapter 5

- 1) What did the one who is sitting on the throne have in His right hand?
- 2) Who was THE ONLY one found worthy to open the book?
- 3) "And I saw between the throne (with the four living creatures) and the elders, a _____ standing as if _____, having seven horns and seven eyes, which are the seven spirits sent out into all the earth".
- 4) Compare Revelation 5:5 to Isaiah 11:1. Who is the lion from the tribe of Judah coming from the root of David (Jessie was David's father)?
- 5) Now compare Isaiah 11:2 with Rev. 5:6. List the seven spirits found in Isaiah 11:2 that will rest on the Messiah (the branch coming from the root of David, Jessie)
 - 1) _____
 - 2) _____
 - 3) _____
 - 4) _____
 - 5) _____
 - 6) _____
 - 7) _____
- 6) What do the bowls of incense represent?
- 7) "And they sang a _____, saying, 'Worthy art Thou to take that book and to break it's seals; for Thou wast slain, and didst _____ for God with Thy _____'"
- 8) Are any of the races of the earth left out of God's plan of salvation?
- 9) Who are priests today, according to this passage?
 - a) Pastors
 - b) People with training
 - c) All believers
- 10) This question is for those of you who like math. "Myriad" means, "ten thousand". If one thousand thousands equals one million, what is a myriad of myriads equal too?
- 10) What is "the Lamb" worthy to receive?
- 11) Do we give the Lord the honor that he deserves?
- 12) In the end, "every _____ thing" will give praise to the Lamb.

Chapter 6

- 1) What did the rider on the white horse have?
- 2) What did he do?
- 3) What did the rider on the red horse have?
- 4) What did he do?
- 5) The rider on the black horse had a "_____ of _____" in his hand.
- 6) A "denarius" was equal to one day's wage. In light of that, what do you think the rider of the black horse did?
- 7) The rider of the fourth (ashen) horse had what name?
- 8) How many people were killed by them (the four horsemen)?
- 9) He sees souls under the altar. Why had these people been killed? (two reasons)
 - a) _____
 - b) _____
- 10) What did they cry out for?
- 11) What was the first thing that happened when the sixth seal was opened?
- 12) Look at verse 13. In the language of the first century, how might you describe meteors, satellites or missiles hitting the earth?
- 13) Read the description of what is happening in verse 14. This was written about damage to what feature that surrounds the earth, before scientist had discovered it?
 - a) Clouds
 - b) The atmosphere
 - c) A giant ball with little holes (the stars)
- 14) Where will people hide at this time?
- 15) What is it that they are hiding from?
- 14) What is this *day* called?
- 15) Does this sound like the same *day* described in Isaiah 13:6-13?
- 16) Is our God, the little, white haired "Man upstairs", or is He someone to be feared and respected?

Revelation #5

Chapter 7

- 1) Today we have four winds that we refer to in everyday language: north, south, east and west. If none of these winds blow, what do you think the air quality will be?
- 2) "Do not harm the earth or the sea or the trees, until we have _____ the bond-servants of our God on their _____."
- 3) How many people are sealed?
- 4) What race do all of these people who are sealed belong to?
- 5) Does it make sense that the cult called, "Jehovah's Witnesses", claims that many of their leaders are part of the 144,000, when they are not even Jewish?
- 6) According to verse 9, how many different ethnic groups are represented among those who are before the throne?
- 7) Who are these people, according to verses 13 & 14?
- 8) Why are they given this special place before the throne?
- 9) Where are they allowed to serve?
- 10) "They shall _____ no more, neither _____ anymore: neither shall the sun beat down on them, nor any heat: for the Lamb in the center of the throne shall be their _____, and shall guide them to the springs of the _____ of _____;"
- 11) Who will personally wipe away their tears?

Chapter 8

- 1) Read verse 1. Based on this verse, why do some people say there are no women in heaven? (-:
- 2) Seriously, with all of the praise and worship that goes on in heaven, and since there is no night there, do you think a half hour of complete silence will be rare?
- 3) After the seven seals come the seven _____ used by seven angels.
- 4) The burning of incense is often compared to prayer. Why do you think this is?
- 5) What did the first trumpet produce?
- 6) What things are destroyed with the second trumpet?
- 7) What is the name of the star (or meteor) that falls to the earth in verses 10 and 11?
- 8) What does it cause?
- 9) Read verse 12. Now that we know that the earth is round, and that it is daytime and night somewhere in the world all the time, how much of the surface of the earth has to be obscured to fulfill this prophecy?
- 10) How many "woes" are mentioned in verse 13?

Chapter 9:1-12

- 1) Is the "star" mentioned in verse 1, an actual heavenly body or is it obviously a person?
- 2) "The key to the bottomless pit was given to _____ and _____ opened the bottomless pit; and smoke went up out of the pit, like the smoke of a great furnace; and the sun and the air were darkened by the smoke of the pit."
- 3) Knowing what we do about gravity and the spherical shape of the earth, is it possible to have a bottomless pit? (consider- if you drilled a hole all the way through the earth, from here to China, and a person fell in from here, and another person fell in from China, how far would they fall?
- 4) Would they ever fall up (come out the other side)?
- 5) What does come out of the pit?
- 6) How many people are safe from the scorpions mentioned here? (hint-see Revelation 7:3 & 4)
- 7) How long does this tormenting locust plague last?
- 8) How will people feel, according to verse 6?
- 9) The "king" of the locusts is.....
 - a) "The angel of the _____" (same word translated as "bottomless pit" in this passage)
 - b) "His name in Hebrew is _____," which means, "destruction"
 - c) "In the Greek he has the name _____," which means, "destroyer"
- 10) This plague is called "the first _____."
- 11) How many "woes" are left to come?

Revelation #6

Chapter 9:13-21

- 1) What were the four angels who were bound in the river Euphrates prepared for?
- 2) How many horsemen were with these four angels?
- 3) Many commentators think that this may be an army from China. Does it sound like an army of common people on regular horses?
- 4) What three plagues mentioned in verse 18, will kill a third of mankind?
 - a)
 - b)
 - c)
- 5) How do those who survive these disasters respond? (choose one)
 - a) They repent
 - b) They don't respond to God's discipline
 - c) They stop worshipping demons and idols
- 6) Do we always respond to God's discipline in our lives?

Chapter 10

- 1) "I saw another strong angel coming down out of heaven, clothed with a _____: and the _____ was upon his head, and his face was like the _____, and his feet like pillars of _____."
- 2) What was in this angel's hand?
- 3) Why didn't John write down what the peals of thunder said?
- 4) Where did John get *the book* he mentions?
- 5) What did he do with it?
- 6) How did that make him feel?
- 7) Look at Ezekiel 3:1-3, 10&14. The word contains a lot of information about God's salvation and God's judgment. What part do you think reminds you of the sweetness of honey?
- 8) What part do you think brings a bitter feeling?
- 9) Did John still have more things to prophesy about?

Chapter 11

- 1) What was John told to measure?
- 2) The temple of Jerusalem was destroyed in 70AD. Where will this new temple be? (hint-see Isaiah 52:1 and notice the reference to the "holy city")
- 3) Has this temple been built yet?
- 4) How long will the nations (perhaps the United Nations) be in Jerusalem at that time?
- 5) What three religious groups claim Jerusalem as a holy city today?
- 6) Which one of these groups will be gone before the tribulation begins? (I Thessalonians 4:13-18)
- 7) In speaking of the two witnesses, the Lord says, "These are the two _____ and the two _____ that stand before the Lord of the earth."
- 8) Were these things ever mentioned in prophecy before? (see Zechariah 4:2-14)
- 9) In Zechariah 2:14, it calls them, "the two _____ ones, who are standing before the Lord of the whole earth."
- 10) Will people like these two witnesses? Why not?
- 11) What happens when they are finished with their testimony?
- 12) "Their dead _____ will lie in the street of the great city which mystically is called Sodom and Egypt, _____ also their _____ was _____. And those from the peoples and tribes and tongues and nations will _____ their dead bodies for three and a half days."
- 13) Did you see the bodies of Saddam Hussein's sons on TV for several days after they were killed?
- 14) Did the whole world see them?
- 15) How about the Twin Towers being destroyed on 9/11? Did you watch any of it live?
- 16) Was the technology available at any time before the last few decades for the whole world to see things at the same time?
- 17) People will be so happy when the two witnesses are killed, that they will exchange _____!
- 18) What happens to the witnesses after 3&1/2 days? How do the people respond?
- 19) "The _____ is past; behold, the third woe is coming _____."
- 20) "Thy wrath came, and the time came for the dead to be _____, and the time to give their _____ to Thy bond-servants the prophets and to the saints and to those who fear Thy name."
- 21) Does verse 19 sound pretty awesome and powerful?

Revelation #7

Chapter 12

- 1) Who is the dragon in verse 3, according to verse 9?
- 2) Considering that many angels followed Satan, and he is one of three angels named in scripture, what do you think it means when it says, "His tail drew a third of the stars after him."?
- 3) If the child is supposed to rule over all of the nations of the earth, who is he?
- 4) How did Satan (the dragon) try to destroy the son?
- 5) How long does the woman hide in the wilderness?
- 6) "The woman", mentioned in Revelation 17:18 is a city. Could the **woman** here be a nation?
- 7) "There was war in heaven, Michael and his angels waging war with the dragon. And the _____ and his _____ waged war, and they were not strong enough, and there was no longer a _____ found for them _____. And the great dragon was thrown down, the serpent of old who is called the devil and Satan, who deceives the whole world; he was thrown down to the earth, and _____ were thrown down with him."
- 8) Who is the, "accuser"?
- 9) When we accuse one another of things, whose work are we doing?
- 10) Does Satan just accuse Christians every once and a while?
- 11) After 3&1/2 years (1260 days), Satan is cast down to the earth. Does he have much time, according to verse 12?
- 12) Do you think he is in a good mood at this point?
- 13) If **the woman** is a nation, which nation is the dragon (Satan) going to persecute when he is thrown out of the heavens?
- 14) Satan tries to destroy the **woman**. Does he succeed?
- 15) When he can't destroy the **woman** (nation), he goes after her other offspring. If this **woman** is the nation of Israel, who are these other offspring that Satan goes after? a) Gypsies b) Jews elsewhere
- 16) Does it sound like the Jews of the world have turned to Christ as their Messiah at this time?
- 17) Are they going to be persecuted again?

Chapter 13:1-15

- 1) The description of the beast mentioned in verse 1, is different from the dragon mentioned in Chapter 12:3 in what way?
- 2) Who gave him his power?
- 3) "I saw one of his heads as if it had been slain, and his _____ wound was _____. And the whole earth was amazed and followed after the beast;"
- 4) Does a **fatal** wound normally heal?
- 5) What has Satan copied here? a) The virgin birth b) The resurrection c) The creation
- 6) Who do people begin to worship?
- 7) How long is the beast given to act?
- 8) If the beast has authority for 42 months, how many years does this add up to?
- 9) "He opened his mouth in blasphemies against _____, to blaspheme His _____ and His tabernacle, that is, those who dwell in heaven. And it was given to him to make war with the _____ and to _____ them;"
- 10) Who are the only people who will not worship the beast?
- 11) Verses 11 & 12 mention another beast. What does this beast try to get everyone to do?
- 12) How does this second beast deceive people?
- 13) "Telling those who dwell on the earth to make an _____ to the beast who had the wound of the sword and has _____ to _____."
- 14) What does he do with the image?
- 15) What is Satan trying to duplicate now? (choose one)
a) The virgin birth b) The resurrection c) The creation power of God
- 16) By assembling these three: the beast, who is like a dragon, the beast, who was slain, and the image of the beast, what do you think Satan is trying to duplicate? a) The virgin birth b) The Trinity c) The four horsemen
- 16) When you create a counterfeit to fool people, do you make it similar to the original, or different?
- 17) What happens if a person doesn't worship the image of the beast?

Revelation #8

Chapter 13:15-18

- 1) What happened if you refused to worship the living image of the beast?
- 2) Will rich Americans be able to avoid taking *the mark*?
- 3) What are the only two places on your body where you can have *the mark*?
- 4) *The mark* can be two things. What are they?
 - a)
 - b)
- 5) What two things are you not allowed to do without *the mark*?
 - a)
 - b)
- 6) What is the famous number associated with the beast?
- 7) Do you think it will be easy to resist taking the mark?
- 8) Could a worldwide identification system have been put into practice at anytime before the present computer age?
- 9) Do we have the technology to do it now?
- 10) If everyone could be identified with a mark, could it help control terrorism, drug trafficking and illegal immigration?
- 11) Do you think most people will be happy to take *the mark*?
- 12) Will people see *the mark* as good or bad?
- 13) Do you think that most people will see those who refuse to take *the mark* as good or bad?

Chapter 14

- 1) The 144,000 who were standing with the Lamb, have something different on their forehead. What is it?
- 2) As you read verse two, does it sound like John really knows how to describe the voice that he heard?
- 3) The 144,000 sing a new song. Does everyone learn this new song?
- 4) What are some of the characteristics of the 144,000? (list them)
 - a)
 - b)
 - c)
 - d)
- 5) Are people warned here not to take *the mark*?
- 6) Read verses 9-11. Does it sound like anyone who takes *the mark* can ever be saved?
- 7) Read verses 12 & 13. Does it sound like any real believers will ever take *the mark*?
- 8) Does the *being* mentioned in verses 14-16 sound like the basis for the *Grim Reaper* described in popular literature?
- 9) Most of the people who John wrote to lived in an agricultural society. What illustration did the Lord use to explain His coming judgment in verses 18-20?

Chapter 15

- 1) "I saw another sign in heaven, great and marvelous, _____ angels who had seven _____, which are the last, because in them the wrath of God is _____."
- 2) Will the beast be victorious?
- 3) Moses shares at least two songs in the first five books of the Bible. (see Exodus 15:1-18 and Deuteronomy 31:30-32:43) At this time, they will sing the song of Moses and what other song?
- 4) This appears to be the song of the Lamb:
"Great and marvelous are Thy works,, O Lord God, the _____; _____
and true are Thy ways, Thou king of the nations. Who will not _____, O Lord and Glorify Thy Name? For Thou _____ art holy; for all the nations will come and worship before Thee for thy righteous acts have been _____!"
- 5) That's a pretty cool song, isn't it?
- 6) Where do the seven angels with the seven plagues come from?
- 7) What does one of the living creatures give to the seven angels?
- 8) Finish this sentence: No one is allowed to enter the temple of God in heaven until....

Revelation #9

Chapter 16

- 1) "I heard a loud voice from the temple, saying to the _____ 'Go and pour out the _____ of the _____ of God into the earth.'"
- 2) Who will have *loathsome and malignant* sores on their bodies after the first bowl is poured out?
- 3) How many creatures will survive in the sea, when the second bowl is poured out on it?
- 4) According to the next few verses, why will God give people blood to drink?
- 5) "And the fourth angel poured out his bowl upon the _____: and it was given to it to _____ men with fire. And men were scorched with _____."
- 6) What will people's response to this be?
- 7) We are being told about the danger from *global warming*. Do you think it would be difficult for God to increase solar heat? (remember, the bowl is poured out on the sun)
- 8) In the lands ruled by the beast, what will come along with the great heat?
- 9) "They _____ the God of heaven because of their pains and their sores: and they did not _____ of their deeds."
- 10) To "repent" means "to change your mind." Did these people *change their minds* about the sinful deeds they were doing?
- 11) What does the fifth bowl do?
- 12) The sixth bowl affects the river Euphrates. This river is found in what country today? (choose one)
 - a) Bolivia, South America
 - b) Modern day Iraq
 - c) Greenland
- 13) What do the three demons gather people from all over the world for?
- 14) According to verse 15, will people be expecting the Lord when He comes for the third time?
- 15) "They gathered them together to the place which in Hebrew is called, _____!"
- 16) What destroys most of the cities when the last bowl is poured out?
- 17) Is this earthquake like any we have ever seen in history?
- 18) Would you be safe on an island? _____ How about a tall mountain?
- 19) How much do some of the hail stones mentioned here weigh?
- 20) Do you think people will be sorry about getting hit with these? _____ Do they repent?
- 21) Can you *be sorry* without *changing your mind*?

Chapter 17

- 1) What did the Great Harlot (prostitute) use to make the people of the world drunk?
- 2) Is Satan using immorality (sin) to intoxicate people today?
- 3) "The *great harlot* has a name on her forehead. It is _____ THE GREAT, THE MOTHER OF HARLOTS AND OF THE ABOMINATIONS OF THE EARTH."
- 4) In verse 5 this is called "a _____," which may explain why it is hard to be sure of what city it is.
- 5) This *city* or *woman* is drunk with what?
- 6) According to verse 7, does John seem to know who this *harlot* is?
- 7) Rome is sometimes called, "the city on seven hills." Which verse indicates that this might be a hint about who the *great harlot* is?
- 8) Who gave the official authority to kill Jesus and many of the disciples? The Romans The Jews
- 9) Verses 9 & 12 seem to indicate the city is the capital of a united group of _____ nations. (Many think this will be a UNITED STATES OF EUROPE, resembling the ancient Roman Empire.)
- 10) What group, which has come into existence only in the last few years, resembles this? (choose one)
 - a) The United States of America
 - b) The European Union
 - c) The United Arab Emirates
- 11) Who will this group fight against?
- 12) Will these 10 nations continue to get along with the *great harlot*?
- 13) Do these kingdoms want to do God's will? _____ Will they end up doing His will anyway?
- 14) Read verse 18. Which city was the great city that ruled over the kings of the earth when this prophecy was written by John?
- 15) Is it hard to understand these things and to be sure about their meanings?
- 16) Let's ask the Lord to teach us through His Holy Spirit.

Revelation #10

Chapter 18

- 1) "And he cried out with a mighty voice, saying, "Fallen, fallen is _____ the great! And she has become a dwelling place of _____ and a prison of every unclean spirit, and a prison of every unclean and hateful bird. 3 "For all the nations have drunk of the wine of the passion of her _____, and the kings of the earth have committed acts of immorality with her, and the merchants of the earth have become rich by the _____ of her _____."
- 2) Read Revelation 11:8. Do the Scriptures sometimes use alternate (symbolic) names to represent cities?
- 3) Babylon was located in the area which is now known as Iraq (in the Middle East). Where is the attention of the world focused on today?
- 4) What did the "nations" get intoxicated with?
- 5) The word "immorality" is translated from the Greek word "pornea." What does this remind you of?
- 6) Is immorality intoxicating our country today?
- 7) According to verse 4, when you participate in sin, what might you receive?
- 8) Does this happen very often to people who are involved with sexual sins?
- 9) "For her sins have piled up as high as _____, and God has _____ her iniquities."
- 10) Do verses 9-11 remind you of the things that happened in New York on 9/11?
- 11) "For in _____ such great wealth has been _____! And every shipmaster and every passenger and sailor, and as many as make their living by the sea, stood at a distance,"
- 12) Does this destruction take a long time?
- 13) When you look at verses 21-23, does it sound like this city will ever be rebuilt?
- 14) Read verse 24 and then read Luke 13:33&34. Where is it saying the prophets were killed?
- 15) Could Babylon be a symbolic name for Jerusalem?

Chapter 19

- 1) What 3 things belong to our God? a) _____ b) _____ c) _____
- 2) "And the _____-_____ elders and the four living creatures fell down and worshiped God who sits on the throne saying, 'Amen. Hallelujah!'"
- 3) Who might the 24 elders represent?
 - a) 24 of the most powerful world leaders.
 - b) 12 Elders representing the 12 tribes of Israel and 12 Elders representing the 12 apostles of the church.
 - c) The UN
- 4) In verse 6, does it seem like John had a hard time figuring out how to describe the voices he was hearing?
- 5) "Let us rejoice and be glad and give the glory to Him, for the _____ of the _____ has come and His _____ has made herself ready."
- 6) What becomes the fine linen that the bride is clothed with?
- 7) People are blessed by being invited to what?
- 8) Does the person John is talking about here accept worship?
- 9) Who does he say worship belongs to?
- 10) Look at Matthew 2:11. Why would the Magi worship Jesus if only God should be worshiped?
- 11) What are some of the names for the person on the white horse in verse 11-13?
- 12) Why don't we know one of His names?
- 13) Who is He? (hint-see John 1:1&14)
- 14) What name is written on His robe and on His thigh?
- 15) Does the great supper of God sound like a fun place to be?
- 16) Who eats the great supper of God?
- 17) Who is making war on the One on the white horse?
- 18) "And the _____ was seized, and with him the _____ who performed the signs in his presence, by which he deceived those who had received the mark of the beast and those who worshiped his image; these two were thrown _____ into the _____ of _____ which burns with brimstone."
- 19) Does it sound like the beast and the false prophet have a chance?
- 20) Would you rather be at the "marriage supper of the Lamb" or at the "great supper of God?"

Revelation #11

Chapter 20

- 1) Give three other names for the devil that are mentioned here:
 - a)
 - b)
 - c)
- 2) How long will Satan be bound in the bottomless pit?
- 3) He will get out after 1,000 years. How long will he be out?
- 4) During this time period, what happens to those who share the Word of God and His testimony?
- 5) Who will reign with Christ for 1,000 years?
- 6) "The rest of the dead did not come to life until the _____ were completed. This is the _____ resurrection. Blessed and holy is the one who has a part in the first resurrection; over these the _____ has no power, but they will be _____ of God and of Christ and will reign with Him for a thousand years."
- 7) What will Satan do after he is released?
- 8) Are people able to see through Satan's efforts at this time?
- 9) Which are the main nations that follow Satan?
- 10) What does the term "beloved city" refer to? a) Philadelphia b) Jerusalem c) New York City
- 11) Do the saints have to fight?
- 12) Reading verse 10, do you think the devil, the Beast and the False Prophet are the same person?
- 13) What happens to the devil?
- 14) How long will Satan (the devil), the beast and the False Prophet be tormented?
- 15) "And I saw a _____ and Him who sat upon it, from whose presence earth and heaven fled away, and no place was found for them."
- 16) Read verses 12-15. At the Great White Throne people are judged according to their _____ to see how severely they will be punished in the Lake of Fire. According to verse 15, what determines whether or not a person actually goes to the Lake of Fire?
- 17) "And death and Hades were thrown into the lake of fire. This is the _____, the lake of fire."
- 18) Look at verse 6. If you are in the first resurrection, do you have to worry about the second death?
- 19) II Corinthians 5:10 says that "believers" will be judge at "the _____ of Christ."
- 20) I think that "the Great White Throne Judgment" and "the Judgment Seat of Christ", are two different judgments, one for unbelievers and one for believers. What do you think?

Chapter 21:1-8

- 1) What are the huge changes that take place in verse one?
- 2) Where does the New Jerusalem come from?
- 3) According to verse 3, will God seem distant to the people living in the New Jerusalem?
- 4) What are the "first things" that will pass away?
 - a)
 - b)
 - c)
 - d)
 - e)
- 5) "And He who sits on the throne said, 'Behold, I am making _____.' And He said, 'Write, for these words are faithful and true.'"
- 5) What does it cost to drink from the "Spring of the Water of Life"?
- 6) What 3 things will happen to the "one who overcomes?"
 - a)
 - b)
 - c)
- 7) Who is the one who "overcomes," according to I John 5:5?
- 8) "But for the cowardly and _____ and abominable and murderers and immoral persons and sorcerers and idolaters and all liars, their part will be in the lake that burns with fire and brimstone, which is the _____."

Revelation #12

Chapter 21:9-27

- 1) "And one of the seven angels who had the seven bowls full of the seven _____ plagues, came and spoke with me, saying, "Come here, I shall show you the _____, the wife of the _____."
- 2) After the angel says he will show John the bride, what or who does he show him?
- 3) What is written on the 12 gates of the New Jerusalem?
- 4) What is written on the 12 foundation stones?
- 5) "And the city is laid out as a _____, and its length is as great as the width; and he measured the city with the rod, fifteen hundred miles; its length and width and _____ are equal."
- 6) How long is the city? How wide is it? How tall is it?
- 7) 1500 miles X 1500 miles X 1500 miles = 3 billion, 375 million cubic miles. Does that sound like a large city with enough room for all believers?
- 8) What is different about the gold that the city is made with?
- 9) People have taken the phrase "the pearly gates of heaven" from which verse here?
- 10) Is Peter found anywhere around these "pearly gates" in this passage?
- 11) Is there a temple in the New Jerusalem? Why not?
- 12) What is the light source for the New Jerusalem?
- 13) When will the gates of the New Jerusalem be closed?
- 14) Who are the only ones allowed into the New Jerusalem?
- 15) What is not allowed there? Who is not allowed there?
- 16) Does it sound like anyone can enter the New Jerusalem without being perfect?
- 17) Read II Corinthians 5:21. How can we believers be allowed into the New Jerusalem?
- 18) Does the New Jerusalem sound like a place more special than Disney World?
- 19) Are you looking forward to being there?

Chapter 22

- 1) What is coming from the throne of God and the Lamb?
- 2) What is this river called? What tree is found growing along this pure river?
- 3) Where else was this "tree of life" found? (hint-see Genesis 2:9)
- 4) What is different about this tree?
- 5) What do we know about this tree from Genesis 3:22-24?
- 6) "And there shall no longer be any _____;"
- 7) Where did this "curse" come from? (hint-see Genesis 3:17-19)
- 8) Do you see that the Lord is solving all of the problems created in the first book of the Bible (Genesis) in the last book of the Bible (Revelation)?
- 9) What is so special about verse 4? (hint see John 1:18)
- 10) What will people do at night in the New Jerusalem?
- 11) According to verse 6, is this just an interesting story which is really not true but teaches some important lessons?
- 12) "And behold, I am coming _____. Blessed is he who _____ the words of the prophecy of this book."
- 13) Does it seem like Jesus has come back quickly?
- 14) Read II Peter 3:8&9. Did God know that we would feel like He was taking too long?
- 15) When were you saved? Are you glad that God waited until you were born and saved?
- 16) According to II Peter 3:9, why has God taken as long as He has?
- 17) Does the angel allow John to worship him? Who does he tell John to worship?
- 18) Are the prophecies of the Revelation sealed up so that no one can understand them?
- 19) The one who is righteous is the believer. What is he told to do in verse 11?
- 20) Are you rewarded for "what you plan to do" or "what you want to do" or "what you actually do?"
- 21) Read verse 14, who are these people according to Revelation 21:27?
- 22) What tree are they given access to?
- 23) What does it cost you to receive the "water of life"?
- 24) Would you ever feel safe adding anything to or taking anything away from the Scriptures?
- 25) "He who testifies to these things says, 'Yes, I am coming quickly.' Amen. _____, Lord Jesus."
- 25) Did you learn much from doing the book of Revelation?
- 26) If you went all the way through the New Testament, congratulations! What a huge accomplishment!

Proverbs #1

Chapter 1

- 1) Who wrote the book of Proverbs?
- 2) What will the Proverbs give to young people?
- 3) "The _____ of the _____ is the beginning of knowledge; fools _____ wisdom and instruction."
- 4) Who are two good sources of wisdom?
- 5) "My son, if sinners _____, do not consent."
- 6) Are you sometimes enticed to do things that you know are wrong?
- 7) "My son, do not _____ in the _____ with them. Keep your feet from their _____,"
- 8) Should you hang around with people who are a bad influence on you?
- 9) Is wisdom hard to find?
- 10) Can we always expect God to bail us out when we reject His clear instructions and get in trouble?
- 11) "But he who _____ to me shall live _____, and shall be at ease from the _____ of evil."

Chapter 2

- 1) What kind of things do people do to find hidden treasure or silver?
- 2) Is wisdom worth searching for?
- 3) Where are some places you think you can find wisdom?
- 4) "He stores up sound wisdom for the _____; He is a shield to those who walk in _____ . Guarding the paths of justice, and _____ preserves the way of His godly ones."
- 5) What are two things that wisdom will deliver you from?
 - a)
 - b)

THE STRANGE WOMAN (Any woman who would be a willing participant in sexual immorality)

- 6) What do you think this refers to? "She leaves the companion of her youth, and forgets the covenant of her God"?
- 7) Do you think men can get involved with the strange woman and not be affected?
- 8) Where should we walk?

Chapter 3

- 1) What do you think the phrase, "Write them on the tablet of your heart" means?
- 2) "So you will find favor and good repute in the sight of _____ and _____."
- 3) Are you supposed to do what you think is best according to verse 5?
- 4) "In---(choose one) 1) some of your ways, 2) most of the things you do, 3) almost everything, 4) all your ways ----acknowledge Him and He will make your paths straight."
- 5) Can it make you more physically healthy to fear the Lord and turn away from evil?
- 6) What is one important way God shows His love for us?
- 7) What's better to get than jewels gold or silver?
- 8) Where should your confidence be placed?
- 9) "Do not _____ good from those to whom it is due, when it is in your _____ to do it."
- 10) If you see a need that you can satisfy, what should you do?
- 11) Should you put it off when someone asks you to help?
- 12) "The wise will inherit _____, but fools display _____."

Proverbs #2

Chapter 4

- 1) Who taught Solomon when he was young?
- 2) When he says, "Do not forsake her, and she will guard you; love her, and she will watch over you," what is Solomon talking about?
- 3) In verse 15 God gives us four things to do when we encounter sinful things or temptations. What are they?
 - a)
 - b)
 - c)
 - d)
- 4) "The path of the _____ is like the light of dawn, that shines _____ and _____ until the full day."
- 5) Are we supposed to shine brighter and brighter as we grow as Christians?
- 6) "For they are life to those who find them, and health to all their whole body." List some ways that wisdom can make you healthier?

- 7) "Watch over your _____ with all diligence, for _____ flow the springs of life."
- 8) According to verse 25, are Christians supposed to be focused?
- 9) "Do not turn to the _____ nor to the _____; turn your foot from _____." Should you ever let anything in the world get in your way of serving God?

Chapter 5

- 1) "For the lips of an adulteress drip _____, and _____ than oil is her speech;"
- 2) Are sinful (dangerous) women sometimes sweet and very nice to talk too?
- 3) "Keep your way far from her, and do not go near the door of her house." What do you think this means?
- 4) Could verse 11 be speaking about the dangers of AIDS and venereal disease?
- 5) When you are married, where are you supposed to look for love and satisfaction? (choose one)
 - a) from movies
 - b) from friends
 - c) from your wife (or husband)
 - d) from pornography
- 6) "For the _____ of a man are before the eyes of the _____, and He _____ all his paths."
- 7) What do you think the phrase, "He will be held by the cords of his sin" means?

- 8) If you get involved sexually with someone you are not married to what are some things that could happen to you that would effect you for a long time?

Chapter 6

- 1) To become surety or give a pledge for someone is to co-sign on a loan or pay someone else's down payment on their loan. Does Solomon think that's a good idea?
- 2) What does the ant teach us?
- 3) Does God like laziness?
- 4) What are the seven things that God hates?
 - a)
 - b)
 - c)
 - d)
 - e)
 - f)
 - g)
- 5) How can God's word protect you? a) It's magic b) If you obey it, it gives you safety
- 6) Can you commit adultery (have sex with someone else's wife or husband) without it hurting you too?
- 7) Can you ever make it up to someone if you help destroy their marriage?

Proverbs #3

Chapter 7

- 1) What do you think these first 4 verses are trying to say?
- 2) Is casual sex something new?
- 3) According to vs. 14, do adulterous people sometimes act religious and talk about God?
- 4) Who is the man who is not home and has gone on a long journey?
- 5) "With her many persuasions she _____ him; with her flattering lips she _____ him."
- 6) What could this phrase mean? "He does not know that it will cost him his life!" (choose one)
 - a) Adultery used to be punishable by death.
 - b) There is a good chance you could get a deadly sexually transmitted disease.
 - c) Sexual sins often destroy people's family life.
 - d) All of the above.
- 7) "Do not let your _____ turn aside to her ways, do not _____ into her paths."

Chapter 8

- 1) Is wisdom hard to find?
- 2) According to vs. 7, wisdom doesn't tell you what you want to hear, but it does tell you the _____!
- 3) God's instructions are: a) confusing b) straightforward c) mixed up
- 4) Choose the most important item: a) gold b) wisdom c) jewels d) silver
- 5) Do we really treat wisdom like it's more important than riches?
- 6) "The fear of the LORD is to _____ evil"
- 7) If you diligently seek wisdom, what will happen?
- 8) What 2 things come with wisdom (vs. 20)?
 - a)
 - b)
- 9) Who could vs. 30 be talking about who is the essence of wisdom? (see John 1:1 for a hint)
- 10) "Blessed is the man who _____ to me, watching _____ at my gates, waiting at my doorposts."
- 11) Where can you get some wisdom everyday?

Chapter 9

- 1) If someone is a scoffer (always making fun of God) is it a good idea to try to correct him?
- 2) Match up the phrases:

Do not reprove a scoffer (person who mocks God's word)....	and he will increase his learning
Reprove a wise man....	lest he hate you
He who reproves a wicked man....	and he will love you.
Give instruction to a wise man....	gets dishonor for himself,
Teach a righteous man....	gets insults for himself.
He who corrects a scoffer....	and he will be still wiser
- 3) Can you control what the people around you at work and school do or say?
- 4) "The fear of the LORD is the beginning of wisdom, and the knowledge of the _____ is understanding."
- 5) What do you think "knowledge of the Holy One" is? (see John 6:68 & 69)
- 6) Will people try to convince you to get involved with sex outside of marriage?
- 7) Do people sometimes enjoy the excitement of secret sins?
- 8) Do people usually shoplift because they need something and can't afford it, or because it's exciting?
- 9) Do you have some secret sins that you need to talk to the Lord about?

Proverbs #4

Chapter 10

- 1) Does the way in which you work effect your success financially?
- 2) "He who walks in _____ walks _____, but he who perverts his ways will be found out."
- 3) Do you have to hide things when you are doing what is right?
- 4) "He is on the path of life who _____ instruction, but he who forsakes reproof goes astray."
- 5) If you talk a lot, will you be more likely to say something wrong?
- 6) Is it a good idea not to talk too much?
- 7) When God gives you a blessing, does it come with a lot of sorrow?
- 8) "What the wicked fears will come upon him, and the _____ of the righteous _____ granted."
- 9) Should we say things that are acceptable or perverted?

Chapter 11

- 1) Does God care about fairness?
- 2) What does pride bring?
- 3) What can you use to destroy your neighbor?
- 4) Can the righteous (believers) effect the well being of the city they live in?
- 5) Is it usually wiser to complain about your neighbor or to keep your mouth shut?
- 6) Will people who get wise counsel be MORE or LESS successful?
- 7) "A gracious woman attains _____, and violent men attain riches. The _____ man does himself good, but the cruel man does _____ harm."
- 8) How does God feel about those who are blameless in their walk (the way they live)?
- 9) What is a beautiful woman who lacks discretion compared to here? (choose one)
 - a) Like a day without sunshine.
 - b) Like a fish out of water.
 - c) Like a gold ring in a pigs snout.
- 10) What do you think this means?
- 11) "The _____ man will be prosperous, and he who waters will himself be _____."
- 12) "The fruit of the righteous is a tree of life, and he who is wise _____."

Chapter 12

- 1) Do you hate reproof (being corrected)?
- 2) What does this passage say about people who hate reproof?
- 3) Does the conduct of a wife have very much affect on her husband?
- 4) Does God want us to care about animals?
- 5) "An evil man is _____ (trapped) by the transgression of his _____."
- 6) Will lying eventually get you in to trouble?
- 7) The Scripture says that the person who always thinks he is right is a _____!
- 8) What do you think it means when it says some people "speak rashly like the thrust of a sword"?
- 9) "Lying lips are an _____ (something which causes disgust) to the LORD, but those who deal faithfully are His delight."
- 10) According to verses 17-21, does it matter when you tell a "little white" lie?
- 11) Is lying ever harmless?
- 12) After reading verse 23, do you think it's a good idea to be a "know-it-all"?
- 13) In what way might you be able to be a "guide" to your neighbor?

Proverbs #5

Chapter 13

- 1) Should you accept or reject discipline from your parents?
- 2) Does it sound like it's a good idea to have a big mouth according to verses 2 & 3?
- 3) "A righteous man _____ falsehood," Do you HATE falsehood?
- 4) "The one who despises the _____ will be in debt to it, but the one who _____ the commandment will be _____."
- 5) If you neglect discipline in your life, what two things will come to you?
 - a)
 - b)
- 6) What will help you to be wise?
- 7) What will make you suffer harm?
- 8) " _____ (trouble) pursues sinners, but the righteous will be rewarded with _____."
- 9) What does verse 24 mean?

Chapter 14

- 1) Is it a good idea to say bad things about your family to others?
- 2) "Where no oxen are, the manger is _____, but much increase comes by the strength of the ox."
- 3) What does this mean?
 - a) Oxen are dirty animals
 - b) When you're getting a lot of work done, expect sometimes to make a mess
- 4) Does everyone who "seeks wisdom" find it? Who doesn't?
- 5) If you are hanging around with fools, will it affect your understanding of things?
- 6) "Fools _____ at sin."
- 7) Do you think it's right to kid people about sin or laugh about sinful practices?
- 8) "There is a _____ which seems _____ to a man, but its end is the way of _____."
- 9) Do people often choose the wrong way to be saved or serve God?
- 10) "A wise man is cautious and _____ from evil, but a fool is arrogant and careless."
- 11) "In the fear of the LORD there is _____, and his children will have refuge. The fear of the LORD is a fountain of _____, that one may avoid the snares of _____."
- 12) A person with great understanding will be:
 - a) Angry when wronged
 - b) Slow to anger
 - c) Never angry
- 13) If you oppress poor people, who are you really reproaching?
- 14) What is one way to honor God (your maker)?

Chapter 15

- 1) "A _____ answer turns away wrath, but a _____ word stirs up anger."
- 2) What does this verse mean?
- 3) How can it help you as you relate to others?
- 4) Who is always watching?
- 5) "All the days of the afflicted are _____, but a cheerful heart has a continual _____."
- 6) Can you often choose whether or not you're going to have a bad day?
- 7) Which is better?
 - a) A little with the fear of the LORD or b) Lots of money with turmoil
 - a) A big steak with someone you don't like or b) A dinner of vegetables with those you love
- 8) What is one way to make your father glad?
- 9) If you do something illegal or unethical to get money, how will it affect you?
- 10) What comes before honor?
- 11) Do you think humility or being humbled is pleasant?

Proverbs #6

Chapter 16

- 1) Do people always know their own motives for doing things? Who does?
- 2) What is the best way to have your plans be established?
- 3) "When a man's ways are _____ to the LORD, He makes even his _____ to be at _____ with him."
- 4) "A _____ balance and scales belong to the LORD; all the weights of the bag are His concern."
- 5) Does God care if we are fair in our business practices and our lives?
- 6) What does God call it when a ruler commits wickedness?
- 7) Where does the road of the upright lead?
- 8) "_____ goes before destruction, and a haughty spirit before _____."
- 9) "He who gives _____ shall find good, and blessed is he who trusts in the LORD."
- 10) Is it possible to have control over the things you say?
- 11) In light of verse 26, why do you think the New Testament says in II Thessalonians 3:10, "If anyone will not work, neither let him eat."?

Chapter 17

- 1) If you make fun of the poor what are you really doing?
- 2) What does it cause when you repeat gossip?
- 3) Which one is safer to be around?
 - a) A bear who just had her cubs taken away
 - b) A fool in his folly
- 4) "The beginning of strife is like letting out water, so abandon the quarrel _____ it breaks out."
- 5) What does the above verse mean?
- 6) What happens if you leave a little hole in a dam or a levee?
- 7) "A friend loves at _____ times, and a _____ is born for adversity."
- 8) What does it show when you pledge (or co-sign) for other people's debts?
- 9) What do we know can make a person be more healthy?
- 10) What can hurt your health?
- 11) What is one great advantage of keeping your mouth shut?

Chapter 18

- 1) If you always like to "speak your mind", what does that say about you?
- 2) Do you think the courts in our country are doing a good job according to verse 5?
- 3) What does verse 9 mean?
- 4) "The name of the LORD is a strong _____; the righteous _____ into it and is _____."
- 5) Why did people used to go into towers? a) For rest b) For protection c) For the scenic view
- 6) What comes before honor?
- 7) What should you do before you answer someone?
- 8) "The first to plead his case seems just, until another comes and examines him." What does this verse mean?
- 9) What 2 things do you find when you find a wife?
 - a)
 - b)
- 10) Who is one friend that sticks closer than a brother?
- 11) Do you have any other friends who could be described like that?

Proverbs #7

Chapter 19

- 1) "Better is a _____ man who walks in his _____ Than he who is perverse in speech and is a fool."
- 2) Do people treat you differently when you have money?
- 3) Can you ever completely get away with lying?
- 4) If you don't get caught by your parents, boss, friends, etc. when you lie, then who must punish you if He is true to His Word?
- 5) "A man's _____ makes him slow to anger, and it is his glory to _____ a transgression."
- 6) What does it mean when it says, "It's a man's glory to overlook a transgression" ?
- 7) Do you ever overlook transgressions that are made against you, or do you always want to pay people back and get revenge?
- 8) When you give money to a poor person, who are you really giving it to?
- 9) What does God say is specifically desirable in a man?
- 10) Is it ever acceptable to God to fight with your parents?
- 11) What happens when you stop listening to instruction (parents, spiritual leaders, etc.)?

Chapter 20

- 1) Is it wise to be under the influence (intoxicated) by alcohol or drugs?
- 2) "Keeping away from strife is an _____ for a man, but any _____ will quarrel."
- 3) What is one way to make sure your sons are blessed?
- 4) What do you think the answer to this question is? Who can say, "I have cleansed my heart, I am pure from my sin"?
- 5) What do you think the meaning of verse 10 is? (choose one)
 - a) God doesn't want you to lie about your weight
 - b) God wants you to be honest in your business dealings
 - c) God wants people to be precise
- 6) As a young person, how can you distinguish yourself?
- 7) When buying or selling a used car, always think of this verse: "'Bad, bad,' says the _____; but when he goes his way, then he _____."
- 8) What are we not to say?
- 9) "The spirit of man is the lamp of the LORD, _____ all the innermost parts of his being"
- 10) Who knows your innermost thoughts?

Chapter 21

- 1) Is it possible for people to be totally objective about what they are doing, or do they think they know what's right?
- 2) Which would God prefer?
 - a) That we confess our sin and ask for forgiveness when we do wrong
 - b) That we do the right thing in the first place
- 3) Is it hard to live in the same house with a contentious woman?
- 4) What should you do when you hear of the needs of the poor if you expect God to hear your prayers?
- 5) What may happen to you if you love pleasure?
- 6) "He who _____ righteousness and loyalty finds life, _____ and honor."
- 7) Why is it that maybe we aren't finding righteousness?
- 8) What do you think verse 31 means?

Proverbs #8

Chapter 22

- 1) Which is better? a) Being rich b) Having a good reputation
- 2) What do poor people have in common with rich people?
- 3) “_____ up a child in the way he should go, even when he is _____ he will not _____ from it.”
- 4) Can you become enslaved to your debts if you are not careful about borrowing money?
- 5) Does God want us to give to help the poor?
- 6) What does verse 13 mean?
- 7) Does verse 15 indicate that spanking will damage a child’s psyche?
- 8) What is the best way to keep God’s words “within you” and “ready on your lips”?
- 9) Why shouldn’t you hang around with someone who gets angry a lot?
- 10) Should you consider how often people get angry when deciding to date them?

Chapter 23

- 1) Should you spend much time thinking about how to get rich?
- 2) What’s the problem with wealth?
- 3) Who is “the Redeemer” of the fatherless (orphans)?
- 4) “Do not _____ discipline from the child, although you _____ him with the _____, he will not die.”
- 5) “Do not let your heart _____ sinners, but live in the fear of the LORD always. Surely there is a _____, and your hope will not be cut off.”
- 6) What does God think about overdrinking and overeating?
- 7) Who do you think is speaking in verse 26?
- 8) “Give me your _____, my son, and let your eyes delight in _____ ways.”
- 9) Does the presence of prostitutes in a community increase the amount of men who are unfaithful in their marriages?
- 10) What are six side affects from drinking alcohol?
 - a)
 - b)
 - c)
 - d)
 - e)
 - f)
- 11) Do you feel the pain when you are fighting when drunk?

Chapter 24

- 1) How do you build and establish a house (family)?
- 2) What is one of the best ways to gain success (victory)?
- 3) Are you really strong if you fall apart when things get tough?
- 4) What do you think verses 11 & 12 mean?
- 5) Do righteous people ever fall?
- 6) What do they do when they fall?
- 7) Should you be happy when a coworker gets in trouble or when someone you don’t like at school has problems?
- 8) “Do not say, ‘Thus I shall _____ as he has _____; I will render to the man according to his work.’”
- 9) How is this different from Jesus’ golden rule in Luke 6:31?
- 10) If “the field” is like a person’s life, what do you think verses 30 to 34 mean?

Proverbs #9

Chapter 25

- 1) Who collected and published these proverbs of Solomon?
- 2) Should you try to get personal recognition from important people?
- 3) Which verse tells you that it's important to think before you speak?
- 4) What picturesque description does God give of what it is like when you say just the right thing at the right time?
 - a) It's like a beam of sunshine
 - b) It's like a breath of fresh air
 - c) It's like apples of gold in settings of silver
- 5) Is it possible to get too much of a good thing?
- 6) Is it a good idea to spend a lot of time at someone else's house?
- 7) "Like a _____ tooth and an unsteady _____ is confidence in a _____ man in time of trouble."
- 8) Good news from a distant land is just like what?
- 9) What do you think verse 26 means?

- 10) Trying to find out all the good things that people say about you is like eating too much "_____." It tastes good, but too much will make you sick.

Chapter 26

- 1) According to verses 4 & 5, does it sound like you can ever win an argument with a fool?
- 2) Do proverbs like this do you any good if you are a fool? They are actually compared to the legs of the _____.
- 3) If you are running a business, what verse tells you to be careful about who you hire?
- 4) What does God say it's like when pry or meddle in other people's business?
- 5) "Like a madman who throws Firebrands, arrows and death, so is the man who _____ his neighbor, and says, 'Was I not _____?'"
- 6) Have you ever deceived or lied to someone and then said you were kidding or joking?
- 7) "For lack of wood the _____ goes out, and where there is no _____ (person who gossips), contention quiets down. Like charcoal to hot embers and wood to fire, so is a contentious man to kindle _____. The words of a whisperer are like dainty morsels, and they go down into the innermost parts of the body."
- 8) Does gossip cause damage to relationships? Can it be stopped? Do people often enjoy hearing dirty little secrets about people? Should a believer be any part of that conversation?
- 9) What magazines or television shows can you name that are built around people's desire to know little secrets about people?
- 10) Do you think reading these things and watching these shows is a good use of our time?
- 11) When someone flatters you, you should remember that flattery brings _____!

Chapter 27

- 1) Should you ever brag about what you will do in the future? If not, why not?
- 2) Who should you never be praised by?
- 3) What is a stronger emotion than wrath and anger?
- 4) What do you think it means when it says, the wounds of a friend are faithful?
- 5) "He who blesses his friend with a _____ voice early in the _____, it will be reckoned a _____ to him."
- 6) "Iron sharpens iron, so one man _____ another."
- 7) What do you think this means and how do you think it works?

- 8) "As in water face reflects face, so the heart of man reflects man." If your thoughts are evil, what does that mean?

Proverbs #10

Chapter 28

- 1) Why do people sometimes run when they see a police officer?
- 2) Looking at verse 4, what is one way you can tell that our country is forsaking the law?
- 3) If you don't listen to the law, how does it affect you?
- 4) "He who _____ his transgressions will not prosper, but he who _____ and _____ them will find compassion."
- 5) What do you think verse 19 means for today?
- 6) Should you always tell people what they want to hear?
- 7) Do you think it is a good idea to "just trust your heart," when making decisions?
- 8) "He who gives to the poor will never _____, but he who _____ his eyes will have many curses."

Chapter 29

- 1) "When the righteous increase, the people _____, but when a wicked man rules, people _____."
- 2) Have you been groaning as you have seen some things the government is doing?
- 3) "The righteous is concerned for the _____ of the _____, the wicked does not understand such _____."
- 4) Are you concerned for the rights of the poor?
- 5) When a fool gets in an argument with a wise man what are the two things he will do ?
 - a)
 - b)
- 6) What does it say about you if you are always losing your temper?
- 7) According to verse 12, do character and lying make a difference in leaders?
- 8) How does a child who is left to his own make his mother feel?
- 9) "An _____ man stirs up _____, and a hot-tempered man abounds in transgression. A man's _____ will bring him low, but a humble spirit will obtain _____."
- 10) What does verse 25 say about peer pressure?
- 11) Are you afraid of what people think about you?
- 12) Where is the only place to get real justice?

Proverbs #11

Chapter 30

- 1) Whose words did God use in Proverbs chapter 30?
- 2) Who do you think it is referring to here when, speaking of God, it says, "What is His Son's name"?
- 3) How many of God's words are tested?
- 4) What two things did Agur ask of God?
 - a)
 - b)
- 5) "The leech has two daughters," Name them. _____
- 6) What are the 4 things that will not say enough?
 - a)
 - b)
 - c)
 - d)
- 7) There are four small, but wise, creatures. Name them and state why they are considered wise!
 - a)
 - b)
 - c)
 - d)
- 8) What does the churning (stirring up) of anger produce?

Chapter 31

- 1) Who taught King Lemuel the words of Proverbs 31?
- 2) "An _____ wife, who can find? For her worth is far above _____."
- 3) What 2 phrases in verses 15 and 18 let you know that being an excellent wife can involve hard work and long hours?
 - Vs. 15
 - Vs. 18
- 4) What kind of financial transaction might she be involved in?
- 5) "She extends her hand to _____ and she stretches out her hands to _____."
- 6) "_____ and _____ are her clothing, and she _____ at the future."
- 7) What kind of teaching does she share?
- 8) According to verse 27, what does she concentrate on?
- 9) What will her children say about her?
- 10) What will her husband say about her?
- 11) Draw lines to finish these phrases:

Charm	shall be praised
Woman who fears the Lord	is vain
Beauty	is deceitful
- 12) How did you like going through the Proverbs?

The Virtuous Woman

Proverbs 31:10-31

“An excellent wife, who can find? For her _____ is far above jewels.
The heart of her husband _____ in her, and he will have no lack of gain.
She does him _____ and not _____ all the days of her life.
She looks for wool and flax, and works with her _____ in _____.
She is like merchant ships; she brings her food from afar.
She rises also while it is _____, and gives food to her household, and portions to her maidens.
She considers a field and _____ it; from _____ earnings she plants a vineyard.
She girds herself with _____, and makes her arms strong.
She _____ that her gain is good; her lamp does not go out at _____.
She stretches out her hands to the distaff, and her hands grasp the spindle.
She extends her hand to the _____; and she stretches out her hands to the _____.
She is not afraid of the snow for her household, for all her household are clothed with scarlet.
She makes coverings for herself; her clothing is fine linen and purple.
Her husband is _____ in the _____, when he sits among the elders of the land.
She makes linen garments and sells them, and supplies belts to the tradesmen.
Strength and dignity are her clothing, and she _____ at the _____.
She opens her mouth in _____, and the teaching of _____ is on her tongue.
She looks well to the ways of her household, and does not eat the bread of _____.
Her children _____ and bless her; her husband also, and he praises her, saying:
‘Many daughters have done nobly, but you _____.’
Charm is _____ and _____ is vain, but a woman who _____,
she shall be praised.
Give her the product of her hands, and let her works _____ in the gates.”
(NAS)

- 1) How can you find an excellent wife if it's so difficult? (Hint-see Proverbs 19:14)
- 2) Can a husband trust an excellent wife? Does an excellent wife tear down her husband to others?
- 3) Does an excellent wife work long hours?
- 4) Can she be trusted to handle the family finances well?
- 5) How does an excellent wife take care of herself physically?
- 6) Who else does she think about taking care of besides her family?
- 7) Is clothing her family properly very important to her?
- 8) What attribute would characterize her teaching?
- 9) What do you think it means to “eat the bread of idleness”?
- 10) When will her children bless her?
- 11) How does her husband think she compares to other women?
- 12) Match the following:

Beauty	Shall be praised
Charm	Vain
Woman who fears the Lord	Deceitful
- 14) Which one of those items is most likely to be praised in our society?
- 15) Does the last verse seem to indicate that people will eventually see who the excellent woman is, or will it remain hidden until the last day?
- 16) Should women try to live up to this standard?
- 17) Do you think most women take this seriously? Do you?
- 18) Should men look for these qualities when looking for a potential wife?
- 19) Do men usually put more emphasis on these qualities, or do they put it on beauty and charm?
- 20) If you are a man, which quality is more important to you?